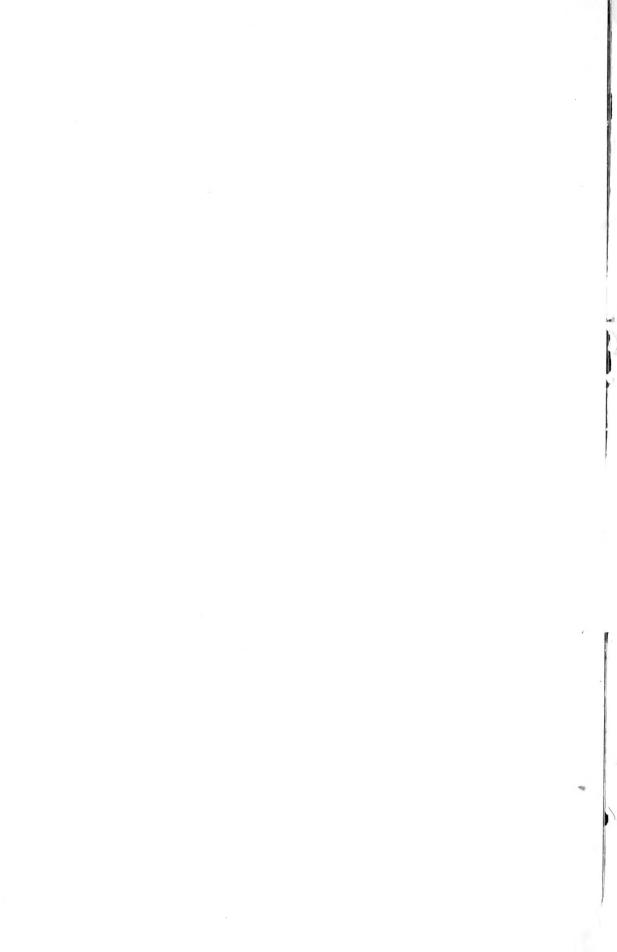
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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



62.13 OdWEIII ATALOGUE OF SEEDS, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. FARM SUPPLIES. 1904

1082 and 1084 MAIN ST., HARTFORD, CONN.

.. Good Crops ..

The farmer who is farming for profit will increase his profits if he uses the



Essex Fertilizers



They have been thoroughly tested in competition with the very best of other . . . brands and have clearly proved their . . .

We make this claim with confidence, and leading farmers in Connecticut confirm it.

BRANDS: Essex Dry Ground Fish. Essex AI Superphosphate. Essex XXX Fish and Potash. Essex Market Garden and Potato Manure. Essex Corn Fertilizer. Essex Complete Manure for Potatoes, Roots and Vegetables. Essex Complete Manure for Corn, Grain and Grass. Essex Tobacco Starter. Essex Special Tobacco Manure. Essex Odorless Lawn Dressing.

The Essex Tobacco Starter

and Special Tobacco Manure are highly endorsed by the largest and most successful Tobacco growers in the Connecticut Valley.

We carry a full line of the Essex goods in stock, and can thoroughly recommend them.

Send for a free copy of Farmers Memorandum book and Essex Catalogue giving guaranteed analysis of Essex Fertilizer and other valuable information.

E. B. KIBBE, Gen. Sales Agent. P. O. Box, 752, Hartford.
Telephone Connection.

Cadwell & Jones

CADWELL & JONES' ORDER SHEET.

1082 and 1084 Main Street, Hartford, Conn.

Seeds, Implements, Farm and Poultry Supplies.

	Date, 190	1904. Enclosed find
Name,		Money order, \$
Post Office,		Draft, \$
Express Office,		Cash, \$
County,	State,	Stamps, \$
How to be sent	(Please state on this line whether you wish the articles ordered sent by mail, express or freight.)	Please forward the following.

Please bear in mind that if PEAS, BEANS, CORN, ONION SETS, GRASS SEED and GRAIN are to be sent by mail it will require 15 cents per quart, or 8 cents per pint extra to cover Postage.

QUANTITY. VARIETIES. Price, \$ Cts. QUANTITY. VARIETIES. \$	Price,
\$ Cts. \$	Cts.
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	1



adwell & Jones

and Price - List Seeds, Agricultural Implements and Annual Catalogue

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HOW TO SEND MONEY BY MAIL.

Express Money Orders can be obtained at the office of any of the large express companies in the country.

Money Orders can be obtained at the post offices of most of the large towns.

Bank Drafts. We can use a check or draft upon any bank if it is made payable to the order of Cadwell & Jones.

Registered Letters. If you cannot get an Express or Post-Office Order, or a Bank Draft, send the money in a Registered Letter.

At Our Expense. On orders amounting to more than One Dollar the cost of Money Order, Express Order or Registered Letter may be deducted from amount of bill. Small orders not exceeding One Dollar may be sent in stamps at our risk.

SEEDS BY MAIL, FREE OF POSTAGE.

We will send all seeds free of postage, at Catalogue prices, whether in packets, ounces, or by the pound, excepting Peas, Beans, Corn, Onion Sets, Grain and Grass Seeds, which, owing to their greater weight and bulk, necessitate an extra charge of 15 cents per quart or 8 cents per pint to cover extra postage.

NAME AND ADDRESS. We earnestly request our correspondents to be particular to rive their name, post-office address, county and state, in full, distinctly written.

SHIPPING DIRECTIONS. We particularly request our patrons to give shipping directions. Where no particular mode of transportation is designated we shall exercise our best judgment, and forward by express, freight or mail, as may seem to us most advisable.

TESTED SEEDS. All seeds sold by us are thoroughly tested as to germinating quality; all are put up for our trade by our own employees under the careful supervision of experienced managers. We believe our seed-stocks are the best to be found, and that our prices are as low as is consistent with first quality.

MARKET-GARDENERS who require a considerable quantity of seeds, by the pound

or bushel, will be given special prices.

PLEASE REMEMBER, we do not attempt to sell the cheapest seeds, only the best, which are always "the cheapest."

EXTRA SEEDS FREE.—Read Carefully.

For One Dollar, seeds in packets and ounces may be selected to the value of \$1.25; for two dollars, to the value of \$2.50, and so on. This does not apply to quarterpounds, pounds, pints, quarts, pecks or bushels, only to seeds in packets and ounces.

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO

CADWELL & JONES, Hartford, Conn.

Under this head we offer and call attention to such of the newer varieties as have proved to be of merit and real acquisitions to their kind also to such varieties sa are specialties with us.

Golden Carmine Podded Horti= cultural Pole Bean

A New Strain of Horticultural Pole of STERLING MERIT.

Excels in Earliness, Quality, Handsome Appearance and Productiveness.

In this new strain we have a wonderfully robust grower, a week to ten days earlier then Mammoth Horticultural Pole. In comparison, the pods are equally as large, stringless, bright golden color when very young. As the pods approach full size, they are mottled and streaked with an unusually bright carmine colo on the bright golden, which gives the pods (when ready for market) a strikingly beautiful and attractive appearance. This, together with its productiveness, will make it the most desirable strain of this well known and popular bean. One-half Pt. 15 cts., pt. 30 cts., qt. 50 cts., 4 qts. \$1.50.

VGiant Green Pod Stringless Valentine Bean.

This distinct new cross-bred variety is one possessing all the merits of the old Round Pod Valentine, which is one of its parents, and having, in additions, the following points, which enhance its value:

It is ready for market with a more prolific crop of pods a week earlier; the pods are one-third larger, averaging five to six inches in length; they are always absolutely stringless, round, full and fleshy; it is more prolific and surpasses others in crispness and flavor.

It is the best Dwarf Green Podded Snap Short ever offered, and is pronounced a wonder wherever it has been tried. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., 4 qts. 75 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$5.00.

Dreer's "Wonder" Bush Lima Bean. The Earliest of all Bush Limas.

This is an improvement on the Burpee's Bush Lima and without doubt the best of its class and a decided acquisition. The plants grow dwarf upright and compact without the least sign of a runner and are completely covered with large pods, many of which contain four beans, which are fully as large as the large Pole Limas. It is the earliest of all Bush Limas, much earlier than the original type. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 30 cts., 4 qts. \$1.00, pk. \$1.75, bus. \$7.00.

Seibert's Early Lima Pole Bean. The Earliest True Lima.

The vine is so productive that although the pods rarely contains more than four beans the yield is enormous and is produced from the very first to the last of the season.

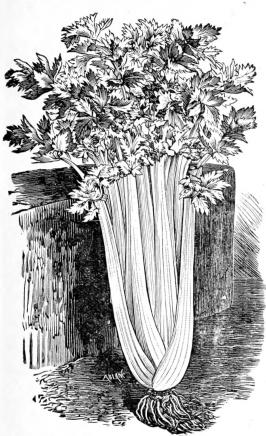
The green shelled beans are of immense size but so tender and succulent that they shrink in drying to about the size of the Large White Lima. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., 4 qts. 85 cts., pk. \$1.60, bus. \$6.00.



PARIS GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING CELERY

Grown in France by the Originator.

True to Name.



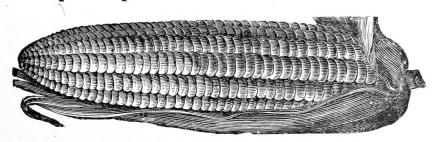
Par's Golden Self-Blanching Celery.

Our seed of this now famous variety of celery we procure direct from the originator in France and is proven seed that is, it is the crop 1902 of good vitality and proven the past season, to be practically free from sports and pithy stalks. We can also supply crop of 1903 from the same source, but recommend and shall fill orders from proven seed unless otherwise ordered.

We each year secure our seed direct from the introducers, and our customers are never disappointed with poor crops or poor Celery. If you have not been having good success with Celery, give us a trial order for this sort.

Of beautiful appearance, close habit, compact growth and straight, vigorous stalks. The ribs are perfectly solid, crisp, and of a delicious flavor, while the variety has the decided merit of being self-blanching to a very remarkable degree. The heart is large, solid and of a beautiful rich golden yellow color. The leaves, also, are this same rich color after the plant has been bleached. Every year's experience with this grand variety strengthens its reputation and increases the grand variety demand, until now it is more largely found in the Hartford markets then all other sorts together. It is the best for early use, and compares well with the best for any season, having the crisp, tender texture and nut-like flavor rarely found in the late sorts. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., \(\frac{1}{4} \) lb. \(\\$ 1.00, \) lb. \(\\$ 3.50. \)

METROPOLITAN SWEET CORN.



For so early a variety this Corn has a splendid large ear uniformity about 9 inches long, 10 or 12 rowed will filled to the tip with large deep kernels deliciously sweet and tender in fact possessing that richness found usually only in the later sorts while it follows closely the Early Cory.

The stalks grow about 5½ feet, very strong and particularly free from "Smut." Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., 4 qts. 90 cts., peck \$1.75, bus. \$7.00.

Hartford Bronzed Head Lettuce.

Always
Sweet

and
Crisp.

Never

Tough.

Hartford Bronzed Head Lettuce.

The Hartford Bronzed-Head is different and distinct from any other sort. It forms large, compact heads of a beautiful, dark bronze-red color, shading to a dark green toward the root. Cut in halves, the heart is a rich cream yellow. The leaves are thick, and have the appearance of being blistered or crimped; they are also very glossy, as though covered with a thin coating of salad oil. Its mild, sweet flavor and icy crispness makes it a favorite with all lovers of good Lettuce. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ½ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.60.

Trianon Self Closing Cos-Lettuce.

"Salid Romaine."

This is the finest sort of all the Cos-Lettuces which are distinct in growth forming long pointed compact bunches and are esteemed during the hot weather for their fresh crispness and mild flavor. It grows to a large size the interior of which is well blanched.

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4 lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1.25.

"Kleckley Sweets" Watermelon.

The Very "Sweetest of All" Large Watermelons.

While the skin of this splendid variety is too tender to admit of fruits being shipped any distance to market, it is the finest in quality of all watermelons and most desirable to plant for home use or nearby markets. Fruits are of large size, oblong in form, with dark green skin, very thin rind, which is quite brittle, splitting ahead of the knife when a fully ripe melon is cut. Flesh bright scarlet with broad, solid heart; the white seeds are placed close to the rind. Flesh most crisp, sugary, and melting in the highest degree; entirely free from any stringiness.

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 80 cts.

Earliest White Olive Shaped Radish.

This is not only the earliest White Radish, but the earliest of any color, good sized Radishes having been pulled in from 15 to 18 days after sowing. The Radishes are pure white, oblong, crisp and tender. The tops are small, which renders them suitable for forcing and admits of close planting. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½ lb. 20 cts., lb. 65 cts.

The Gradus Pea. Also called "PROSPERITY."

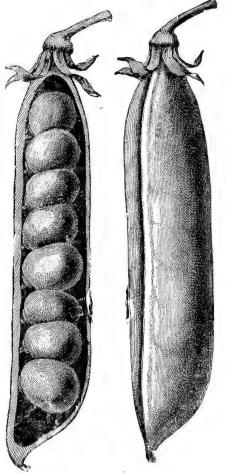
In the short space of time since this Pea was first introduced the fact it is now so well known to every planter in the country and in demand far beyond the supply at prices double that of other extra early varieties, is a sufficient testimonial of its merit.

It is a wrinkled variety with pods as large as the Telephone, produced in great abundance, filled with from 7 to 9 large, handsome, luscious, sweet Peas, of a light green color, and only a few days later than the round, smooth Extra Early sorts. The vines grow three feet in height with heavy stems and large, light green leaves. Hardy, productive, pods 4 to 4½ inches long, filled with tender Peas, rich in flavor, with all the good qualities of the later marrow sorts, yet only a few days later than the East Hartford, is what we have in the "GRADUS."

Pint 20 cts., quart 40 cts., 4 quarts \$1.50, peck \$2.75 Bushel \$10.00.

Thomas Laxton Pea.

This new Pea offered for the first time last year, in growth is identical with the Gradus, from which it originated by crossing with a seedling of the Extra Early type, except the foliage and peas of the Thomas Laxton are a much darker green than its parent. It is claimed by Mr. Laxton to be as early as the Gradus, but in last season's trials it proved in most tests to be two or three days later, but superior in productiveness, hardiness, size of pod and quality, it is justly described as the finest and most remarkable sort yet introduced.



New Pea "Gradus."

Price: Pint, 20 cts., quart 40 cts., 4 quarts \$1.50, peck, \$2.75, bushel, \$10.00.



A pea with all the merits of the well-known and reliable Champion of England, being hardy and excellent quality, but less vine, larger pods and more of them.

In this pea we have a hardy, robust and vigorous grower, productive of handsome dark green pods of good size and in great abundance, and the quality is unsurpassed.

Height of vine about 26 inches.

Season, coming in after the Premium Gem.

For a reliable staple market variety we believe it will fill a long needed want.

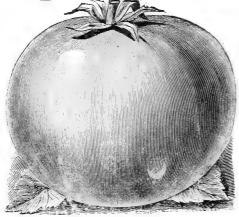
The crop of this pea the past few seasons has been extra good (while on most other kinds the yields have been light.)

Do not fail to give them a trial for their merit is sure to place them in the list of the standard varieties. We prophesy it will be very popular with the market-gardeners as well as in the kitchen garden.

Price: Pint 15 cts., quart 25 cts., 4 qts. 80 cts., peck \$1.50, bus. \$5.50.



Sparks Earliana Tomato.



The Earliest Large Tomato in the World.

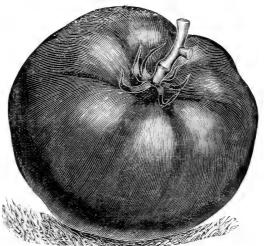
This tomato is not only remarkable for its earliness but for its very large, uniform size, handsome shape, beautiful bright red color, and wonderful productiveness. The plants are quite hardy with rather slender open branches and moderate growth well set with fruits, nearly all of which ripen extremely early in the season. The tomatoes are smooth and solid, quite thick through and free from rough ribs and cracks. The flesh is deep red with solid center and small seed cavities. Our seed is true to name, direct from the "introducer."

Pkt. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts, oz. 60 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

Livingston's Tomato.

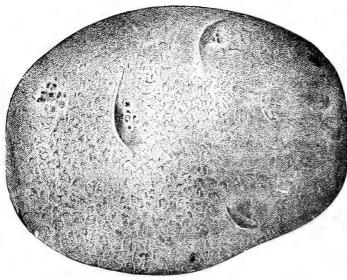
This is another splendid new variety from Livingston, it resembles the Dwarf Champion in vine but more erect and of stronger growth, with fruit double the size, yet equally as early. In color and shape it resembles the Livingston's Stone and what is more remarkable for an erect sort it is practically the same size. It ripens evenly, is free from cracks about the stem. The flesh is firm and solid it is also very prolific. The strong upright habit of growth permits of close planting.

Pkt. 10 cts., ½ oz. 30 cts., oz. 50 cts., ¼ lb. \$1.50.



Maine Seed Potatoes.

Grown on the newly cleared lands of the cold, northeast in Aroostook Co., Maine.



The farther north seed potatoes can be grown the earlier, surer, sounder and larger the crop. Our potatoes are grown as near the north pole as first quality seed can be produced. They come up quickly and grow right along, strong and vigorous vines and broad leaves. Every precaution has been taken in selecting seed stock, planting, cultivating, harvesting and storing. The greatest care is also used that there shall be no mixing of varieties every sort being Warranted true to name.

Caution. — Do not be misled by cheaper seed put into barrels and branded to suit, by commission dealers who have no reputation to sustain as seedsmen. The attempt to save a few cents a bushel or barrel in this way is the very poorest economy.

Buyers of Large Quantities are requested to write Us for Prices.

For list of varieties see page 29.

Lawn Grass Seed.



O PREPARE A GOOD LAWN, one of the most important requisites is lawn seed of the proper kind and use plenty of it. A fine and beautiful lawn cannot be produced with ordinary hayseed.

WHEN TO SOW. It may be planted early in Spring or Fall, and should be sown at the rate of three or four bushels to the acre. If sown in the Spring, sow as early as possible, making the surface very fine and smooth, then raking it over, sow the seed. Cover by rolling with a light roller. If sown in the Fall, sow before the autumn rains have ceased. One quart of this mixture is sufficient to sow a space sixteen feet square.

Capital City Lawn Grass.

This is a choice and carefully selected mixture of fancy grasses, selected especially to make a beautiful and perfect lawn and, being composed of a great variety of fine natural grasses, is calculated to constantly present throughout the entire season a beautiful and velvet-like carpet of emerald green. This effect can only be produced by using certain grasses and in due proportions. Our Capital City Lawn Grass will give perfect satisfaction, and will not only produce a fine sod and effect under the most favorable situations, but also in shady spots and under trees will give astonishing satisfaction, producing a velvety green turf in a remarkably short time.

Per quart, 20 cents; 2 quarts, 35 cents; 4 quarts, 60 cents; peck, \$1,00; per bushel, 20 pounds, \$4.00.

English Lawn Grass.

Is composed of fine grasses but less expensive than those used in our Capital City Lawn Grass, and will give excellent results.

Per quart, 20 cents; 2 quarts, 35 cents; 4 quarts, 50 cents; peck, 75 cents; bushel, \$3.00.

USEFUL TABLES.

QUANTITY OF SEED USUALLY SOWN PER ACRE.

Barley, broadcast,	2 to 3 bus.	Grass, Mixed Lawn,	3 bus.
Beans, dwarf, in drills,	11/2 bus.	Melon, Musk, in hills,	2 to 3 lbs.
Beans, pole, in hills,	20 to 30 qts.	Melon, Water, in hills,	4 to 5 lbs.
Beets, in drills,	5 to 6 lbs.	Millet, Common, broadcast,	1 bus.
Buckwheat,	1 bus.	Oats, broadcast,	2 to 3 bus.
Cabbage, in beds to transplant,	6 oz.	Onion, in drills,	4 to 5 lbs.
Carrot, in drills,	3 to 4 lbs.	Onions, for set, in drills,	3 0 lbs.
Clover, red, alone,	15 to 20 lbs.	Onion Sets, in drills,	6 to 12 bus.
Clover, white, alone,	12 to 15 lbs.	Parsnips, in drills,	5 to 6 lbs.
Clover, Alsike, alone,	8 to 10 lbs.	Peas, in drills,	1½ bus.
Clover, Lucerne, or Alfalfa,	20 lbs.	Peas, broadcast,	3 bus.
Corn in hills,	8 to 10 qts.	Potato (cut tubers)	10 bus.
Corn, for soiling,	3 bus.	Pumpkin, in hills,	4 to 6 lbs.
Cucumber, in hills,	2 lbs.	Radish, in drills,	8 to 10 lbs.
Grass, Kentucky Blue,	30 lbs.	Rye, broadcast,	1 to 1½ bus.
Grass, Orchard,	3 bus.	Spinach, in drills,	8 to 12 lbs.
Grass, Engli-h Rye,	2 bus.	Squash (bush varieties)	4 to 6 lbs.
Grass, Fowl Meadow,	2 bus.	Squash (running varieties)	4 to 6 lbs.
Grass, Red Top, in chaff,	3 bus.	Tomato, to transplant,	¼ lb.
Grass, Red Top, ex-cleaned,	10 to 12 lbs.	Turnip, in drills,	1 lb.
Grass, Timothy,	½ bus.	Turnip, broadcast,	1 lb.
Grass, Hungarian,	1 bus.	Wheat, broadcast.	2 bus.

QUANTITY OF SEED REQUIRED FOR A GIVEN NUMBER OF PLANTS, NUMBER OF HILLS, OR LENGTH OF DRILLS.

Asparagus, 1 oz. to 40 ft. of drill Beet, 1 oz. to 50 ft. of drill Beans, dwarf. 1 qt. to 100 ft. of drill Beans, pole, 1 qt. to 100 ft. of drill Carrot, 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill Cabbage, 1 oz. to 2,000 plants Cauliflower, 1 oz. to 2,000 plants Celery, 1 oz. to 4 000 plants Cucumber, 1 oz. to 50 hills Corn, 1 qt. to 200 hills Dandelion, 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill Egg plant, 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill Leek, 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill Leek, 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill Lettuce, 1 oz. to 3,000 plants Melon, Water, 1 oz. to 15 hills	Melon, Musk, Okra, Onion, Onion Sets, small, Parsley. Parsnips, Peas, Pepper, Pumpkin, Radish, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Early, Squash, Running, Tomato, Turnip,	1 oz. to 80 hills 1 oz. to 40 ft. of drill 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill 1 oz. to 150 ft. of drill 1 oz. to 200 ft. of drill 1 oz. to 200 ft. of drill 1 oz. to 2,000 plants 1 oz. to 15 hills 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill 1 oz. to 40 hills 1 oz. to 1,200 plants 1 oz. to 1,200 plants
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WEIGHTS OF GRASS AND FIELD SEEDS.

Timothy,	per bus., 45 lbs.	Millet,	per bus	50 lbs.
Clover, Red,	" 60 lbs.	Orchard Grass,		14 lbs.
Clover, White,	" 60 lbs.	Buckwheat,	× 6	48 lbs.
Clover, Alsike,	" 60 lbs.	Barley,	6.6	48 lbs.
Clover, Alfalfa,	" 60 lbs.	Oats,	4.6	30 lbs.
Red Top	per sack, 50 lbs.	Rye,	66	56 lbs.
Red Top,	per bus., 10 lbs.	Wheat,	44	60 lbs.
Red Top, Fancy,	" 36 lbs.	Beans, White,	46	60 lbs.
Blue Grass,	" 14 lbs.	Beans, Red Kidney,	6.6	58 lbs.
Blue Grass, Fancy,	" 24 lbs.	Corn, Field,	6.6	56 lbs.
Fowl Meadow,	" 11 lbs.	Peas, Canada Field,	66	60 lbs.
Hungarian,	" 48 lbs.	Peas, Green Wrinkled,	66	56 lbs.

Descriptive Catalogue and Price List of

Select Vegetable, Flower SEEDS.
... and Farm SEEDS.

WE PREPAY POSTAGE.

At prices herein quoted we prepay postage on ALL SEEDS by the packet, ounce and pound, except which will require 15 cts per quart

GRASS SEEDS, ONION SETS, CORN, PEAS and BEANS, which will require 15 cts. per quart, 8 cts. per pint, extra, if ordered to be sent by mail.

We have as near as possible arranged the different varieties of each sort according to their season, that is the extra early kinds first, medium early next and so on.

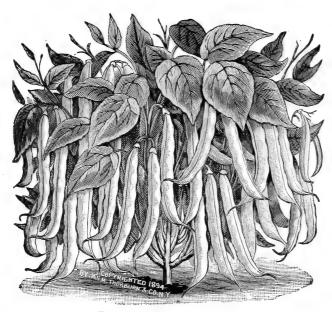
ASPARAGUS.



Asparagus can be grown from seed or propagated from roots. Sow the seed in April or May on good soil in drills twelve to fourteen inches apart. When one or two years old transplant as early in the spring as the ground can be worked into permanent beds, made very rich and thoroughly trenched two feet or more in depth. Set the plants in rows two feet apart and twelve inches between the plants in the row. Care should be taken that the roots are well spread and set at a depth of six inches below the level of the bed. Cover only two or three inches and fill in gradually as the plants grow. Very little, if any, should be cut the first year after transplanting, but a fair crop can be cut the second year. Every fall after the tops have been cut down, apply a dressing of coarse manure, and in the spring fork it in. An occasional top dressing of salt is also beneficial, and keeps down the weeds.

	One	ounce	of seed s	sows fo	rty fe	et of dr	ill.		Pkt.	Oz.	₩ lb.	Lb.
Donald's Elmira. St	al k s a brigh	t green	color, o	of man	moth	size, t	ender	and		.10	-	.75
Palmetto. Very early the best quality,	y. Large yi	elder. C	color, a	desiral	ole lig	tht gree	en and	l of		.10		.50
the dest quanty,			ARA(D0	OTS	•	•				
/		ASP	AKA	103	KO	013				ndred.	Tho	usand.
Dønald's Elmira,										.65		\$5.50
Palmetto, .							•			.60		5.00
	BRU	SSF	ELS	S	PF	ROL	JTS					

Sow in seed beds in May, transplant two feet apart and cultivate like the cabbage. The leaves should be broken down in the Fall to give the little cabbages room to grow.



Thorburn Valentine Wax Bean.

BEANS. DWARF OR BUSH.

Being extremely tender, it is useless to plant beans before the first or middle of May, or before the ground has become light and warm. The best soil for Beans is a light well-drained loam which was manured for a previous crop. Plant in drills eighteen inches to three feet apart, according to the richness of the soil, the poorer the soil the nearer together. Sow the beans two or three inches apart in the rows and cover about one inch. Hoe frequently, and only when dry, as earth scattered on the vines when wet, rusts and injures the crop. For succession, plant at intervals until the first of August.

One quart will plant one hundred feet of drill. One and one-half bushel for one acre. To prices on Beans add 15 cts. per quart, 8 cts. per pint, extra, if ordered sent by mail.

WAY DODDED VADIETIES			
WAX PODDED VARIETIES.	Qt. 4 Qts.	Peck.	Bus.
Thorburn Valentine Wax. This is, without exception, the earliest Wax Bean			
in use. The pods are round, very meaty, and with so very little string that			
they may justly be called stringless. Enormously productive; of the best	20 1 00 (61 FF	A0.50
quality,	.30 1.00 8	\$1.75	\$6.50
Refugee Wax. An extra-early variety, with long yellow round pods; one of the best for kitchen garden,	.30 1.00	1.75	6.50
Early Golden Wax. The standard Wax variety for general use. Vines medium			
size, erect, hardy and productive. Pods are long, nearly straight, broad, flat, golden yellow, very fleshy and wax-like, cooking quickly as snaps,			
shelling well when green, Pint, .15	.30 1.00	1.75	6.50
Improved Golden Wax. Very early and quite hardy, with long rich, golden			
yellow, stringless pods, less liable to rust than the preceding, Pint, .15	.30 1.00	1.75	6.50
Golden-Eyed Wax. Very early. Pods golden yellow, long, straight, flat, and almost stringless,	.30 .90	1.60	6.00
Wardwell's Kidney Wax. Medium early. Pods long, broad, flat, nearly straight; waxen white; very productive, Pint, .15	.30 1.00	1.75	7.00
Davis White Kidney Wax. Medium early. The pods are long, white, straight			
and handsome. When young they are very brittle and tender. The dry beans are kidney-shaped, clear white and excellent for baking, Pint, .15	.30 1.00	1.75	7.00
Prolific Black Wax. Medium early. Pods yellow, round, stringless, and of delicious quality, Pint, .15	.30 1.00	1.75	7.00
Roger's Lima Wax. The pods are very broad and flat; color transparent glossy			
lemon-wax. Quality very tender and flavor delicious. Seeds small, oval and pure white,	.25 .80	1.50	6.00
White Wax. Vines small. Pods, short, flat and waxen white; only of medium quality,	.30 1.00	1.75	7.00
Yosemite Mammoth Wax. Plants large and vigorous. Pods the longest of any			
Wax variety, almost a solid pulp, and absolutely stringless; color a rich	05 1 00	9.00	7 70
golden yellow; enormously productive, Pint, .20	.35 1.20	2.00	7.50
GREEN POD VARIETIES.	Qt. 4 Qts	. Peck.	Bus.
Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod Bush Bean. This new dwarf green-pod Bean is positively stringless, and remains tender and crisp longer after maturity than other varieties. It is two weeks earlier than the Extra Early Round-Pod Valentine, and even earlier than the old Flat-Pod Yellow Six Weeks. Pods			
light green, long, round and fleshy, Pint, .15	.25 .75	\$1.25	\$5.00
Long Yellow, Six Weeks. Early, very productive and of excellent quality, flat pods,	.25 .70	1.20	4.25
New Giant Pod Stringless Valentine. See novelties. Pint, .15	.25 .75	1.25	5.00

BEANS-Continued.

Round Pod Valentine. Desirable either for market or family use, being early, productive, tender, and fine flavor. Pt. 15 ets., qt. 25 ets., 4 qts. 70 ets., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.50.

Low's Champion. Very productive, with large green, stringless pods, it has but few, if any equals, either as a string or shell bean. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.50.

Early China. An old standard variety, good either for snap or shell bean, pods flat. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., 4 qts. 70 cts.,

pk. \$1.20, bus. \$4.25.

Dwarf Horticultural. A dwarf variety of the old Horticultural cranberry pole bean. Used as a shell bean. Pt. 15 cts, qt. 25 cts, 4 cts, 75 cts, pk, \$1.25, bus, \$4.50.

25 cts., 4 qts., 75 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.50.

Boston Favorite. Similar to the Dwarf Horticultural, except the beans are larger and the pods longer and more highly colored. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., 4 qts. 75 cts. pk. \$1.25 bus. \$4.50.

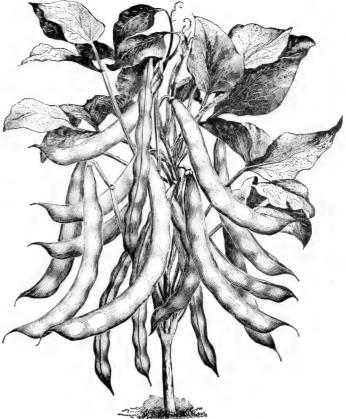
75 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.50.

White Kidney. Excellent when shelled either green or dry, a superior kind for baking. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., 4 qt. 60

cts., pk. \$1.00, bus. \$3.75.

White Marrow. Extensively grown for sale as a dry bean for winter use, also good shelled green. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., 4 qts. 60 cts., pk. \$1.00., bus. \$3.75.

Burpee's Bush Lima comes absolutely true from seed. The bushes grow eighteen to twenty inches high, of stout growth and always erect. It is an immense yielder, each bush bearing from 50



Early Round Pod Valentine.

to 200 of handsome large pods, well filled with large beans, which are identical in size and luscious flavor to the well-known large pole Limas. Pt. 15 ets., qt. 30 ets., 4 qts. \$1.00, pk. \$1.75, bus. \$6.50.

POLE OR RUNNING VARIETIES.

Plant two weeks later than the dwarf varieties. Limas being more tender will do better if not planted until the first of June. Set poles six to eight feet long in rows four feet apart each way.



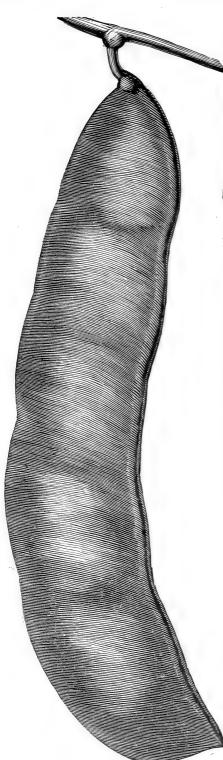
Burpee's Bush Lima.

Sow six to eight seeds around each pole; cover about one inchexcept Limas, which should be stuck eyes down and covered only one quarter of an inch. Manure liberally in the hill and leave it a little raised, to prevent the water from settling around the pole and rotting the seed.

One quart will plant about one hundred hills

Add to prices of Beans, 15 cts. per quart, 8 cts. per pint, extra, if ordered sent by mail.

Siebert's Early Lima. The earliest true Lima maturing fully ten days before the old standard sorts. The



King of the Garden Lima.

BEANS-Continued.

vine is so productive that although the pods rarely contain more than four beans the yield is enormous. Pods thin, beans large, tender and succulent. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., 4 Ats. 85, pk. \$1.60, bus. \$6.00.

Early Jersey Lima. A trifle smaller than the Large White Lima, but a week or ten days earlier. Very tender and of delicious flavor. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., 4 qts. 85, pk. \$1.60, bus. \$6.00.

King of the Garden Lima. A vigorous grower, bearing profusely, large pods, five to eight inches in length. The beans are of good size and fine flavor. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., 4 qts. 85, pk. \$1.60, bus. \$6.00.

Extra Large Lima. A choice selection of the Large White Lima. It produces pods and beans of an enormous size in great abundance. Pt. 15 cts., qts. 25 cts., 4 qts. 85, pk. \$1.60, bus. \$6.00.

Large White Lima. The old standard sort. Unsurpassed for quality, and largely grown. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts. 4 qts. 85, pk. \$1.60, bus. \$6.00.

Horticultural Cranberry. Used as an early shell bean, also for baking, pods streaked with bright red of the best quality. Pt. 15 ets., qt. 25 ets., 4 qts. 75 ets., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.75.

Mammoth Horticultural Cranberry. Beans very large. Pods of the richest carmine. The most productive and handsomest bean known. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., 4 qts. 75 cts. pk. \$1.40, bus. \$5.00.

Early Dutch Case Knife. One of the earliest and most prolific sorts. Pods long and flat with white seed. Good green or dry. Pt. 15 ets., qt. 25 ets., 4 qts. .75 ets., pk. \$1.35, bus. \$5.00.

White Dutch Runner. Beans large, flat and kidney shaped, with white seed and blossom. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., 4 qts. 75 cts., pk. \$1.35, bus. \$5.00.

75 cts., pk. \$1.35, bus. \$5.00.

Scarlet Runners. Cultivated principally for its flowers, which are of a bright scarlet, also used by some for a snap bean. Pt. 15 cts., qt.25 cts., 4 qts. 85 cts., pk. \$1.50, bus. \$5.50.

Early Golden Cluster Wax Pole. Used mostly as a snap bean, bearing clusters of from three to six long yellow golden pods. Pt. 15 ets., qt. 30 ets., 4 qts. \$1.00., pk. \$1.80, bus. \$7.00.

BEETS.

Well enriched, light soil is best adapted for beet culture. Sow in drills one foot apart and cover one-half inch, it is important that the earth be pressed firmly about the seed. When the plants are large enough, thin to four inches apart. The thinnings can be used for greens if desired. For early, sow as soon as the ground can be worked, and continue for succession until the first of July. Mangels and Sugar Beets require liberal manuring and should stand ten to twelve inches apart in the rows.

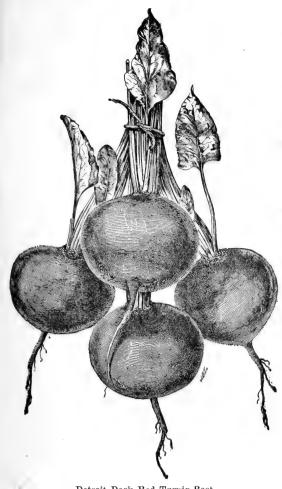
One ounce will sow fifty feet of drill, five to six pounds to one acre.

Extra Early Egyptian. Flat shape, with small short top and single tap root. Flesh, very dark red, tender and very sweet. It is the best sort for forcing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 14 lb. 15 cts., lb. 50 cts.

Crosby's Egyptian. An extra early, superior strain of Blood-Red Egyptian, carefully selected for years by Mr.

Crosby, a noted market-gardener. The results obtained were handsome form, good size, small tops, very small tap-root, fine quality, and, above all, quick rapid growth. The shape is very desirable; not quite so flat as the ordinary Egyptian, nor so round as the Eclipse. Takes on its turnip shape and looks well even in the early stages of its growth, on which account it is preferred for forcing in frames or for first sowing outside. Being a rapid grower, it may be sown outside as late as July Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 14 lb. 15 cts., lb. 55 cts.

Detroit Dark Red Tunip. Roots globular or ovoid, peculiarly smooth; color of skin dark blood red; flesh bright red zoned with lighter shade; very crisp, tender, sweet, and remaining so a long time. Pkt. 5 ets., oz. 10 ets. 14 lb. 15 ets., lb. 50 ets.



Detroit Dark Red Turnip Beet.

BEETS-Continued.

Farly Eclipse. Nearly round and very smooth, of a rich carmine color, very sweet and tender, and almost as early as the Egyptian, and superior to it for open ground. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 14 lb. 15 cts., lb. 55 cts.

Dewing's Early Blood Turnip. Of deep red color, smooth and of fine form. One of the leading varieties both for market and for family use. Pkt. 5 cts. oz 10 cts. 1/4 lb. 15 cts. lb. 50 cts.

5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½ lb. 15 cts., lb. 50 cts.

Edmands' Blood Turnip. The flesh is deep blood red in color, and exceedingly sweet and tender in quality. It is round, smooth, and of good market size. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½ lb. 15 cts., lb. 50 cts.

Columbia. Neat turnip shaped, with smooth skin and deep blood flesh. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 14 lb. 20 cts., lb. 65 cts.

Bastian's Early. A very early light colored turnip-shaped beet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 15 cts., lb. 45 cts.

Early Flat Bassano. A flat turnip-shaped variety, flesh white, circled with rose color. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½ lb., 15 cts., lb. 45 cts.

oz. 10 cts., ½ lb., 15 cts., lb. 45 cts.

Early Yellow Turnip. Flesh yellow, very tender and sweet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼ lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

Long Smooth Blood. A good late variety for Fall and Winter use, sweet and tender. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/2 lb. 15 cts., lb. 50 cts.

oz 10 cts., ¼ lb. 15 cts., lb. 50 cts Swiss Chard. This is a Beet producing only Ieaves, and is excellent used as greens. Pkt. 5 cts. oz. 10 cts., ¼ lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

BEET, MANGEL WURZEL AND SUGAR.

Norbiton Giant Long Red. Roots of mammoth size, one of the most profitable for feeding stock. Oz. 5 cts., ½ lb. 10 cts., lb. 35 cts.

Oz. 5 cts., ½ 1b. 10 cts., lb. 35 cts.

Golden Tankard. Roots large, ovoid but filled out top and bottom so as to approach a cylindrical form. Flesh yellow, zoned with white. Oz. 5 cts., ½ 1b. 10 cts., lb. 35 cts.

.05 .10 Red Tankard. Similar to the Golden Tankard, except in color, .35 .10 .35 .05 skin and fine neck set well above the ground, .35 .05 .10 ilmorin's White Sugar. One of the very best and most nutritious for feeding .05 .10 .35 cattle, also used for making sugar,

In quantities of five pounds and over, at our store, or by freight or express, at expense of purchaser, 15 cents per pound may be deducted from prices per single pound.

BROCCOLI.

Sow the seed beds early in May and transplant in June. Broccoli requires a deep, rich soil, and should be trenched to a depth of two feet incorporating rich manure at the same time. Set the plants and cultivate in the same manner as cabbage.

One ounce will produce about three thousand plants.	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
Early White Cape. Heads, medium size, compact and creamy white, one of the		-	, ,	
most certain to head,	.10	.35	\$1.00	\$3.50
Early Purple Cape. Somewhat more hardy than the white, with greenish purple				
heads of good flavor,	.10	.35	1.00	3.50

CRESS.

A small salad much used with lettuce. Sow early in April in shallow drills one foot apart, for succession, repeat every two weeks, as it soon runs to seed. Water Cress should be sown (and lightly covered) along the margin of a small rapid stream, once rooted it needs no further care.

V	One ounce	will sow	sixteen	square feet.		Pkt.	Oz.	⅓ lb	Lb.
Fine Curled Peppergrass.	The sort mos	t generally	used.			.05	.10	.15	.50
/ Water Cress						•10	.30	,85	3.00

CABBAGE.

To successfully grow a crop of Cabbage, very much depends upon the quality of the seed. Obtain that which is grown from well-formed selected heads. The ground must be highly manured deeply dug or plowed, and thoroughly worked. A heavy, moist, fresh loam is the most suitable. For early plants the seed is often sown in mid-September, and protected in cold frames through the winter. But the more common way is to sow in hotbeds in February or March and prick out into coldframes, to be transplanted later, when danger of frost is past. Early varieties should set eighteen inches by two feet; fall and winter sorts twenty-eight inches apart each way. The late autumn and winter varieties may be sown in a seed-bed, from the middle to close of spring, and transplanted when about six inches high. Shade and water the late sowings in dry weather. It is important that the plants should stand thinly in the seed bed, or they will run up weak and slender, and be likely to make long stumps. If they come up too thick, prick them out into beds four to six inches apart. Treated in this manner the plants will form lateral roots; and they can be removed, with the earth attached, on a moist day, without checking their growth. Transplant just at evening, giving each plant water at the root. Cabbages should be hoed every week, and the ground stirred deeper as they advance in growth, drawing a little earth to the plants each time, until they begin to head, when they should be fairly dug between and hilled up.

One ounce of seed will produce about three thousand plants.

Express Extra Early. The earliest of all, medium size, with few leaves can be planted very close. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4 lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.80.

Extra Early Spring. As early as Jersey Wake-field, but the heads are of the roundish flat type of Succession. The heads harden at an early stage of growth, so that they are really fit for use before fully matured. This variety has all the good qualities of Succession, with the additional great advantage of being as early as Jersey Wakefield. Pkt. 5 cts., oz., 25 cts, 1/4 lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Early Jersey Wakefield. The standard, very early variety of medium size, pyramidal in shape, having a rounded peak. Its small outside foliage permits of close planting, a good variety to winter in cold frames. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 1/4 lb. 60 cts, lb. \$2 00.

The Charleston or Early Large Jersey Wakefield. Of the same form and type as the Early Jersey Wakefield, but fully a half larger, while it is less than a week later; much used by market gardeners.

Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 14 lb. 60 cts., lb \$2.00.

Henderson's Succession. A second-early variety, coming in a few days later Pkt. Oz. 1/4 lb. than Early Summer, but immeasurably superior to that variety. For medium early, main crop, or late use, it has no superior. .05 .20 .60



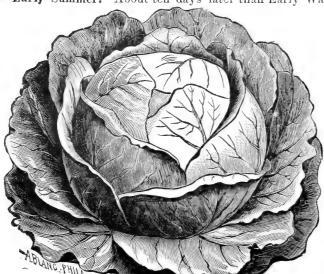
best. Heads large, flat, solid, of good quality; stem remarkably short; a sure header; will stand long without cracking. Set July 20th, it makes an excellent winter Cabbage. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 1/4 lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.75. All Seasons. One of the very best sorts

Fottler's Brunswick. One of the very

Early Large Wakefield Cabbage.

for general cultivation, either for early fall or for winter use. Heads very large usually somewhat flattened and solid. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 1/4 lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.75.

Surehead. A compact growing, main crop, cabbage of uniform large size, thick, solid heads. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 1/4 lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.00.



Excelsior Large Flat Dutch.

CABBAGE-Continued.

The Lupton. Color a dark bluish green. The stem is short, but strong under the head. The head is a perfect specimen, thick and flat, the outer leaves	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
covering it well across the center; and while it is large, yet it is very fine-grained, Excelsior Large Flat Dutch. The king of late cabbages. Improved by selec-	.05	.20	.60	\$2.00
tion from the Late Flat Dutch, it is unquestionably the very best strain in the market. Its remarkable uniformity, size, short stump, few outside leaves and solid weight make it by far the most profitable late sort,	05	.20	50	1.75
Premium Flat Dutch. A very popular standard variety. Its keeping qualities are unsurpassed; heads large, tender, fine flavored,				1.50
Warren's Stone Mason. This variety is an improved strain of Stone Mason, round in shape and extremely solid, Hollander or Danish. Plants rather long-stemmed, but compact; leaves very	.05	.15	.50	1.75
smooth but thick, head of medium size, round and very solld, being the hardest heading cabbage we know and of the very best quality. Matures				
quite late and is considered by many the best cabbage to hold over for spring markets. Perfection Drumhead Savoy. Large heads of finely curled leaves, particularly	.05	.25	.75	3.00
adapted for private use. Grown in the fall and allowed to be touched by frost, it is one of the most delicious of all vegetables	.05	.20	.60	2.00
Red Dutch Drumhead. Excellent for pickling or eating raw. Forms very hard, round heads of a dark red or purple color.	.05	.20	.50	1.60

CARROT.

Carrot seed should be sown in April for early, and until the first of June for later crops. Make the surface smooth, and plant in drills fourteen inches apart, cover not more than one-half inch and thin to four inches apart in the rows. Like all root crops, a rich sandy loam, deeply cultivated, which has been well manured for a previous crop, is most suitable for carrots. Strong, fresh manure should never be used.

An ounce of seed will sow one hundred feet of drill, three or four pounds for one acre.

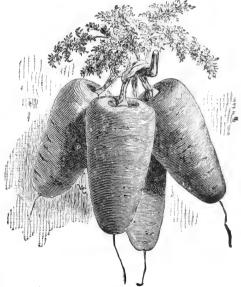
Earliest Scarlet Forcing. Valuable for forcing, very early, small, of fine flavor, turing shaped. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 80 cts.

Early Searlet Horn. A medium sized root, half long, of

fine color, grown for early use and to sell in bunches. Pkt. 5 ets., oz. 10 ets., ½ lb. 25 ets., lb. 80 ets.

Half Long Scarlet Pointed Root. Different from the preceding variety only in having a pointed instead of a blunt root. Pkt. 5 ets., oz. 10 ets., ½ lb. 25 ets., lb. 80 ets.

Chantenay. For table use it is probably the best in shape and finest in quality: a little larger than the Secret and finest in quality; a little longer than the Scarlet



Chantenay Carrot.

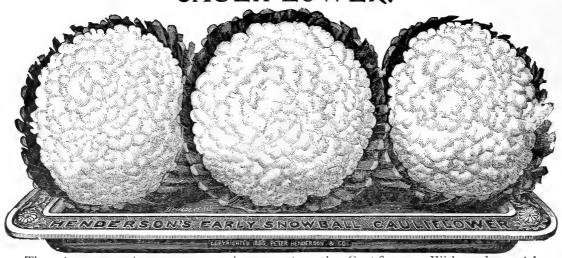
Horn and broader at the top. The flesh is a beautiful rich orange color. Very	Pkt.	Oz. ¼ ib	. Lb.
uniform in size,	.05	.10 .25	.80
Danver's Half Long Orange. Cylindrical shape, stump rooted, orange red, and			
is said to produce a heavier crop than any other variety.	.05	.10 .25	.80
Improved Long Orange. The standard variety for garden or field crops, darker			
in color, and smoother than the Old Long Orange,	.05	.10 .20	.75
Guerande or Ox Heart. Not so long as the Danvers, but very thick, sometimes			
measuring three or four inches in diameter at the top. A great yielder.			
Flesh bright Orange, fine grained and sweet,	.05	.10 .25	.80
White Belgian. Flesh yellowish white, excellent for stock. Of the largest size,			
and will yield more in bulk than any other variety,	.05	.10 .15	.50

CORN SALAD.

Grown for salads. For Summer use, plant in early Spring; for Winter and early Spring use, sow in August and September, and protect with a covering of straw on approach of winter; sow thickly in rows one foot apart, cover one-eighth of an inch.

		0,010	08	0.							
\checkmark	One	ounce	$will\ sow$	one i	hundred	feet o	f drill.	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
Large Round Leaved.	Standard	sort.						.05	.10	.20	.50
Lettuce Leaved								.05	.10	.25	.75

CAULIFLOWER.



There is no vegetable grown more delicious than the Cauliflower. With a deep rich soil, plenty of moisture and thorough cultivation, it is as easily grown as cabbage. For early the seed may be sown in September, and the plants wintered in well protected cold frames, or sow in hot beds early in March, and when sufficiently large transplant in cold frames, and gradually harden by exposure. When the weather will permit, set in the open ground in rows three feet apart, and two feet between the plants in the row. For fall crops sow at the same time, and treat in the same manner as late cabbage. Cauliflower will not head in hot dry weather, therefore the time of planting should be regulated so they will head either in early summer or autumn. Keep well watered when they begin to head. If the leaves are drawn up and tied loosely over the head it will hasten blanching. Cut before the flower begins to open.

One ounce will produce about two thousand plants.		¼ oz.	Oz.
Henderson's Early Snowball. An extremely early dwarf variety, producing mag-			
nificent white heads of the finest quality. The standard variety for general use,	.20	.75	\$2.50
Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt. Almost if not quite as early as the Snowball. Very			
dwarf, with large, solid, pure white heads of finest quality,		.60	2.00
Half Early Paris. Heads large, white and compact, good for either early or late use,	.10	.25	.75
Lenormand's Short Stem. A large, late, short stemmed variety, with well formed			
white heads of extra quality,	.10	.25	.75
Large Algiers. An extra fine late variety suitable for market, and sure to head,	.10	.25	.75



Giant Pascal Celery.

CELERY.

Celery, more than any other vegetable, demands intelligent and careful culture. The seed being very small, is slow to germinate and with the inexperienced a good stand of plants is an exception. For early, sow in shallow boxes in gentle heat in February and March, and for later sow about the middle of April in a finely prepared seed-bed, in rows so that the plants can be kept free from weeds. Cover not more than one-quarter of an inch, and press down firmly with the back of the spade or a board. Be sure and keep the bed constantly moist, a partially-shaded location is favorable on this account; or cover the bed with a light matting or burlap, directly on the soil until the plants begin to prick through the ground, when it should be immediately removed. When large enough to handle, thin and transplant to four inches apart. Clip off the tops when about four inches high to make them stocky. Plant out from the middle of June until the middle of July in rows four to five feet apart, and eight inches apart in the rows. Care should be taken in setting, not to cover the crowns and to press the earth firmly about the roots. Keep well culti-

CELERY-Continued.

vated until a month before it is wanted, when it should be hilled or banked for blanching; this should be done gradually, usually in two or three operations a week or so apart, the last time almost to the tips of the leaves. A rich, deep sandy loam that is rather moist is best adapted for Celery culture; soils that settle and become hard after rains are unsuitable.

One ounce will produce about four thousand plants.	Pkt.	Oz. 1/4 ll	Lb.
Paris Golden Self-Blanching. Its fine dwarf form, rapid growth, extreme earliness, superior flavor and keeping qualities, rich golden color, and slight trouble in blanching, are all that could be desired in a Celery. Our seed is true to name, see description in novelties,			0 \$3.50
Rose-Ribbed Paris Self-Blanching. It has the beautiful golden vellow color,			
and differs from the preceding only by the color of the ribs, which are of a pretty shade of rose that deepens as the season advances. This ornamental feature gives the plants a very pleasing appearance and enhances their value for the market,	.10	.25 .7	5 2 .50
White Plume. The stalks and portions of inner leaves and heart are naturally			
white, needs very little earthing up, crisp, solid, and of a pleasing nutty flavor; the best for early,	.05	.20 .6	0 2.00
Henderson's Pink Plume. This variety is practically identical with the well			
known White Plume, with the added merit of Ivory White Stalks suffused with dainty pink,	.05	.20 .6	2.00
√Giant Pascal. A valuable variety for both second early and mid-winter use. It			
grows about two feet high the stalks are very broad, thick and crisp, and entirely stringless; easily blanched,	.05	.15 .4	0 1.50
Boston Market. A favorite variety remarkable for its tender, crisp and succulent stems, and its peculiar, mild flavor; of branching habit and a good			
/ keeper,	.05	.15 .4	0 1.40
Golden Heart. Half dwarf, very solid, with a beautiful golden heart,	.05	.15 .4	0 1.40
Crawford's Half Dwarf. An extra fine variety of fine flavor,	.05	.15 .4	0 1.40
New Rose. The color is a beautiful shade of rose of exceptional fine flavor;	.00	110 11	0 1.10
solid and crisp,	.05	.15 .4	0 1.50



Celeriac.

CELERIAC. (Turnip=Rooted Celery.)

Giant Prague. (Turnip Rooted Celery.) The roots are of good size, round and smooth, with small tops. Pkt. 5 ets., oz. 15 cts., ½ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.25.

Apple Shaped. A good variety with small foliage, and large, smooth round tubers. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ½ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.25.

SWEET CORN.

Plant from the first of May until the first of July in any good soil in hills, the dwarf varieties three, and the large varieties four feet apart each way. Drop six kernels to the hill, cover about one inch, and thin to four plants at the second hoeing. Keep free from weeds, and give frequent cultivation. Soaking the seed an hour before planting will hasten its sprouting.

To prices on Corn add 15 cts. per quart, 8 cts. per pint, extra, if ordered sent by mail.

One quart will plant two hundred hills, eight quarts for one acre.

ALL VARIETIES SWEET CORN HALF PINT PACKAGES, 10 CTS., PINTS, 15 CTS.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES.

Early Maine. It has a pure white cob with a rich cream white kernel sweet and	Qt.	4 qts. Peck.	Bus.
juicy. A fine ear, of good size, stalk medium, and on good soil often bears two ears,	.25	.85 1.60	\$6.00
Early Cory. An extra early eight-rowed sort, of dwarf habit, quite prolific; ear of medium size, kernel slightly red in color, sweet and excellent flavor,	.25	.85 1.60	6.00
White Cory. Every way like the preceding except the cob and kernel is white,			

SWEET CORN—Continued.

Early Minnesota. An early dwarf variety. Eight-rowed, ears of fair size, with white cob. Qt. 25 cts., 4 qts. 85 cts., peck \$1.60 cts., bu. \$6.00.

Early Crosby. One of the very best early sweet corns, Ears rather short, having from twelve to sixteen rows,

with white kernels, sweet and juicy, of dwarf habit. 30 cts., 4 qts. \$1.00, peck \$2.00, bu. \$8.00.

Kendel's Early Giant. A new early variety of great merit, being fit for use in sixty days from planting. The ears are large, eight to ten inches in length. Kernels pure white, very sweet, a most productive variety, and will prove a valuable acquisition to every home or market gardener who plants it. Qt. 25c., 4 qts. 85 c., peck \$1.60, bu. \$6.00.

New Champion. The earliest large corn ever introduced; from time of planting, in eight weeks it will be fit for the table, producing very large ears, plump, twelve-rowed, and well filled out with pure white kernels. Stalks grow large and stout, yielding two and sometimes three ears on a stalk. Qt. 25 cts., 4 qts. 85 cts., peck \$1.60, bu. \$6.00.

SECOND EARLY VARIETIES.

Black Mexican. This corn when in condition for the table cooks remarkably white, but the ripe grain is black or bluish-black. It is surpassed by none in tenderness. For family use, it is considered by many the most desirable of the early sorts,

stalk, and comes into use after the Perry's Hybrid, quality faultless; valuable as an intermediate variety,

antum Sugar A medium late sort grows to a good height and is very pro-

Squantum Sugar. A medium late sort, grows to a good height and is very prolific. The sweetest and most tender corn in the list; twelve rows, ears of moderate size,

LATER VARIETIES.

delicious. A good yielder,

Country Gentleman, or (Improved Ne Plus Ultra). Ready for use a little before the Evergreen. Ears medium long, with very deep kernels placed irregularly but very compactly on a small cob. Often three or four ears are set on a single stalk,



Early Maine.

Qt. 4 qts. Peck. Bus. .25 .75 1.25 \$5.00 .25 .85 1.60 6.00 .25 .85 1.60 6.00 .39 1.00 1.75 7.00

.30. 1.00 1.75 7.00

.30 1.00 1.75 7.00

.30 1.15 2.25 9.00



Evergreen Sweet Corn.

30 1.00 2.00 8.00

.30 1.00 1.75 7.00

FLINT VARIETIES, For Field Culture.

Add 15 cts. per quart, 8 cts. per pint, extra, if ordered sent by mail.

Early Canada, Eight-Rowed. This variety matures in ninety days from the time of planting. Ears short to medium, with a small cob uniformly tipped over with roundish smooth kernels of a rich orange yellow. Its low growth permits of close planting,

Longfellow. An early eight-rowed yellow flint sort, with ears ten to fifteen inches long. The cob is quite small, with kernels of good size,

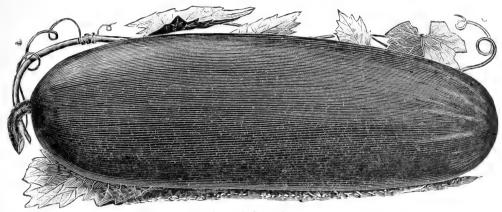
.10 .30 .50 1.75

.10 .30 .50 1.75

FIELD CORN-CONTINUED.

Bus
\$1.75
1.75
1.50

CUCUMBER.



Emerald Cucumber.

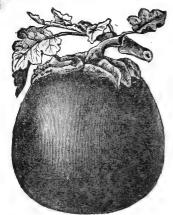
For early cucumbers, start in the hot-bed about the middle of April upon pieces of heavy sod, grass side down. When the weather will permit, remove to carefully prepared hills in the open ground, and protect with boxes when the air is cold. For the main crop, as soon as the weather has become settled and warm prepare hills four feet apart, using a shovel full of warm, well rotted manure to each hill, cover this two inches with fine earth, and plant fifteen to twenty seeds one-fourth of an inch deep. Press down with the back of the hoe. When the plants begin to crowd and the danger from bugs is past, thin to four vines to the hill. Pick all cucumbers when large enough; if left to ripen on the vines they will cease to be productive. For a succession, plant at intervals. For pickles, plant from the middle of June until the middle of July.

sion, plant at intervals. For pickles, plant from the initialle of June until the	maa	te or	July.	•	
One ounce will plant fifty hills, two pounds an acre.	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	
Early Russian. The earliest variety in cultivation, which is its best quality;					
only 3 or 4 inches long and quite thick,	.05	.15	.50	\$1.75	
only 3 or 4 inches long and quite thick, Bennett Improved Early White Spine. One of the finest strains of White Spine					
in cultivation; the sort most generally used both for forcing and outdoor					
culture. Of good size, dark green, holding its color until it matures.	0 =		00	0.00	
Very early, crisp, of excellent quality; very prolific,	.05	.10	.60	2.00	
Early White Spine. The standard sort. Medium length, straight, uniform,					
crisp, tender, of good color; never turns yellow though kept a long time	05	15	.60	2,00	
Early Cluster. An early variety, producing fruit in clusters; fruit short,	.00	.10	.00	4,00	
holding full size to each end; dark green; of good quality,	05	15	.50	1.60	
Early Frame. Early, growing about five inches long; straight, handsome,	.00	*10	.00	2100	
smaller at each end, bright green; picked small, makes fine pickles,	.05	.15	.50	1.60	
VEmerald. A vigorous grower, the vines abounding in long, straight, handsome					
fruits of darkest green; almost free from spines; fresh crisp and tender.	.05	.15	.60	2.00	
Michols' Medium Green. Exceedingly productive, of medium size; always					
straight, well formed, dark green; flesh tender, crisp and pleasant,	.05	.15	.40	1.50	
Long Green. Produces Cucumbers about 12 inches long, of a firm, crisp					
quality; picked young they make fine pickles; also nice sweet pickles when	0=	4 =	0.0	0.00	
ripe. One of the most productive sorts,	.05	.15	.60	2.00	
Everbearing. Small, very early. The peculiar merit is that the vines continue to flower and produce fruit until killed by frost, whether the ripe Cucum-					
	05	.15	.60	2.00	
Windsor Pickling. A selection from and improvement on the old Boston Pick-	.00	,10	.00	2.00	
ling. It is wonderfully prolific, uniformly small, dark green, cylindrical,					
Slightly pointed, remarkably crisp and tender	.05	.15	.60	2.00	
Virteen Prolific. For pickling. Dark green, uniformly small, of good form,					
enormously productive, very tender and crisp,	.05	.15	.60	2.00	
west India Gherkin. A small, oval-shaped pickle variety, resembling a burr;	0 =	4 8	0.0	2.00	
used only for pickling, English Frame or Telegraph. Exclusively used for hothouse calture,	.05	.15	.60	2.00	
Exclusively used for nothouse calture,	.25				

DANDELION.

Principally grown for spring greens. The cultivation is very simple, the greatest difficulty being to get a good stand of plants. Sow any time from early spring until September, in drills made on slight ridges one foot apart, cover lightly and press the earth firmly on the seed, thin to three inches apart in the row, keep free from weeds. Dandelions can be grown in any good soil.

	One	ounce	will	produce	about	two	thous and	l plants.		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ %.	Lb.
French Garden.										.05	.15	.40	\$1.4 0
Improved Thick Leave	d.	French	gro	wn.					•	.10	.40	1.20	4.00



Egg Plant.

EGG PLANT.

Egg plant seed is very slow to germinate, and should be started early in March, in a strong uniform heat. When three inches high, transplant to four inches apart. After all danger of cold nights is past, gradually harden by exposure and transplant into very warm rich soil two and a half feet apart. Shade and protect from the potato bug, which is one of the greatest obstacles encountered in its culture. Draw earth up to the stem when about one foot high.

One ounce will produce about one thousand plants.

New York Improved Purple. The best sort for general culture. Large, round or oval shaped, dark purple, free from thorns. The most productive variety. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., ½ lb. \$1.00, lb. \$3.00.

Black Pekin. Fruit globular, large, solid, smooth and glossy, early and very prolific. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., ¼ lb. 1.20 cts., lb. \$4.00.

ENDIVE.

Grown almost exclusively for salads. Sow thinly in shallow drills ten inches apart in April for early, and in June or July for late use. Thin to eight inches apart in the rows, hoe frequently. To blanch it, gather the outer leaves to a point at the top, and tie with some soft material; in two or three weeks it will be ready for use; after blanching, it soon begins to decay and should not be tied up faster than it is wanted for use.



Endive.

One ounce will sow sixty square feet.

v 1										
Green Curled. The variety most cultivated. Leaves beautifully curled of	dark	Pkt.	Oz.	⅓ lb.	Lb.					
green, tender and very crisp, a hardy sort		.05	.15	.35	\$1.10					
White Curled. Not so hardy as the green curled; grows to a large size, an	nd is									
always crisp and tender; almost self-blanching.		.05	.15	.35	1.10					
Broad-Leaved Batavian (Escarolle). This variety has broad, thick, plain or										
slightly wrinkled leaves, forming a large head, and is desirable for st	ews									
and soups; but if the outer leaves are gathered and tied at the top,	the									
whole plant will blanch and may be eaten		.05	.15	.35	1.10					
and soups; but if the outer leaves are gathered and tied at the top, whole plant will blanch and may be eaten.	the	.05	.15	.35	1.10					

KALE German Greens.

To secure heavy crops a deep, rich soil, trenched a spade's depth and liberally manured is essential. Sow for Summer use in April, and in August and September for Winter and Spring use. Plant thinly and cover lightly in drills one foot apart, and thin to four inches apart in the row. Protect with a light covering of straw or litter during the winter.

One ounce will produce about two thousand plants.				
Dwarf Green Curled. One of the best for Spring sowing. The habit is very	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb,
dwarf and spreading, and will rarely exceed eighteen inches in height. The				
leaves are of a bright green color, beautifully curled and produced in great abundance; not hardy enough for our northern winters.	.05	.10	.25	.90
Siberian Curled. The favorite sort for Fall sowing, growing about two feet	.00	•10	.20	****
high; leaves are not so deeply curled as the preceding, and are of a bluish				
green color. In point of hardiness it excels all others, being fully capable of	0.2	4.0		~^
withstanding ten degrees below zero without injury	.05	.10	.15	.50

KOHL RABI.

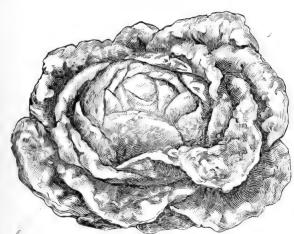
37.8 For a succession sow at intervals, from early Spring until July, in drills one foot apart, cover lightly and thin to six inches apart in the rows. The bulb that forms upon the stem just above the ground is fit to use when about half grown.

	One ounce v	vill sow t	wo hund	red feet	of drill.	Pkt.	Oz_{\bullet}	1/4 lb.	Lb.
Early White Vienna. white and tender,	A standard sort for very short top.	or market	, table u	se, or fo	orcing. Fle	.05	.15	.50	\$1.60
Early Purple Vienna.						.05	.10	.35	1.20

LETTUCE.

For early plants the seed may be sown in September and transplanted into cold frames for protection during the Winter, or sow in February or March in hot-beds with a moderate bottom heat, cover lightly, and thin sufficiently to prevent crowding; gradually harden by exposure. Transplant to the open ground in a sheltered location in April; set in rows one foot apart, and six inches apart in the row; when heads begin to form, thin out by using alternate plants in the rows; for succession, sow in prepared beds as soon as the ground can be worked, and at intervals of two weeks during the Summer. To be crisp and tender, its growth should be vigorous and rapid, which requires rich soil, plenty of well-rotted manure and an abundance of moisture.

One ounce will sow one hundred and twenty feet of drill.



Big Boston Lettuce.

Improved Large Tennis Ball (White Seed). This lettuce is especially adapted for growing in greenhouses and hot-beds. It is the largest lettuce grown under glass. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40 cts., 1/4 lb. \$1.10, lb. \$4.00.

W Boston Market (White Seed). One of the best varieties of head lettuce for growing under glass, very hardy, leaves thick, crisp and tender, forming under glass a compact head. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.00.

Denver Market. An early variety of head lettuce, suitable either for forcing or open ground. It forms large, solid heads of a light green color. The leaves are beautifully curled and crimped, very tender, crisp, of excellent flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts, ½ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.00.

Early Curled Simpson. Forms a close, compact mass of curly leaves of a yellowish green. It matures quicker than varieties that form firm heads, and very desirable on account of its earliness. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 30 cts. lb. \$1.00.

4	Black Seeded Simpson. This variety grows to a much larger size than the	Pkt.	Oz,	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	ordinary Curled Simpson, forming large, loose heads of thin and exceedingly tender leaves of a light green color. It stands the summer heat well.				
1	Very early	.05	.10	.30	\$1.00
-	Big Boston. Resembles the popular Boston Market, but is nearly twice as large. a most desirable variety for forcing in cold frames, also for out-door	05		20	1.00
,	I	.05	•10	.30	1.00
	Black Seeded Tennis Ball. This variety is one of the most popular for open air culture. The heads are well formed, hardy and crisp; of excellent quality, one of the earliest heading varieties.	.05	.10	.30	1.00
	Deacon. One of the very best. The heads are not as large as some kinds but very solid and remain in condition for use as long as any sort in cultivation. The outer leaves are a bright green and quite thick, the inner ones blanch to a bright yellow and are exceedingly well flavored, crisp and tender.	.05	.10	.30	1.00
1	Silver Ball. This lettuce produces a beautiful head, very firm, solid and compact, with handsomely curled leaves. The head is of an attractive silvery white color, very rich, buttery.				
V	Hartford Bronzed Head. This distinct variety of lettuce has no equal. Forming large, compact heads of a beautiful dark, bronzed red color, shading to a	.00	.10	8 20	1,20
	dark green towards the root. Cut in halves the heart is a rich, cream yellow. The leaves are thick, and have the appearance of being blistered and crimped.	.05	.15	.50	1.60
	Hanson Head. None more reliable for out-door cultivation. In ground well manured and cultivated the heads grow to a remarkable size. The outer leaves are bright green, the inner leaves white, tender and crisp, free from	0.8	10	0.0	
	any bitter, unpleasant taste.	.05	.10	.30	1.00

LETTUCE-Continued.

The Wonderful. This, without doubt, is the largest-heading variety of Lettuce Pkt. known. While the heads frequently weigh two or three pounds, specimens have been raised that weighed twice as much. The heart is solid, tender, crisp, without the slightest trace of bitterness; color pale green. Its long-

Oz. 1/4 Lb. Lb.

standing, heat-resisting qualities are unsurpassed,

.05.15.35 \$1.20

Tomhannock. The leaves of this variety grow upright, the upper part of the outer leaves turning outward very gracefully, and are handsomely wrinkled. The edges on the outer leaves are of a glossy, reddish bronze; within, the leaves are almost white, very crisp and tender. It grows quickly, is ready to cut early, and remains for weeks of the finest quality, being slow to run to seed.

.05.15.401.25

LEEK.

Sow the seed early in May in drills twelve inches apart, cover one-half inch deep, and cultivate the same as onions. In July, transplant to prepared beds of deep rich soil in rows one foot apart, and six inches between the plants in the row. Set the roots deep and draw the earth to them when hoeing, that they may be well blanched by the time they are fit for use.

One ounce will sow one hundred feet of drill.

Large Musselburgh. A favorite market sort of large size. Leaves large and broad, flavor very mild and pleasant. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 ets., 1/4 lb. 35 ets.,

Monstrous Carentan. Grows to an enormous size, with broad leaves spreading like a fan. Hardy and of excellent quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4 lb. 35 ets., lb. \$1.20.

Large Rouen. A hardy winter sort, with dark green thick broad leaves and short thick stem. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4 lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1.20.



Monstrous Carentan Leek

MUSHROOMS.

The cultivation of mushrooms is not so difficult as many suppose. They may be grown in a great variety of situations, in a cellar, dark shed or any dark place where an even temperature of 50° or 60° can be kept. Plant from early in September until January, use one-fourth loam and the rest fresh horse droppings, without long straw or litter, mixed thoroughly, and put into a heap



to ferment, turn and mix frequently until the first fiery heat has subsided: prepare a bed four feet wide, as long as desired, upon a dry, firm bottom, built up evenly, and beat down firmly with a mallet or some other convenient implement, and leave it about one foot high. Thrust a thermometer into the center of the bed; when the violent heat has subsided and the temperature reduced to 850 the bed is ready for the Spawn. Break the brick of Spawn into pieces about the size of hen's eggs; plant two inches deep and ten inches apart over the bed, cover and press down firmly; after ten days or two weeks, cover the bed with two inches of fine fresh loam, firming with the back of the spade, and over all put five or six inches of straw or other litter. If the place is damp, watering will

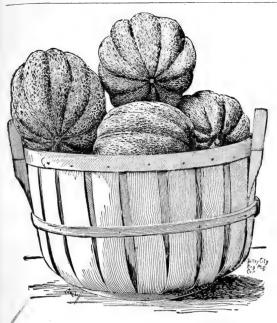
not be necessary, but in a dry room warm water should be occasionally sprayed over the bed. Mushrooms will make their appearance in four to six weeks.

Five pounds of Spawn for a bed twelve feet long and four feet wide.

English Spawn. In bricks of about one pound. Pound, 15 cents; eight pounds for \$1.00 Add to the price of Mushroom Spawn 8 cents per pound for postage when ordered sent by mail.

MUSTARD.

The green leaves are used as a salad or boiled for greens. Culture samejas cress. White English. The sort mostly used to grow for salads. Oz. 5 ets., 1/4 lb. 10 ets., lb. 35 ets.



MELONS.

A warm, rich sandy loam is best adapted for melon culture. The middle of May is early enough for planting in the open ground, but the crop can be forwarded by starting in hot-beds on sods and transplanting the same as cucumbers. Plant in hills six feet apart each way for Muskmelons, and eight feet for Watermelons. Mix in the hill one or two shovels full of well rotted manure, press down and cover with earth; plant on this a dozen or more seeds one-half an inch deep. When danger of bugs is over, thin to three plants in a hill. When the main shoot is a few feet long, pinch off the ends, to force the laterals on which the fruit is borne.

MUSKMELON.

One ounce will plant eighty hills; two pounds for one acre.

GREEN FLESHED VARIETIES.

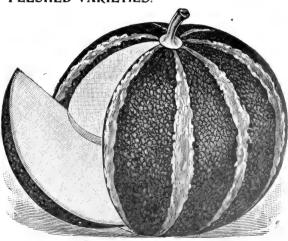
	Extra Early Hackensack. Ten days earlier than the old variety of Hackensack melon. Round in shape, flattened at the ends. Skin green, thickly netted;	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb,
/	the flesh is also green, rich and sugary in flavor; very productive and grows to a good size.	.05	.10	.30	1.00
/	Rocky Ford or Golden Netted Gem. Round and uniform in size, weighing about two pounds each. Skin, green, thin and thickly netted. Flesh, thick,				
¥	light green, of luscious flavor.	.05	.10	.25	.85
1	Skillman's Netted. Form, roundish oval. Flesh, deep green, sweet and spicy; small to medium in size. Very early and prolific.	.05	.10	.25	.75
v	Green Citron. A small round variety, with a dark green netted skin. Flesh, deep green, very sweet and highly perfumed. A good bearer.	.05	.10	.25	.75
٧	Green Fleshed Osage. Very hardy and very prolific. Its size and shape is very like the Osage, but is bright green before ripening, instead of the black green of the Osage. In ripening, it turns to a bright yellow, retaining its				
	green color in the grooves, while its flesh becomes a beautiful pea green	.05	.10	.25	.85

SALMON OR YELLOW FLESHED VARIETIES.

Paul Rose. New. The fruit is oval, about five inches in diameter. The firm flesh is a rich red orange color like that of the Osage, but even sweeter and higher flavored, retaining its good qualities quite to the rind. Pkt. 5cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/1 b. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Emerald Gem. An extremely early, medium sized, prolific variety. Skin, ribbed and generally smooth, of a deep emerald green color. Flesh thick and of a beautiful rich salmon, ripening thoroughly to the thin rind; unsurpassed in rich, delicious flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ½ 1b. 40 cts., lb. \$1.50.

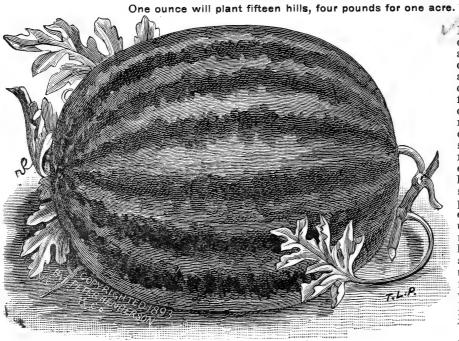
Osage or Miller's Cream. Grows to a medium size and is egg or globe shaped. The skin is very thin, of dark green color and well netted. The flesh is of a salmon pink color, remarkably sweet and spicy in flavor, extremely thick and delicious to the rind. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½ lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1.25.



Emerald Gem Muskmelon

Early Christiana. A very early variety of medium size. Skin, a dark green	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
color, deeply ribbed; flesh, a deep rich yellow; spicy and delicious.	.05	.10	.25	.85
Casaba. Fruit, long, oval, a little pointed at the ends. Flesh, greenish yellow;				
late, sometimes growing to the extraordinary size of fifteen or twenty				
pounds, its principal point of excellence	.05	.10	.25	.85
Round Yellow Cantaloupe. A good size, nearly round fruit; netted and slightly				
ribbed; flesh, salmon colored, thick and musk flavored; earlier than the				
green sorts	.05	.10	.25	.75

WATERMELON.



Cole's Early Watermelon.

Cole's Early. Cole's Early is a fine everyday melon for the amateur. It is very hardy, a sure cropper, and extremely delicate in texture of flesh, which is of a dark red color; the rind is thin, and the quality of the flesh is sustained clear to the rind. It is, however, exceedingly brittle, hence not desirable for shipping purposes but possessing all the other most desirable features. We can highly recommend it for home use. The melons are of medium size, nearly round in shape, rind green, striped with lighter shades. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 ets., lb. 75 ets.

Dixie. In form oblong, skin dark green, with a remarkably

Colo Daniy " wooday was	with	a rei	marka	юту
thin rind; flesh intense deep bright scarlet; very sweet, tender and juid				
productive, and grows to a large size. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb.	20	cts.,	lb. 65	cts.
Phinney's Early. Very thin rind; flesh, scarlet, sweet, luscious; medium in		Oz.	⅓ L b.	Lb.
size; oblong in shape, and very early	.05	.10	.20	.75
Mountain Sweet. An old favorite; form, rather long; color, dark green; seeds,				
dark; flesh, scarlet, solid, very sweet and delicious. One of the very best for				
general culture.	.05	.10	.20	.65
Cuban Queen. Skin, beautifully striped, dark and light green. The flesh is				
right red, remarkably solid, luscious, crisp and sugary; very solid and the				
best of keepers; excellent to ship to distant markets. Enormously productive.	.05	.10	.20	.65
Gray Monarch, or Long White Icing. This distinct melon is, without doubt,				
one of the largest of all. The skin is a mottled gray color; shape, long;	05	10	20	75
flesh, bright crimson, and of sweet delicious flavor.	.05	.10	.20	.75
Dark Icing. Fruit large, nearly round, dark green, very indistinctly mottled with lighter shade; flesh, very rich bright red; the juice, which is very				
abundant, is of rich deep color, and flows so freely as to be available as a				
3 - 1 - 1 -	05	.10	.20	.65
Toe Cream. Medium size, nearly round; color, pale green; white seed, thin	•00	•10	6 Au ()	.00
rind; flesh, solid, scarlet, crisp, of delicious flavor and very sweet.	.05	.10	.20	.65
Orange. Peculiar for the division of its flesh from the rind, which may be taken	•00	*10		
off like the rind of an orange, by a little separation with a knife. The shape				
is oval; color, green; flesh, red; of medium quality; seeds, thick and short.	.05	.10	.20	.75
Green Citron. For preserving; small, round; flesh, white and solid.		.10	.25	.75
We can also supply the following standard varieties:				
Iron Clad, Seminole, Peerless, Black Spanish and Mountain Sprout,				
at the uniform price of	.05	.10	.20	.65

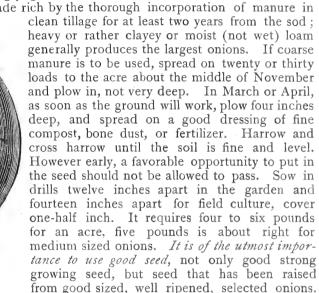
NASTURTIUM.

Cultivated for use and ornament; the seed when green resembles capers, and are used for pickling. The flowers are beautiful and in great variety (see flower seed list). Sow after the ground is warm, in drills one-half inch deep, the dwarf varieties in beds, and the tall ones by the side of a fence, trellis or some other support to climb on. They will thrive on any good ground in almost any situation, but are most productive in light soil.

One ounce	e will sow twenty	reet or arm					
Tall Mixed. A showy graceful climber.	The sort mostly	grown fo	r pickles.	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Height about ten feet						.20	
Dwarf Mixed. A border plant about one	foot high.			.05	.10	.20	.75

ONIONS.

The onion is not so particular about the character of the original soil as many suppose. Good crops can be obtained on almost any soil not too wet or too dry, except a stiff clay, light sand, or hungry gravel. It is essential, however, that the land should be made rich by the thorough incorporation of manure in



Yellow Globe Danvers.

They require three or four weedings in the row, but if care is taken in sowing to keep the rows straight and uniform the wheel hoe will run so close to them that there will be but few weeds to remove by hand. It is known to gardeners that if onions once get choked with weeds they never fully recover so as to produce a full crop. A top dressing of wood ashes leached or unleached, applied after the second weeding is very beneficial.

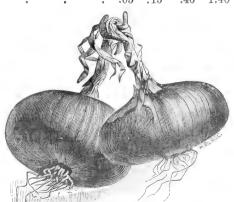
One ounce will sow one hundred feet of drill; five pounds for one acre. Extra Early Red. A medium sized, flat variety, uniform in shape, and comes Pkt. Oz. 1/4 Lb. into use the last of July, moderately strong in flavor, a good keeper, exten-.05 .10 .30 \$1.10 sively grown for bunching. Wethersfield Large Red. The standard red variety. Large size; skin, deep purplish red; form, round, somewhat flattened; flesh, purplish white; very productive, the best keeper, and one of the most popular for general .10 1.20 cultivation. Early Red Globe. This variety has the form of Yellow Globe Danvers. Color, a deep, rich glossy red, about two weeks earlier than the Wethersfield Large Red, extraordinarily productive. Fine grained, mild flavor and good keeper. .05.10 1.20 .35 Southport Red Globe. This sort grows large to medium size. Spherical in .05 .15shape, and of a very deep rich red color. .40 1.40

Australian Brown. One of the earliest ripening varieties, producing medium sized bulbs which are quite thick through; skin deep reddish brown; flesh white, tinted with purplish pink; sweet and mild. It can be kept in the finest condition throughout the winter without diffieulty. Pkt. 5 ets., oz. 10 ets., 1/4 lb. 30 ets., lb. \$1.00.

ellow Globe Danvers. Of large size, an early and abundant cropper, very thick bulb, flat or slightly convex bottom, full oval top, with small neck, and rich brownish yellow skin. We ask attention to the seed we offer, which was grown from a fine and perfect selection of this variety. Pkt. 5 cts. oz., 10 cts., \(\frac{1}{4} \) lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1.20.

nammoth Prize Taker. Of enormous size, averaging from 10 to 16 inches in circumference, and a good winter keeper. The outside skin is of a rich yellow color, while the flesh is white, sweet and tender. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ¼ lb. 35 ets., lb. \$1.30.

Southport Yellow Globe. Form nearly ovoid, regular and symmetrical; mild and pleasant flavor; some later than the other yellow sorts. Keeps well.



Extra Early Red.

.35 1.30

ONIONS—Continued.

11 46	Southport White Globe. globe-shaped bulbs.	Yields abundantly, producing handsome and uniform. The flesh is firm, fine grained and of mild flavor.	nly			14 Lb.	
ı	White Portugal or Silve Does not keep as well	red.	.05	.15	.50	1.75	
:	Extra Early Barletta. tion, of small size; handsome and profit.	s a					
	PC 4 . 9 . 1 . 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		.05	.15	.50	1.75

ONION SETS.

Plant on good soil in twelve-inch shallow drills, three inches apart in the drill and slightly cover, the earlier they can be put in the ground the better. Potato onions should be planted with the crown of the bulb just below the surface, the large ones ten inches apart, and the small four to six inches apart. Keep free from weeds and gather a little earth to them in the process of cultivation. They are ready for use as soon as the bulbs begin to be of fair size; those not used in a green condition will ripen early in July and make nice Onions. Prices variable as to market.

Six to twelve bushels (according to size) are required to set an acre in drills.

		Pr	ices su	biect to	change		Qt.	4 Qts.	Pk.	Bus.
Yellow Onion Sets.				,			.20	.50	.85	\$3.00
White Onion Sets.							.20	.60	1.00	3.50
Red Onion Sets							.20	.50	.85	3.00
	~	 	_	_						

Special Prices for Large Quantities on Application.

If ordered sent by mail add to above prices 15 cts. per quart, 8 cts. per pint for postage.

OKRA.

Grown for its green pods which can be used in soups and stews. Sow the seed thickly the middle or last of May, one inch deep in drills two feet apart, thin to ten inches apart in the row. Ordinary soil and manure only are required. Hoe often and draw up the earth a little to support the stems.

One ounce will sow forty feet of drill.

PEPPER.

Sow the seed in the hot-bed in April, or in a warm, sheltered spot out of doors in May. Transplant in June into warm, mellow soil in rows two feet apart, and fifteen inches between the plants in the row, earth up a little at one or two hoeings.



Sweet Mountain. Fruit large, early, sweet and pleasant to the taste, less pungent than most other sorts. It is much esteemed for pickling, for its mildness, as well as for its thick, fleshy, tender rind. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., ½ 1b. 75 cts., 1b. \$2.25.

Large Bell or Bull Nose. Similar in shape to the Sweet Mountain, except that it is smaller, more tapering, and usually terminates in four obtuse cone-like points; rind, thick, fleshy and tender. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., ½ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.25.

Ruby King. This variety grows to an extraordinary large size. When ripe, a handsome bright ruby red color, remarkably mild and pleasant to the taste. For stuffing no other variety can equal it. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 1/2 lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Squash. Fruit compressed, and more or less ribbed, about 23/4 inches in	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.	
diameter and two inches in depth; skin smooth and glossy when ripe, of a brilliant coral red; flesh thick.		.25	.75	\$2.25	
Long Red Cayenne. Fruit, brilliant coral red, conical, often curved toward the end, from 3 to 4 inches in length, from 1 to 1½ inches in diameter, very					
productive	.05	.25	.65	2.25	
Cherry Red. A small, smooth, round variety of dwarf growth. Fruit at maturity of a deep, rich, glossy scarlet.		.25	.75	2.50	
Chili. Pods pendant, sharply conical, about 2 inches in length, ½ inch in diameter. The variety generally used for pepper sauce.		.25	.75	2.50	

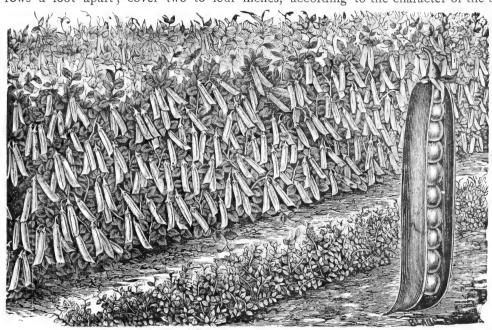
PEAS.

FOR FIRST-EARLY CROP, sow Improved East Hartford Extra-Early as soon as the ground can be worked in spring. Select a rich, light, sandy soil, dry and well-sheltered.

FOR THE GENERAL CROP, a deep, rich loam is best; the soil cannot be too rich for the dwar

varieties. Avoid using coarse, rank manure, as it drives the plants to vines without pods.

FOR MARKET CROP, sow in rows two to four feet apart according to the variety. In the kitchen garden, sow the tall varieties in double rows six to eight inches apart, and stick brush firmly between the rows when the vines are about six inches high. Sow the dwarf varieties in single rows a foot apart; cover two to four inches, according to the character of the soil and



Improved East Hartford Extra Early Peas.

the time of planting, deepest on light soils and in late planting. Deep planting prevents mildew and prolongs the bearing season, yet on cold, heavy soils the seed is liable to rot if planted deep. If drills are made five inches deep and the seed covered only one or two inches, the earth can be gradually drawn into the trench as the plants grow; in this way a good stand can be had at a good depth. The wrinkled varieties are not so hardy as the hard, smooth sorts, and cannot be planted as early; they are, however, the sweetest and best flavored.

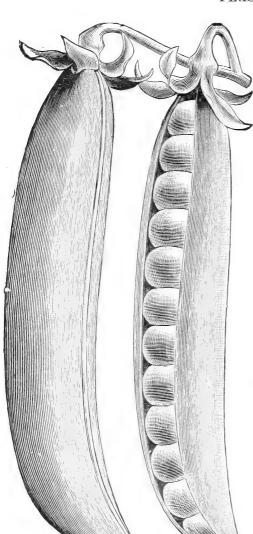
A Succession may be had by sowing two weeks after the first-early, the early, medium early, medium late, and late varieties at one time, so that they will follow for use one after the other.

One quart will plant one hundred feet of drill, one and one-half bushels for one acre.

To prices of all Peas ordered sent by mail add 8 cts. per pint, and 15 cts. per quart for postage.

EXTRA FARLY VARIETIES

EATRA EARLY VARIETIES,				
Hawley's Improved East Hartford Extra Early. The very earliest market pea	Qt.	4 Qts.	Pk.	Bus.
in cultivation, of good quality and great productiveness. Coming into				
bearing from a week to ten days earlier than all others, bearing large, well-				
filled pods, and yielding twenty per cent. more than any other Extra Early				
Variety. Vines growing to a uniform height of 2½ feet, and peas maturing				
at two pickings, which render it the very best variety for early market	20		41 00	~~ ^^
cultivation	.20	.70	\$1.30	\$5.00
Gradus, or Prosperity. The vines grow 3 feet in height with heavy stems and				
large, light green leaves. Hardy, productive, pods 4 to 41/2 inches long,				
filled with tender Peas, rich in flavor, with all the good qualities of the				
later marrow sorts, yet only a few days later than the East Hartford. Pint, .20	.40	1.50	2.75	10.00
Gregory's Surprise. This new, extra early wrinkled Pea grows about 20 inches				
high on rich soil, ripens very evenly, and like most of the very early sorts,				. ~.
it succeeds best when sown rather thickly Pint, .15	.25	.90	1.70	6.50
First and Best. A very good strain which we consider fully equal to most				
stocks offered as Extra Early; pods, of good size and well filled; growth				4 100 00
of vines, 2½ feet	.20	.70	1.25	4.75
Alaska. A blue pea of excellent quality. The earliest of all the blue				
sorts. A desirable early pea for market gardeners, growing from 2 to 21/2			7 10	4.00
feet, and very productive	.20	.65	1.10	4.00



PEAS—Continued. DWARF VARIETIES.

Nott's Excelsior. An extra early dwarf variety of branching habit. Grows at the uniform height of one foot. Remarkably hardy and productive, besides earlier than all other wrinkled peas. Pods large, with from seven to nine fine peas to a pod. Very sweet and fine flavor. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 30 cts., 4 qts. \$1.00, pk. \$1.85, bus. \$7 00.

Varieties in point of earliness, productiveness and fine quality, growing from 10 to 12 inches high, and producing large, well-filled pods. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 30 cts.,

4 qts. \$1 00, pk. \$1.85, bus. \$7.00.

Premium Gem. A gem indeed. A very early, dark green, wrinkled pea, of the very best quality, and very productive. Indispensable for kitchen garden, and growing only 12 to 14 inches high. Pt. 15 ets., qt. 25 ets., 4 qts. 85 ets., pk. \$1.60, bus. \$6.00.

SECOND EARLY.

Horsford's Market Garden. A wrinkled variety coming in between the Premium Gem and Advancer. A great bearer, outyielding other varieties of same size vine; quality, very sweet. Fast coming into public favor. Height, 2 feet. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., 4 qts. 70 cts., pk. \$1.25. bus. \$4.50.

McLean's Advancer. This is a green, wrinkled variety, growing 2½ feet high, one of the best second early, both for market and private gardens. Produces an abundance of pods, well filled with peas of excellent quality. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., 4 qts. 70 cts., pk. \$1.25,

bus. \$4.50.

Bliss' Abundance. In growth, half dwarf; a wrinkled variety, bearing pods three to four inches long, and containing six to eight peas each, of delicious quality. Height, 18 inches. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., 4 qts 70 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.50.

Heroine. Elegant habit, luxuriant foliage, pods

Heroine. Elegant habit, luxuriant foliage, pods remarkably long, handsome, slightly curved, well filled with large, luscious Peas of fine flavor. Height, 2 feet; seed, green, much wrinkled. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts.,

4 qts. 70 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.50.

LATER VARIETIES.

Bliss' Everbearing. A splendid pea, bearing pods to 4 inches long and filled with very large peas of unsurpassed quality. Height of vine, 18 inches. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., 4 qts. 70 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.50.

Yorkshire Hero. A splendid variety of wrinkled pea, of very nice quality. Grows 2½ feet high, and produces good size round pods, well filled. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., 4 qts. 70 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.50.

.80 3.00

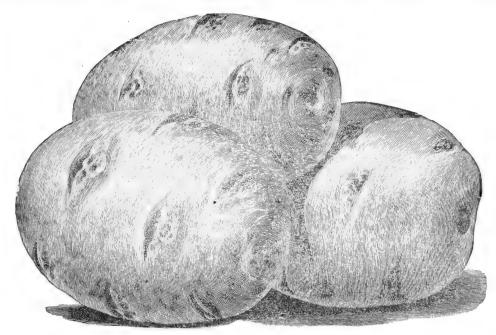
	qt. 20 cts., 4 qts. 70 cts., pk. \$1.25	, bus	. \$4.	50.	
	Dwarf Telephone, or Carter's Daisy. Height, under high culture, 18 inches; habit dwarf, stocky, healthy, vigorous, plants frequently bearing from 5 to 7 pods. Season medium, from 5 to 7 days earlier than Stratagem. Pods long, frequently 5 inches in length, remarkably well filled, often containing				
	10 delicious peas Pint, .15	.30	\$1.00	\$1.85	\$7.00
ţ	Telephone. A nice medium late wrinkled variety, growing 4 feet high. Very productive, having long, slightly curved pods, well filled with peas of large size and best quality. Pint, .15	.25	.85	1.50	5.50
	Queen. One of the most desirable late varieties, coming in after Heroine is gone. Of vigorous branching habit, it needs to be sown thinly. Pods long, slightly curved, well filled with large Peas of most delicious flavor. Height, 2½ feet Pint, .10	.20	.70	1.25	4.75
	Improved Stratagem. This is a half dwarf, wrinkled marrow pea. Has very large, broad, dark green pods, and is enormously productive, as well as being of superb quality. 2 feet high. Pint, .15	.25	.85	1.50	5.50
,	Champion of England. This well-known kind has never been surpassed in quality and quantity produced by any of the tall varieties. Of very sweet and delicious flavor, and a profuse bearer. Height, 5 feet. Pint, .10				
1	Black Eyed Marrowfat. An old and well-known variety, good for both garden				

and field culture, a great cropper, and good quality; 4 to 5 feet high. Pint, .10 .15 .50

To prices of all Peas ordered sent by mail, add 8 cents per pint and 15 cents per quart for postage.

POTATOES.

The potato seems to thrive in almost any soil or climate, but a good sandy loam suits it best. Old sod plowed the previous Fall will produce the most abundant and certain crops. On no other crop are the results from the use of phosphates more manifest than on the potato. Organic manure promotes rot and other diseases, while commercial fertilizers prevent them and will grow smooth fine tubers. Plant as early in the Spring as the ground can be thoroughly



Aroostook County, Maine, Seed Potatoes.

worked, in rows three feet apart, and ten inches apart in the row; plant one or two eyes in a hill (cut from the surface to the center of the tuber), cover three to four inches. Cultivate frequently from the time the young plants appear above the surface of the ground until they blossom. At each hoeing, throw the earth up to the plant for support, and to develop the side shoots. In some sections, flat culture is preferred to ridging, especially when drought prevails, or the soil is light and sandy.

From eight to ten bushels are required to plant an acre.

OUR PRICES for Potatoes will always be found as low as the market will permit, quality considered. On account of fluctuations in values which we cannot anticipate at the time our

catalogue is issued in January the following prices are subject to change.	Pk.	Bu. of 60 lbs.	Bol. or sack of 165 lbs.
Early Six Weeks. Extra Early. Cooks well before it is fully grown	.40	\$1.40	\$3.75
Irish Cobbler. Very early, big yielders, best quality, shape round to oblong.		1 50	4.00
Bovee. A very productive Extra Early variety. Skin, pinkish white; flesh,		_ 00	
	.40	1.40	3.75
Early Harvest. Extra Early. Cooks white and floury; a good cropper.	.40	1.40	3.50
Early Norther. Extra Early, very prolific, fine table quality	.40	1.40	3,50
	.40	1.40	3.75
Early Essex. An old standard variety, well known, of the Early Rose type.		1.40	3.75
New Queen. A good general cropper. Nothing better for quality. Skin and			
flesh white	.40	1.40	3 50
Beauty of Hebron. One of the most valuable sorts for general use. An excel-			
lent keeper	.40	1.40	3.50
Cambridge Russet. Medium Early. Light russet color skin; shallow eyes;			
flesh floury white. A heavy yielder	.40	1.40	3. 75
The Delaware. A leading Medium Early sort, good size, slightly flattened,			
skin and flesh white.	.40	1.40	3.7 5
Green Mountain. A leader in market. One of the best yielders, keepers and			
sellers ever introduced; of fine quality	.40	1.40	3.5 0
Carman No. 1. Enormous yielder, handsome and uniformly large. White skin			
and flesh	.40	1.40	3.50
Carman No. 3. One of the best late Potatoes ever introduced. Very large			
tubers produced in great abundance	.40	1.40	3.50

PUMPKIN.

Culture same as winter squash; if planted with corn drop two or three seeds in every third or fourth corn-hill at the time of the first hoeing. If planted in fields by themselves, drop five or six seeds in hills eight to ten feet apart each way, cover about a half inch, and thin out to three plants in each hill after the vines are all well started.

One ounce will plant ten to fifteen hills; two to three pounds for one acre.

t	Big Tom. This grand new pumpkin is the result of many years' selection from	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
	the old Golden Marrow or Michigan Mammoth Pumpkin. The skin and				
	flesh are of a deep, rich orange color, of excellent flavor for pies, etc.,				
	cooking soft and tender. For table use and stock feeding no more profit-	05	10	15	=0
	able or better variety can be grown. Connecticut Yellow Field. A large yellow variety, the best for field culture;	.05	.10	.15	.50
7	very productive; used by some for culinary purposes, but largely grown				
	for feeding stock		.05	.10	.35
	Colden Oblance Oblance in change of its name indi		.00	.10	.00

Golden Oblong. Oblong in shape, as its name indicates, and of very uniform size; skin of a rich golden yellow and tough, making it an excellent keeper. It is very prolific, and is valuable for pies as also for feeding stock. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½ lb. 25 cts., lb. 80 cts.

When of the Manumeths. This is truly a giant among

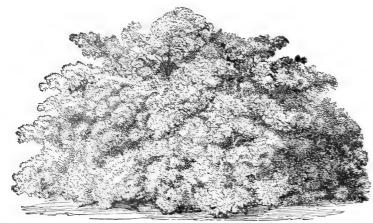
King of the Mammoths. This is truly a giant among pumpkins; specimens have been grown to weigh 250 pounds. In shape it is round, flat and slightly ribbed; color of skin and flesh bright golden yellow, and of good quality, making excellent pies, but grown principally for stock; a prize winner for exhibition purposes. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ½ 1b. 50 cts., lb. \$1.60.

Large Cheese, or Kentucky Field. Flat and round like a cheese; color of skin deep orange, flesh somewhat lighter. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 15 cts., lb 50 cts.

Nantucket or Negro. Originally brought from the Azores to New England and first grown on the island of Nantucket nearly fifty years ago. It is oblong in shape, with prominent ridges running its entire length. Color dark green or nearly black. It will keep all winter like a winter squash.

Sweet or Sugar. This is a small, round and very prolific variety; skin and flesh deep orange yellow; very fine grained, sweet and fine for pies.

Winter Luxury. The very best pumpkin for pies. It grows round, and uniformly to a diameter of ten to twelve inches. Color, a beautiful golden



yellow, very closely netted. As a winter keeper it stands unequalled.

Champion Moss Curled Parsley.

PARSLEY.

.05

.10

.25

.80

This seed is very slow to germinate and usually two or three weeks will elapse after sowing before the plants make an appearance. To hasten it, soak a few hours in tepid water, and when it swells sow thickly in shallow drills one foot apart and cover lightly, thin out the plants to three or four inches apart in the row. It can be forwarded by starting in the hot-bed in February and transplanting to the open ground later. Protect in cold frames or a *light* cellar for Winter use.

One ounce will sow one hundred and fifty feet of drill.

Champion Moss Cr crimped and cu	rled; very orna	mental.					.05	.10	20	.65
Extra Fine Curled.	A fine dwarf	variety, w	ell curl	led, exce	ellent for	garnishing.	.05	.10	.20	.65
Plain Leaved. No other sorts.						vor than the		.10	.15	.50

PARSNIP.

As it is slow to germinate, plant only new seed and that liberally. Sow in April or early in May, in rows twelve to fifteen inches apart; cover not more than a half-inch and press the earth firmly on the seed. When well up, thin the plants to four inches apart in the rows. Parsnips are improved by frost, therefore a part of the crop should be left to stand in the ground over the winter.

One ounce will sow about two hundred feet of drill, five to six pounds for one acre.

Champion Hollow Crown. Roots, long, white, smooth, free from side roots,	Pkt.	Oz.	14 Lb. Lb.
tender, sweet and of excellent flavor. The tops are small and the crown which rises from the center is surrounded by a slight depression.	.05	.10	.15 .50
Long White Sugar. A great cropper, tender and sugary. Roots, smooth and long. An old standard sort used for general cultivation.	.05	.10	.15 .50



RADISH.

Radishes to be mild, crisp and tender must make a steady, rapid growth; therefore a rich, light, sandy soil is best adapted for their culture. Avoid heavy, clayey soils, as it hinders the growth and impairs the flavor. For early Spring use, scw in February in hotbed on gentle heat in rows six inches apart and cover lightly; thin to one or two inches apart in the rows. They should be large enough for use in from four to five weeks from the time of planting. Plant in the open

air as soon as the ground can be worked, on finely prepared beds in rows eight to ten inches apart, sow for succession every ten days or two weeks as long as wanted. The Winter varieties should be planted in July or August, and taken up before severe frost and stored in a cool cellar, packed in sand for winter use.

One ounce will sow one hundred feet of drill.

Extra Early Deep Scarlet Turnip. This has as small a top and is as early as any variety in cultivation, making it one of the best for forceasy be had in three weeks or less from time of

ing. Roots fit for use may be had in three weeks or less, from time of sowing. Roots small, globular, deep rich red color, flesh white, crisp and tender when young. May be planted very closely owing to its small tops.

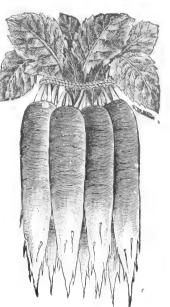
Early Deep Scarlet Turnip. A small, round, dark red turnip shaped radish, with a small top and of a very quick growth. Flesh white, very crisp and tender. This variety is more generally used for out-door planting, also for forcing, than any other.

Early Scarlet Turnip, White Tipped. One of the handsomest of all the turnip radishes and a great favorite for early planting out doors. Roots slightly flattened on the under side; color, very deep scarlet with a white tip; flesh, white and of the best quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼ 1b. 20 cts., 1b. 60 cts.

/French Breakfast. A medium size radish, olive shaped, small top, of quick growth, very crisp and tender, of a beautiful scarlet color, except near the tip, which is pure white. A splendid variety for the table, not only on account of its excellent qualities, but for its beautiful color. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb.

Scarlet Turnip, White Tipped. 20 cts., 1b. 60 cts.

Early Scarlet, Olive Shaped. In the form of an olive, terminating in a very slim tap root; skin, scarlet; neck, small; flesh, rose colored, tender and excellent. Early and well adapted for forcing or general crop.



Chartier

Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.

.05 .10 .20 .75

.05 .10 .20 .60



Deep Scarlet Turnip.

.05 .10 .20 .60

_/	RADISHES-Continued.				
″ E	arly Long Scarlet. It grows six or seven inches long, half out of the ground,	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
	is uniformly straight and smooth; color, bright scarlet	.05	.10	.20	.60
. 0	hartier or Shepard Radish. A variety of the Long Scarlet. A deep crimson				
1	color at the top, and blending off to almost white at the bottom	.05	.10	.20	.60
1 €	olden Yellow Summer. This variety is nearly spherical in form with small				
	leaves and fine neck, of a beautiful golden color and very early; grows to				
_	perfection in the hottest weather,	.05	.10	.20	.60
V I	arly White Turnip. Pure white in color, with a small top; flesh, pure white				
	and semi-transparent. Is a few days later than the Deep Scarlet Turnip,	0~	10	20	00
T	and will bear the heat longer without becoming spongy,	.05	.10	.20	.60
1/1	arly White Giant Stuttgart. Root large, often four inches in diameter, top shaped. Skin, white; flesh, white and crisp, and not becoming strong and				
	pithy until very late, so that those not used as a summer radish can be stored				
	for winter use	.05	.10	.20	.60
- vá	for winter use, It is pure white, about one foot long, and	.00	.10	.20	.00
V 2	two or three inches through, tapering regularly to the tip. The flesh is				
	two or three inches through, tapering regularly to the tip. The fiesh is tender and crisp and keeps well through the winter,	.05	.10	.20	.65
V 8	carlet China Winter. Roots, cylindrical or largest at the bottom, tapering				
,	abruptly to a small tap; skin, very smooth and of a bright rose color; flesh,				
	firm like the Black Spanish, but more pungent,	.05	.10	.20	.65
$\sqrt{1}$	Round Black Spansh Winter. Roots round, sometimes top shaped, three or				
	four inches in diameter; skin, black; flesh, white, very compact and highly				
	flavored. An excellent sort for winter, as the roots keep a long time,	.05	.10	.20	.60
. 1	ong Black Spanish Winter. One of the latest as well as the hardiest of the				
	radishes, and is considered an excellent sort for winter use. Roots oblong,	0=	10	20	0 =
	black, of very large size and firm texture,	.05	.10	.20	.65
	DILLIDADD				

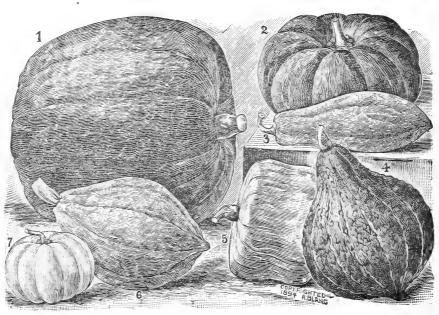
RHUBARB.

Sow the seed early in April in drills one-half inch deep, and thin to six inches apart, transplant to permanent beds the following Spring, or procure single eyes obtained by dividing large roots. Set in the permanent bed three feet apart each way. As the tenderness depends upon its rapid growth, the ground must be dug and heavily manured at least two feet deep.

One ounce will produce seven hundred plants. Pkt. Oz. Lb. Linuwus. The earliest and best for garden use, not so coarse as the larger sorts. .05 .15 \$1.50 Lb. The variety in general use for the market.05 .15 Linuwus. Roots of the above varieties. 10 cents each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.00 per hundred.

SQUASHES.

The squash vine is very tender and so sensitive to cold that it cannot be planted with safety before the middle of May. The hills should be highly manured and prepared in the same manner as those for cucumber: the Summer varieties three to four feet apart each way, and the later sorts six to eight feet. Plant eight or ten seeds in each hill, and cover one-half inch; thin to four plants after they have obtained their rough leaves and danger from bugs is past. Of the early varieties one ounce will sow 40 hills, and 10 hills of the later sorts; 4 to 6 lbs. for 1 acre



Winter Squashes.

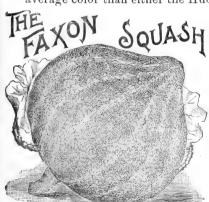
Early Golden Summer Crook-Neck. The richest and best sort for Summer; very early and productive. It is small, crook-necked, covered with warty excrescences, (the more warty the better,) color light yellow; shell very hard when ripe. It is used only when young and tender, which may be known by the pressure of the thumb nail through the rind,.

Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.

.05 .10 .25 .80

SOIL	ASHES.	Continued.
DWU.		Communicus.

SQUASHES—Continued.				
Giant Summer Crook-Neck. This strain is earlier even than the common variety, while the squashes grow to an extra large size, measuring from eighteen	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
inches to two feet long, and of fine quality,	.05	.10	.25	.85
Early Yellow Bush Scalloped. An early, flat, scalloped-shaped sort, of a deep orange yellow, and smooth rind; used when young and tender for boiling,	.05	.10	.25	.75
Early White Bush Scalloped. Similar in shape to the yellow, light cream colored. It grows to a larger size, of a coarser quality, and is a little later,	.05	.10	.25	.75
Boston Marrow. Form oval, pointed; rind extremely thin, bright orange or salmon colored; flesh deep orange, finely grained and excellent flavor; seeds large, white; average weight six or eight pounds,	.05	.10	.25	.80
Faxon. The ripe Squashes are striped and mottled in varying shades of yellow and green. The flesh is deep orange-yellow, sweet, dry, delicious for pies; cavity very small, seeds few. Uncooked it appears to have a shell like any Squash; when cooked there is practically none, the inedible part being only about as thick as a sheet of paper. It matures early and can be used as a summer Squash, yet keeps in perfect condition until April and May, .	.05	.10	.25	.85
VEarly Prolific Orange Marrow. This variety ripens two weeks ahead of the Boston Marrow, and excels it in productiveness and keeping qualities. Of very handsome orange red color; medium in size, sweet flavor, with thick, high-colored orange flesh, fine grained and dry when cooked,	.05	.10	.25	.85
Fordhook. It is a yellow outside, and a straw yellow within. The flesh is dry and sweet. It matures early, is a sure cropper, and immensely productive. Skin thin, meat thick, with small seed cavity,	.05	.10	.35	1.25
Hubbard. The standard winter squash; grown more extensively than any other late variety; color dark green; shell extremely hard; flesh dry, fine-grained, and sweet; an excellent keeper, with the same care will keep three months later than the Marrows,	.05	.10	.30	1.00
Golden Hubbard. It is identical in form and quality with the well-known Hubbard Squash, except that the heavily warted skin is of a beautiful golden color. The flesh is deep orange to the rind. It cooks very dry; is fine grained and good flavored.	.05	.10	.30	1.00
Essex Hybrid. This is a cross between the Turban and the Hubbard, having the shape of the former and the shell of the latter. The flesh is of rather darker average color than either the Hubbard or Turban,	.05	.10	.30	1.00



Butman. Very distinct in color from any other kind, being a bright grass green, intermixed with white. In size and productiveness it resembles the Hubbard, it has a thick shell and is thick-meated. The color of the flesh is quite striking, being of a light salmon and lemon color combined; dry, sweet and delicious. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½ lb. 25 cts., lb. 90 cts.

Marblehead. This variety has a shell of more flinty hardness than the Hubbard, thicker and flatter at the top. The flesh is of rather lighter color than the Hubbard, while its combination of sweetness, dryness and delicious flavor is something really remarkable. It yields equal to the Hubbard, while its keeping properties are declared to surpass that famous variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½ 1b. 25 cts., lb. 90 cts.

Fall or Winter Crook-Neck. The kind most generally cultivated in New England for Fall and Winter; neck, long and solid; color, pale yellow—the deeper the

Mammoth Chili. TRUE STOCK. Largest of all squashes, often attaining a weight of two hundred pounds without losing its fine shape and good quality. The outer color is a rich orange yellow; the skin is smooth; the flesh is very thick, bright yellow.

. .10 .20

Salsify, or Vegetable Oyster.

Plant and cultivate same as Parsnip, as it is perfectly hardy it can remain in the ground during the Winter, but should be lifted in the Spring before it commences to sprout. Store a supply for Winter use in a cool cellar like other root crops.

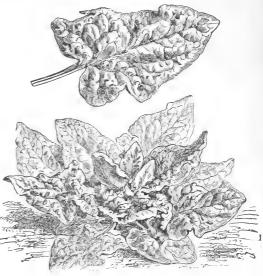
One ounce will sow one hundred feet of drill.

SPINACH.

For spinach the ground cannot be too rich, yet it will thrive on almost any good soil. Make drills twelve to fourteen inches apart, use a liberal amount of seed and cover about one inch, pressing the earth firmly on the seed. For early Spring use, sow in August or September, and protect during the Winter with a light covering of litter, which should be removed as soon as it commences to grow in the Spring. For Summer use sow as early in the Spring as the ground can be worked, thin to three inches apart in the row, repeat at intervals of two weeks for succession.

One ounce will sow one hundred feet of drill, eight to twelve pounds for one acre.

Viroflay Thick Leaved. One of the best for either the market or kitchen garden. A quick growing, round seeded variety producing a remarkable thick leaf of dark green color, slightly crumpled; suitable for either Spring or Fall sowing. Oz. 5 cts.,l ¼ lb. 10 ets., lb. 30 ets.



Long Standing Spinach.

107		T . 04				. 1 1. 1		,	.,		41		
EV	ergreen or	Long Sta	anaing	. A	most v	aiuabi	e varie	ty, as	it pos	sesses	tne	Oz.	¼ Lb.
	merits of s	tanding $arepsilon$	it least	two	weeks b	onger	than ar	y othe	r spina	ch with	out		
	running to												
	curled and	of a fine	e dark	gree	n color	; equa	illy goo	od, whe	ther s	own in	the		
	Spring or	Fall.		•								.05	.10
/ 37	- W! -4 ! -	TUL Cl-			C	£		1 4 *	70				
Net	v Victoria.												
	TTO Olto ofto	n othon r	aminting	a harr	mono i	o cood	thic mi	II ha in	naimo	aandit	ion		

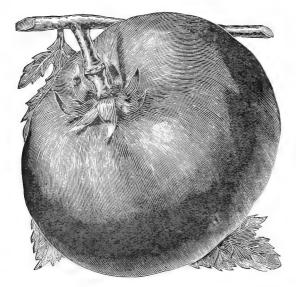
weeks after other varieties have gone to seed this will be in prime condition. It is of remarkably fine texture, of the deepest green, has heavily crimped, thick, fleshy leaves and deep red stem.

.30 .10

Lb

.30

In quantities of five pounds and over, at our store, or by freight or express, at expense of purchaser, 15 cents per pound may be deducted from prices per single pound. Special price in quantities of fifty pounds and upward.



quality and increase their productiveness.

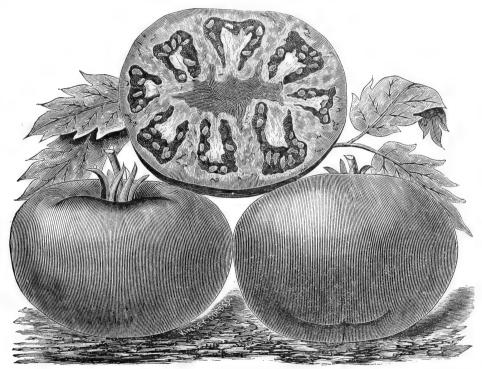
TOMATOES.

Tomatoes thrive best on a light, warm, not over rich soil. For early plants sow in the hot-bed in drills three inches apart, four or five seeds to the inch, cover lightly, or they may be started in the sunny window of a warm room. Transplant when two inches high into other hot-beds, or into boxes or single pots, and placed in the frames; if potted, it is well to plunge the pots into the earth level with their tops. Avoid crowding the plants, four inches is as near as they should stand in the frames. Lift the sash on warm, sunny days and two or three weeks before setting outside, gradually harden by exposure to the night air. Set four feet apart each way in the open ground in May, as soon as danger from frost is past. For later use sow in the open ground in May, transplant when large enough to handle. By training the vines on trellises or tying them up to a stake the fruit will ripen better, be of better

One ounce will produce about twelve hundred plants.

Atlantic Prize or Early Ruby. The very earliest of all tomatoes; also it ripens a 1Pkt. Oz. 1/4 Lb. Lb. large proportion of its crop earlier. The fruit is smooth, very solid, of the finest quality, and usually free from core and seeds. The bright, ruby red .70 \$2.25tomatoes are borne low down on the stem in large clusters. .05

TOMATOES—Continued.				
warf Champion. The plants grow stiff and upright, with thick-jointed stems, and foliage, unlike most others, of an unusually dark green color, thick and corrugated. The fruit is medium in size, of a purplish pink color—very smooth and symmetrical in shape, ripening close around the stem. It	Pkt.	Oz.	⅓ Lb. Lb.	
matures the fruit very early and is very productive.	.05	.25	.75 \$2.75	Þ
The Aristocrat. A new sort resembling in habit of growth and foliage the Dwarf Champion, but the color of the fruit is a rich, glossy red. It is solid and smooth, and in size from medium to large. Valuable for forcing under glass.	,05	.25	.75 2.75	,
Essex Early Hybrid. This variety closely resembles the Acme in color and form, but grown side by side it proves to be at least a week earlier and more compact in the growth of vine; it is very productive and ripens the fruit all over alike, having no green spots around the stem. The flesh being hard and solid, it will keep a considerable time after being ripe without rotting. Livingston's Magnus. This tomato has the color of the Beauty and Acme, very deep from stem to blossom end. The form is perfect, uniform, large and attractive, flesh is very firm. It ripens evenly does not crack about the	.05	.20	.60 2.00)
stem and the flavor is most desirable. It is a robust grower, with short joints, setting its fruit clusters close together and is therefore a heavy cropper.	.05	.25	.75 2.50	D



Livingston's Stone Tomato.

Early Aeme. The plants are of strong and vigorous growth, very productive; fruit of medium size, perfect form, round, slightly depressed at the ends, very smooth, (NEVER ROUGH); color, a glossy red, with purplish tinge; ripens all over and through at the same time,	.05	.20	.60	2.00
Livingston's Perfection. An improved Acme, with red skin; somewhat larger, fully as early, has more solid flesh and fewer seeds, and produces more and larger fruit at the close of the season; invariably smooth and of a handsome				
bright red color,	.05	.20	.60	2.00
Livingston's Beauty. Large, smooth, pinkish red; thick fleshed, regular form,	.05	.20	.60	2.00
Livingston's Favorite. Large, smooth and productive; a good shipper,	.05	•20	•60	2.00
Livingston's New Stone. This tomato has already obtained great favor with canners and market gardeners everywhere. Its solidity and carrying qualities are remarkable. Its color is red; perfectly smooth, and thicker from stem to blossom end than most varieties, making it very handsome and	05	.20	.60	2.00
salable,	409	. 40	.00	2,00
Ignotum. A very desirable, large, smooth, red tomato. One of the main crop varieties. Uniformly large size, bright color and smooth. Vines large, very productive; color deep crimson and very attractive,	.05	.20	.60	2.00

./	TOMATOES—Continued.				
7	The Mikado, or Turner Hybrid. The foliage differs from other tomatoes, the large leaves being entire and not cut. A rank grower and enormously productive. The fruit is extra large in size, round, very thick through and remarkably solid. Color, a deep brilliant red,		Oz.	14 Lb.	
t 📱	Ponderosa. No other tomato approaches this for size, weight and solidity. The vines are strong and vigorous, and easily carry their enormous weight of fruit. Its color is of a dark rich crimson, flesh solid,			1.00	
	Folden Queen. A real good yellow sort of first-class quality. It is solid, smooth, entirely free from ridges, large in size, ripens up early, and is a very hand-some sort; the larger and riper fruits are frequently tinged with red at the blossom end. None excel it for eating raw or slicing. Makes beautiful pre-			_,,,	
_	serves,	.05	.25	.75	2.25
;]	Yellow Plum. Fruit plum shaped, clear, deep yellow color and fine flavored, much esteemed for preserves,	.05	.25	.75	
	Strawberry, or Husk-Tomato. This unlike other varieties, grows, in a husk or pod, and may be kept all winter if the husks are not removed. The fruit has a pleasant strawberry-like flavor, and is much liked by some to eat raw; but				
	is generally used for preserves,	.05	.25	.75	

TOMATO PLANTS.

These we have grown from our own seed, in three inch pots, and, when of proper size, taken out and placed in convenient baskets, twelve in a basket, usually two varieties. Roots undisturbed; plants true to name, and fresh, insuring perfect satisfaction.

TURNIP.

For the main crop the old rule is good, "Sow turnips the 25th of July, wet or dry," yet large crops of fine smooth roots are often grown from seed planted early in August. New land plowed the previous Spring, thoroughly harrowed, and given a liberal dressing of some good commercial fertilizer will produce the best crops; sow broadcast, and rake or bush in. For Summer use, sow the early flat varieties as soon as the ground can be worked in the Spring, in drills twelve to fourteen inches apart, cover lightly and thin to six or eight inches apart in the rows. Avoid using fresh manure as it produces rough, scabby, worthless turnips.

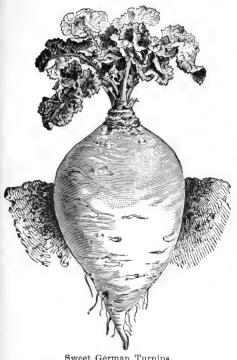
	the early flat varieties as soon as the ground can be worked in the Spri- fourteen inches apart, cover lightly and thin to six or eight inches apart using fresh manure as it produces rough, scabby, worthless turnips.	ng, in d	rills twe	ve to
	One ounce will sow ten square rods, one pound for one acre			
	Extra Early Purple Top Milan. This new variety of flat turnips is the earliest in cultivation. The bulb is of medium size, quite flat and smooth; skin, white, changing to bright purple above the ground; flesh white and firm;	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	and flavor mild and sweet.	.05	.20	.60
	Early White Flat Strap Leaf. A popular early market variety, of good size and quick growth; flesh, white, sweet and tender; good sort for early Spring planting.	05	.15	.50
	Early Purple Top Strap Leaf. A very popular kind,	.05	.10	.50
e de	more generally cultivated than the other flat varieties, as it is a quick grower and attains a much larger size, which makes it valuable for both Spring and late planting; flesh and skin white, skin changing to purple above ground; very compact and fine quality. Oz. 5 cts., ¼ lb. 15 cts.,			ف
	1b. 50 cts. Purple Top Globe. A large globe-shaped turnip, of			
	good quality, very productive and handsome; flesh, white and tender; skin, white with purple above ground. Good sort for Fall use either for table or feeding stock. Oz. 5 cts., ½ lb. 15 cts., lb. 50 cts.			8
	Long White or Cow Horn. This variety is carrot-			
	shaped in form, growing long and standing half out of ground. The flesh and skin are pure white, shading to green above the ground. It is very productive, and is grown largely for feeding purposes, though in Fall is considered a good table variety.	.05	.15	.50
	White Egg. The very best of all the white varieties, both for early and late			
	planting. A very quick grower of handsome egg shape, very smooth, pure white, thin skin; flesh, solid, mild, juicy and very sweet. Grows to a large size under favorable conditions and keeps until late in the Winter. One of the very best for market or private gardens	.05	.15	.50
	White Globe (Pomeranium). A very desirable, large, round, smooth, white	เบย	•10	.50
	turnip, both for table use and feeding stock; not as early as the flat kinds,	0.5	15	

but of good quality and productive.

.60

THE	NIP	C	onti	nued.

Sweet Yellow Globe. One of the very best turnips grown for general crop-	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
both for the table and feeding purposes—globe shaped, growing to a large			
size, very smooth and handsome. Color, pale yellow; flesh, very hard and			
firm, and in quality mild and sweet. Keeps well through the Winter.			
Deservedly one of the most popular varieties.	.05	.15	.50
Golden Rall. Globular in shape, growing to good size. Flesh, somewhat			
deeper color than the Yellow Globe, in texture hard and firm which makes			
it a good keeper and good quality.	.05	.15	.50



Sweet German Turnips.

TURNIPS. SWEDES.

These are also known as Ruta-Baga, Russian, French and Rock Turnips. Sow from the middle of June until the middle of July in drills two feet apart, and thin to eight or ten inches apart in the row; if large roots are wanted give more room. Cultivate thoroughly and keep free from weeds.

One ounce will sow one hundred and fifty feet of drill, one pound for one acre.

Budlong's Improved White French. This is an improved American variety of the White French, Swede, or Rock Turnip. Is earlier, growing more nearly globular in form than any of the other White Swedes. Grows to a good size and is very hard, solid and fine grained, mild sweet and splendid flavor, and will keep well until late in Spring, making it very desirable for Winter and Spring use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½ lb. 15 cts., lb. 60 cts.

Sweet German or White Rock. One of the very best of all the Swedish sorts for table use, and commanding a good price in our markets. Grows to a good size and shape and is quite smooth and a clear white flesh, very hard and brittle, but cooking very tender and sweet. As a Winter or Spring turnip it has no superior and few equals. Keeps very late in Spring. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 15 cts.

Improved American Purple Top Swede. A strain of vellow Ruta-Baga of American origin, selected to a smaller top and with a shorter neck than the English varieties. In

shape, oblong, with short tap root. While they grow to a large size on Pkt. Oz. 1/4 Lb. strong, newly cultivated land, they remain solid and fine grained. The flesh is of deep yellow color; skin, yellow, with purple above the ground. The quality and flavor very sweet and mild, and like the other Swedes, keeping until late in the Spring. .05.10 .15 Shamrock Swede. A very large growing English variety of Ruta-Baga, suitable for field culture, and grown mostly for feeding stock . .05 .10

.15 .50

TOBACCO.

Fine East Hartford Broad American Grown Havana.										Oz. \$.25 1.00	
Genuine Imported Havana.	•	•		•	•	•	•	ě	.25	.50	
SWEET HERBS.											

Broad Leaf	Sage.									.05	.15
Sweet Marjo									•	.05	.15
Summer Sav	ory.					•			. •	.05	.10
Thyme.						•				.05	.25
Lavender.	٠				•		•		•	.05	.15
Rosemary.		*•		•		•	•	•		.05	.25
Dill	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	.05	.10

For One Dollar, seeds in packets and ounces EXTRA SEEDS FREE. may be selected to the value of \$1.25; for two dollars,

to the value of \$2.50, and so on. This does not apply to quarter pounds, pounds, pints, quarts, pecks or bushels, only to seeds in packets and ounces.

Flower Seeds.

Brief Hints on Sowing and Cultivation.

THE NOIL. A mellow loam, which is a medium earth between the extremes of clay and sand, enriched with a compost of rotten manure and leaf mold, is adapted to the generality of flowering plants. Previous to planting flower beds or borders, care must be taken that they are so arranged that the ground may be a little elevated in the middle, that the water may run off, and that the plants may show to better advantage.

SOWING THE SEED. Nine-tenths of the failures in flower culture comes from improper treatment of the seeds and young plants. We urge every purchaser of our seeds to carefully study the cultural directions printed on each package, and the following general rules.

Do not plant any of the seeds when the ground is wet. Make the surface as fine and smooth as possible. Cover each sort of seed to a depth proportionate to its size: the finest, like Portulaca, Campanula, Digitalis, etc., should be merely sprinkled on the surface of the ground, and barely covered with finely-sifted, light, mellow soil. Press the soil down firmly over the seed with a brick or short piece of board. For large seeds, the depth should be regulated according to the size of the seed; those the size of a pin-head, one-half inch deep, and those the size of a pea, three-fourths of an inch.

Procure a bit of lath (it would be better if planed smooth) about two feet long, press the edge down into the soil evenly, so as to make a groove as deep as the seed is to be planted; scatter the seed along this, allowing four or five of the larger to fifteen or twenty of the smaller seeds to the space one plant is to occupy when grown. Cover the seed by pressing the earth together over it, then turn your lath sideways, and press the soil down firmly and evenly.

List of Flower Seeds.

ACROLINIUM.	Pkt.
A beautiful everlasting flower largely used for winter bouquets, for which purpose the flowers should be cut before they are fully expanded. Half Hardy Annuals.	
Double Mixed. One foot	.05
Single Mixed. Three feet	.05
ADONIS.	
A pretty annual of easy culture, with showy flowers, and handsome foliage. Hardy Annuals. Estivalis. (Flos Adonis). Scarlet, one foot.	.05
AGERATUM.	
This plant keeps up an almost constant bloom throughout the Summer and is particularly effective for bedding. It has the further merit of being of the easiest culture. Half-Hardy Annuals.	
	.05
Album. White fifteen inches	.05



Alyssum.

ALYSSUM.

Whether grown for Summer blooming or for flowering in Fall and Winter in the parlor or greenhouses, its easy culture, and the delicate honey-like fragrance of its flowers, so much prized in bouquets and baskets makes this old favorite largely grown.

Hardy Annual. Flowers white.

. .05

Sweet Alyssum. One foot. . Per ounce, 25 cts.

Tom Thumb Sweet Alyssum. One-half foot. .05

ASTERS.

Pkt.



New Branching Aster.

NEW BRANCHING.

The flowers are like beautiful chrysanthemums, large, very graceful, produced on long stems, well above the foliage. Grand for cutting. Plants extra large and of strong growth; one plant will cover a space two and a half feet square. By far the most satisfactory grown.

Mixed.									.10
White.									.10
Pink.									.10
Crimson.							•	Ĭ	.10
Purple.						•	•	•	.10
Lavender				•	•	•	•	•	.10
Rose.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10
Trose.									.10

TRUFFAUT'S PERFECTION.

Pæony Flowered.



One of the most perfect and deservedly one of the most popular of Asters. plants form large compact bushes about 18 inches high, which in the full flowering season are literally covered with large, extremely double, perfect shaped flowers, with incurved petals, differing in this respect from the Victoria, which have outcurved and are rivals

Truffaut's Perfection. curved and are rivals of that well known sort for variety and purity of 'colors.

-	•				
Many	Colors	Mixed.			.10
White					.10

Asters On' account of the easy culture and vigorous growth are deservedly very popular. For blooms in September and October when they flower at their best, sow the seed in the open ground early in May. If earlier blooms are wanted they may be sown in cold frames or in boxes or pots in the house. Cover the seeds about one-half inch with rich light soil. When the plants have three or four leaves, transplant eighteen inches apart in beds in which well decayed (not fresh) manure has been thoroughly incorporated. A good dressing of wood ashes stirred into the surface of the bed is very beneficial to the growth of plants and prevents' disease.

QUEEN OF THE MARKET.

A handsome profuse early blooming class of graceful spreading habit, producing finely-formed double flowers two or three weeks before most other Asters begin to bloom; extensively grown by florists for early cutting; 1½ feet.

Various	Co	lors	Mixe	ed.			.05
Whte.							.05

COMET or PLUME.

Resembles very closely a large flowered Japanese Chrysanthemum, the petals, being long and somewhat twisted or wavylike, curled, are recurved from the centre of the flower to the outer petals in such a

Pkt.

.10

.10

of the flower to the out	
regular manner as to	
still dense semi-globe;	two feet.

VICTORIA.



Giant Mixed.

Giant White.

Victoria.

This magnificent race of Asters are extensively grown. The beautiful imbricated flowers, which are freely produced on long stems are very large, quite double with out-curved petals, making a splendid contrast to the Pæony flowered varieties which are The plants incurved. often bear ten to twenty flowers, with the appearance of an elegant pyramid, 1½ feet high.

CHINA ASTER.

Fine Mixed. This is a mixture of many	
	05
fine sorts and all colors.	.00
-Reid's German Quilled. Flowers dou-	
ble. The petals have the appearance of	
quills or tubes. Finest Mixed Colors	,U5

AMARANTHUS.	calendula (Pot Marigold). Pk
Ornamental plants grown exclusively for the glowing effect produced by their mass of rich foliage. Half-Hardy Annuals. Caudatus. (Love-Lies-Bleeding). Dark, drooping flower spikes, 2 feet	Meteor. Very hand- some, perfectly dou- ble, and beautifully striped, the petals be- ing cream color edged with orange yellow. The color is very strik- ing, and the profu- sion with which they
AQUILEGIA (Columbine).	bloom for months is
Exceedingly showy flowers, and rank among the best plants for early Summer blooming. Hardy Perennials.	remarkable. Hardy Annuals
Mixed Double. All colors	The second second
BACHELOR'S BUTTONS.	Calendula. imbricated flowers in great profusion. The
(See Centaurea.)	color is a pale straw yellow, striped with a most intense shade of orange
BALSAM (Lady's Slipper).	Large-Flowered. This strain of Calendulas
We offer the finest strain of large flow-	produces flowers of very large size in two shades, deep lemon and orange red. Mixed
ered, perfectly dou- ble balsam in culti-	CANARY BIRD FLOWER.
vation. Its flowers, borne in wonderful	There is no more desirable climbing
profusion, are well formed, full and of immense size, being frequently over two	plant in cultivation than this. It is of rapid growth, and produces an abundance of yellow-fringed flowers. Half Hardy Annuals. Ten feet.
inches in diameter. This strain is also re-	CARNATION.
markable for bright and effective colors, embracing varied and brilliant self-colors, and also superbly	Marguerite. These superb new dwarf Carnations have created a great sensation, not only by reason of their fine double, fragrant flower, but also because they
Balsam. mottled and striped	can be treated as Annuals. Like the Chinese pinks they flower freely the first season
Tender Annuals. varieties. Balsam Camelia, Flowered. Choicest mixed	from the seed sown in the open ground1 Picotee. Fine double mixed. A splen-
varieties. Pure White. The most double Balsam grown 1 Flesh Colored. Fine	did strain of double Picotees; edges of petals bordered with various colors. Perennials
BALLOON VINE.	CANDYTUFT
A handsome Summer climber, having	(Iberis).
small white flowers, fifteen feet. Hardy	One of the most popular hardy an-
CACALIA (Tassel Flower).	nuals almost equal
A popular annual, free flowering and hardy. Flower, tassel shaped, yellow and	to Sweet Alyssum. Like it, it is of the easiest culture.
scarlet. Mixed Colors. One and one-half feet	1 ft. Hardy Annual.
CALLIOPSIS or COREOPSIS.	Fine Mixed0 White Rocket0
Showy hardy plants with rich, bright	Candytuft.
colored flowers blooming through the entire season. Hardy Annuals. Two feet.	CANNA (Indian Shot). With foliage of tropical luxuriance this
Mixed	plant is particularly suitable for forming groups on lawns, or placed as back-
CANTERBURY BELLS (Campanula).	grounds for dwarfer growing plants. Half Hardy Perennial.
Imposing hardy plants about 3 feet in height, profusely covered with large bell-shaped flowers, extremely showy and	Finest Mixed
valuable for cutting. Half-Hardy Annuals.	An old favorito Handy Annual
Double Mixed.	7

CENTAUREA (Dusty Miller). Pkt.	COSMOS. Pkt.
Valuable for ribbon bedding, the silvery whiteness of the leaves being very effec-	Magnificent Autumn flowering plants which attain a height of nearly five feet,
tive. Perennials.	and in the fall months are literally cov-
Centaurea Gymnocarpa. A graceful silver foliage variety	ered with flowers that range through all shades of rose, purple, flesh-color and
CENTAUREA	pure-white, which closely resembles sin-
(Bachelors Buttons).	gle dahlias. Excellent for cutting. Hardy Annuals.
Cyanus Minor. Also often called Corn	Early Hybrids. Flowers large and in great variety. Seed sown in the open ground
Flower and Ragged Sailor. One of the	in May will bloom from July to frost10
finest annuals grown for cut flowers. Blooms all Summer. Hardy Annuals.	California Hybrids. A strain embracing flowers of the most remarkable shapes,
Mixed	sizes and colors
CHRYSANTHEMUM.	Mammoth. Large flowers of choice colors.
The colors have the appearance of being	—
laid on with the brush, and for this reason	——Pink
they are frequently called "painted daisies." Hardy Annuals.	——Dark Rose
Mixed Annual Varieties. Single05 Mixed Annual Varieties. Double05	DIANTHUS (Pinks).
COBEA.	The China pinks are describedly very
A fine Summer climbing plant, quick	popular, as but few flowers can equal them in beauty and profusion of bloom.
growing, and bearing large bell-shaped flowers. In sowing place the seed edgewise.	They comprise many distinct and most
Half-Hardy Perennial.	beautiful marked varieties of rich and va-
Scandens. Purple. 20 feet	ried colors. They
COCKSCOMB.	blossom continually all summer and fall,
Celosia Cristata. Annual plants of tropical origin, and one of the most satisfac-	until overtaken by severe frost; they
tory and showy plants for garden decor-	live over winter and
ations. Half-Hardy Annuals. Dwarf. Mixed. (Cockscomb.) 1 foot05	blossom finely again the second season.
COREOPSIS. (See Calliopsis.)	They are alike ornamental in the garden
CONVOLVULUS.	or for bouquets. The
(Morning Glory.)	plants grow gener- ally 10 to 15 inches
All will recognize	Dianthus. high, and are of the easiest cultivation. So satisfactory a class
this most popular annual for in this tribe	of flowers should be grown in large variety in every garden. Hardy Annuals.
is included the well known Morning Glo-	China or Indian Pink. Finest Double
ry. The minor va-	Mixed
rieties are largely used, and well suit-	Japanese Pink. Finest Double Mixed in great variety.
ed for bedding. They attain an aver-	Double Diadem Pink. Hieroglyphically
age height of one	marked like the original Chinese Pinks, in the middle down to the base of each petal;
foot. Half Hardy Annuals.	very double, large flowers, magnificent in color and variety
Convolvulus Major.	
Mixed. 15 feet05 Per ounce, 10 cts.	DAHLIA.
Morning Glory. Convolvulus Minor. 1 foot. Tri-color rosens.	Single. Many of the
Beautiful rose-colored flowers, with pure	varieties of these single Dahlias are
white center, fringed with purple, and shading away toward the throat in five	exceedingly beauti-
broad bands of rich golden yellow05	ful, and the seed we offer, saved from
CYPRESS VINE.	one of the best collections extant, may
A popular annual climbing plant with delicate fern-like foliage. Half Hardy	be expected to pro-
Annuals. 15 feet.	duce many distinct desirable sorts.
White	Perennials10
Mixed	Single Dahlia.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove). Pkt.	HOLLYHOCK. Pkt
Handsome ornamental plants of a state- ly growth and varied colors. Culture same as Delphinium. Hardy Perennials. Mixed Varieties	Sow from June to August in light soil. Thin out the seedlings sufficiently early to allow individual development of growth. In October plant out where to bloom. The plants should have a mulching of leaves
EVERLASTING FLOWERS. (See Helichrysum and Acroclinum.)	or litter for winter protection, or should be planted in cold frames for early flower- ing. In our climate it is best to sow every
ESCHSCHOLTZIA	season, treating the plant as a biennial. Fine Mixed. Double varieties from named
(California Poppy). Very profuse blooming plants of ex-	flowers
tremely rich and beautiful colors. 1 foot.	Pink
Hardy Annuals. Fine Mixed. All colors	Crimson
FORGET-ME-NOT.	Salmon
(See Myosotis.)	HUMULUS JAPONICUS
GAILLARDIA.	(Japan Hop).
Beautiful showy plants, natives of this	Very ornamental and rapid-growing
country, presenting quite a diversity of color. Half-Hardy Annuals.	climber with handsome finely cut foliage, which does not suffer from heat or the
Double Lorenziana	attack of insects. 15 to 20 feet. Hardy
GLOBE AMARANTHUS.	Annual. Green Foliage
Remarkably handsome Everlasting. The flowers may be cut in summer and preserved for winter bouquets. <i>Half-Hardy</i>	Variegated Foliage
Annuals.	
Purple. 2 feet	HELIANTHUS (Sunflower).
GOURDS (Ornamental).	Tall growing plants, with large and showy flowers. Hardy Annuals.
All of this climbing genus are of rapid	Californicus fl. pl. Extra large and double. 5 feet
growth, and produce fruit of peculiar and varied forms. Tender Annuals. Bottle-Shaped	5 feet
Bottle-Shaped	IPOMAEA.
Dipper	Splendid climbers, with large, bright
Pear-Shaped. Ringed	colored flowers; they are exceedingly pretty when grown among other climbers. Hardy Annual.
Sugar Trough	Noctiflora Hybrida. (Moon Flower). Large,
GODETIA.	fragrant white flowers
Well worthy extended cultivation; their	large lovely blue flowers; should be sown
delicate tints of purple and pink have long made them favorites in English gardens,	early in heat to insure bloom through the season
although natives of America. <i>Hardy Annuals</i> .	ICE PLANT.
Fine Mixed	Trailing plant; the leaves and stems
GILIA. Very pretty dwarf plants; will bloom	are covered with crystalline globules, giving it the appearance of being covered with ice. Half-Hardy Annuals.
in almost any situation; admirably adapted for massing. Hardy Annuals.	Ice Plant. Half-foot
All Colors Mixed	INDIAN SHOT (See Canna).
HELICHRYSUM	
(Everlasting Flower).	LARKSPUR (Annual Delphinium).
Flowers mostly used for winter bou- quets, for which purpose they are cut	A most desirable and beautiful genus, the
$\hat{\mathbf{p}}$ before blooms are expanded and dried in the shade. Hardy Annuals.	prevailing hue of whose flowers is blue. Hardy Annuals.
Monstrosum. Double. The brightest colors mixed	Dwarf Rocket. Finest mixed double. 1 ft05 Tall Rocket. Finest mixed double. 2½
Half Dwarf. Splendid mixed	

LINUM (Flowering Flax).	Pkt.
The garden varieties of this are conspicuous for their brilliant colors. Hardy	A 15.Us
Annuals. Coccineum. Scarlet. 1 foot	.05
LOBELIA.	.00
Low growing plants, admirably adapted	
for the front lines of ribbon borders, and for vases and hanging-baskets. Half-Hardy Annuals.	
Mixed Erinus Varieties	.05
pact deep blue variety, ½ foot.	.10
MARIGOLD.	
The African varieties are stronger in	
habit, and produce larger flowers than the French. The striped varieties vary considerably in their markings, being sometimes blotched or striped and sometimes beautifully gold-laced. The African is the tallest and most striking in large beds, while the French varieties are admirably adapted for small beds or as a foreground to taller plants. Half-Hardy Annuals. African Quilled. Orange, brown and yellow.	
Mixed. 2 feet	.05
El Dorado. The flowers are globular, as perfectly double as a show Dahlia, and of enormous size, measuring three and a half to four inches across. They embrace four shades of color—the lightest primrose, lemon, rich golden yellow and deep	
intense glowing orange	.05
French Dwarf. Orange, brown and yellow. Mixed. 1 foot	.05
New French Compact Gold Striped. 6 inches.	.05
For Pot Marigolds see "Calendula."	
MARVEL OF PERU	
(Four O'clocks).	
The flowers—red, white, yellow and variegated—grow in clusters to the summit of the stem. They are exceedingly fragrant, expanding in the evening and withering in the morning. The roots may be preserved through the winter like Dahlias. Hardy Annuals. Finest Wixed. 2 feet.	٥٤
	.05
MIMILUS (Monkey Flower).	
Comprises numerous varieties, with white sulphur and yellow grounds, spotted crimson, searlet and pink. They luxuriate in damp, shady situations and bloom freely in the early summer months. Half-Hardy Perennials.	
Musk Scented.	.10
Tigrinus. An exceedingly beautiful new blotched and spotted hybrid. Mixed.	.10



Mignonette Machet.

MIGNONETTE.	Pkt
The Mignonette (Resedo Odorato) is universally a favorite on account of its delicate fragrance. Thin the plants to 6 inches apart, and pinch off the tops when 2 inches high; this will make the plants stronger with larger flower spikes. Hardy Annuals.	
Large Flowering. The old favorite, sweet- scented variety	. 05
Machet. A French variety, with broad spikes of very fragrant, red flowers.	.10
MIMOSA (Sensitive Plant).	
A very interesting and curious plant, its leaves closing if touched or shaken. Half-Hardy Annuals	. 05
MORVING GLORY. (See Convolvulus). Finest Mixed. 15 feet.	.05
MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not).	
` •	
This popular plant is very beautiful, and too well known to need mentioning. They succeed best in moist situations. Hardy Perennials.	
Dissitiflora. (True.) Blue. ½ foot.	.10
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NASTURTIUM.

MIGNONETTE.

Nasturtiums are valuable Summer flowering plants, for the reason they require but little care, and stand well the heat and drought. Seed sown in the Spring in any fair garden soil, not too rich, will produce a profusion of blooms. The colors include all the shades of yellow and scarlet, often spotted and striped. The leaves of some are very light, transparent green, while in others they are very dark, almost purplish. In our mixtures which we make up of separate named sorts, the best English, also French and German grown varieties are found in great variety, which cannot be surpassed. Hardy Annuals.

TALL	NAS	ľUI	RTI	UM.		Pkt.
Black Br	own.				Per oz15	05
Bright R	OSO.		•	•		
Brownish	Lilac		•	•	Per oz15	
Bright R Brownish Chamaelo	oon.	•	•		Per oz15	
Chocolate	2	•	•		Per oz15	
Dark Cri	mson.	•	•	•	Per oz10	
Dark Cri Orange.	III SOII •	•			Per oz10	
Pagri	•	•	•	•	Per oz15	.05
Rosa	•	•		•	Per oz. 15	.05
Scarlet	•	•	•	•	Per oz15 Per oz15 Per oz15	.05
Spotted.		•	•		Per oz15	.05
Straw Co	dor. V	Vith	scarl	let st	Per oz15 ripe. oz10	.05
Strined.					Per oz15	.05
Sunlight.	. Laro	e Ye	llow		Per oz15	.05
Violet Ri	ibv.				Per oz15 Per oz15 Per oz15	.05
Codwoll	Tonos	9 Sn1	andid	Wiv	ed. Includes	
all the	corte e	ng e	olors	in o	great variety.	
()7 15	ets 2	07	25 ct	te 1	4 lb. 40 cts.,	
1h \$1.5	0.00., 2	UL.	20 0	000,	<u>.</u> 10. 10 000.,	.05
10. ψ1.0	0			•	10 -4- 0	.00
mixed.	1/11 (ariet	ies.	UZ.	10 cts., 2 oz.	0.5
15 cts.,	10. 2	20 01	s., 10	. 10 (ets	.00
LOBBIANU	M VAI	RIET	TES.			
					Don 07 90	٥٤
Condinal	Dazz	TITE	Scar	ret.	Per oz20 Per oz15	.00
Cardinate	- Dari	Most	uma.	rea.	colors15	.05
Madame	inod or	r "n	tyurr	us.	The flowers	
are str	ipeu 01	ond ond	лепе	u Wl	th shades of	
red on	yenow Og 12	allu	orang	ge gr	ound. Finest	٥=
mixea.	OZ. 19	cts.	, 1/4	.0.40	cts	.00

TOM THUMB NASTURTIUM.



Tom Thumb Nasturtium.

planted in poor soil, they flower most profusely, and remain long in bloom. Most useful for bedding plants. One foot. Hardy Annuals. Aurora. Carmine and primrose Oz. 20 .05 Yellow-Beauty. orange, with bright scarlet spots. Oz. .10 .05 Bronze. Oz. .15 .05 Cœrulea rosea. Beautiful peach color.

The Dwarf or Tom

Thumb Nasturtiums

are unrivaled in beau-

ty and effect. When

Oz. 15 cts. .05 Chameleon. Crimson bronze, and gold, Oz. .20 .05 extra choice strain. Crimson. Dark crimson maroon. Oz. .15 .05 Crystal Palace Gem. Sulphur-yellow, with bright carmine spots. Oz. .10 .05 Empress of India. Of dwarf habit, with dark foliage; flowers are most brilliant Oz. .15 .05 crimson. Oz. .20 .05 H. M. Stanley. Copper colored. King Theodore. Dark chocolate-crimson. Oz. .15 King of Tom Thumbs. Rich crimson-scarlet. . Oz. .10 .05 The nearest approach to white. Pearl. Oz. .10 .05 Rose. Rosy crimson, with bluish tinge. Oz. .15 .05 Ruby King. Rich ruby rose. Oz. .15 .05 Spotted King. Golden yellow, chocolate Oz. .15 .05 spots.



Nasturtium.

TOM THUMB NASTURTIUM. Violet Ruby. Oz. .15 .05 Yellow. Fine clear yellow. Oz. .10 .05 Cadwell & Jones' Splendid Mixed. All colors in great variety. Oz. 15 cts., 2 oz. 25 cts., ½ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.50. Mixed. Good varieties. Oz. 10 cts., 2 oz. 15 ets., ½ lb. 20 ets., lb. 75 ets.

PERILLA.

Having black, purple-colored foliage, this ornamental plant makes a fine contrast with light or silver-leafed plants usually used for lawn groups. Half-Hardy Annual.

Nankinensis. 1½ feet. . .05



Single Petunia.

PETUNIA.

Favorite plant, succeeding well in any rich soil. For the brilliancy and varietv of their colors, abundance of flowers and the long duration of their blooming period, they are indispensable in any garden. and are also highly prized for growing in pots for the green-house or sitting-room. Hardy Annual.

Striped and Blotched. Extra fine mixed. .05 Double Large Flowering. Mixed .

PINKS (See Dianthus).

Plrt



The Pansy is very popular and too well known to need description. Seed sown from the middle of July to the middle of August and protected through the Winter in cold frames or with a light covering of litter will greet you in the earliest Spring with a profusion of blossoms. When sown in the Spring get it in as early as possible, either in a hot-

bed or in the open ground. Any situation will give fine flowers in the Spring and Autumn, but for Summer blooms it should be planted where it is somewhat shaded. Hardy Perennial.

PANSY.

Bugnot's Large Stained Mixed Colors. A strain of extra large size, choicest colors, and with beautiful broad blotches and	
delicate pencilings	.25
Cadwell & Jones' Splendid Mixed. A supe-	
rior mixture, selected from choice, large-	
flowering strains of English, French and	
German growers	.15
Giant Trimardeau. Remarkable for the	
extra large size of the flowers which are	
carried well above the foliage. Most of	
the flowers are marked with three large	
blotches or spots	.10
blotches or spots. Large Flowering Choice Mixed. The flow-	
ers are uniformly of very large size, beau-	
tifully stained and blotched	.05
Violet White Edged (or Lord Beaconsfield).	
A deep purple violet, shading to white	
on upper petals	.05
Faust, or King of Blacks. The densest	
black pansy known.	.05
Pure White. A delicate white.	.05
Pure Yellow	.05

POPPY.



A showy and easily cultivated hardy annual, with large and brilliant colored flowers, and growing freely in any garden soil, producing a fine effect in large clumps or mixed beds. Sow early in the Spring where they are to remain, as they will not bear transplanting. 2 feet. Hardy Annuals.

Carnation Flowered. Double Mixed, 2 feet. .05 Poppy. French. Ranum mixed, 2 feet. Ranunculus Flowered. Double Shirley. These are generally single or semi-

double. The color extending from pure white through the most delicate shades of pale pink, rose and carmine to deepest

	P	OP	P	\mathbf{v}	
CL.		v.			۰

White Swan. size, very doublest possible wh	ble, la	cinia	ited,	of th	e p	ur-	.08
PEREN	NIAI	VA	RIET	TES.			
Poppy Iceland. orange.	Brig	ht y	ellow	, whi	te a	nd	
Mixed Single.							.05
Mixed Double.							.10
Oriental. Very blotch. 3 feet							

PORTULACA.

Hardy Annuals of the easiest culture, luxuriating in an exposed sunny situation. and producing flowers of almost every hue in the greatest profusion. ½ foot.

Splendid Mixed. Single, all colors. Large Flowering. Double Mixed. .05 . .15

PHLOX DRUMMONDII.



These flowers are of extreme beauty, and are greatly admired by all. Their long duration in bloom combined with their almost unequaled richness of color renders them of invaluable service in the general flower garden; and a finer sight than a bed of Phlox Drummondii is rare to be seen. Half-Hardy Annuals.

Phlox. Grandiflora. A much improved strain with very large flowers in great variety of colors.

Mixed. . White.

RICINUS (Castor Oil Bean).

Tall majestic plants for lawns, with leaves of glossy green, brown or bronzed metallic hue, and long spikes of prickly capsules of scarlet and green. Of very quick growth in rich soil. Tender Annual. Gibsoni. Handsome deep red foliage. Sanguineus. Leaves green, stalks blood-variety attain a gigantic size, measuring 2 to 2½ feet across, and include light and dark green and coppery bronze colors. The plant forms a noble pyramid, 12 to 14 feet high, thickly set with gigantic leaves. .05

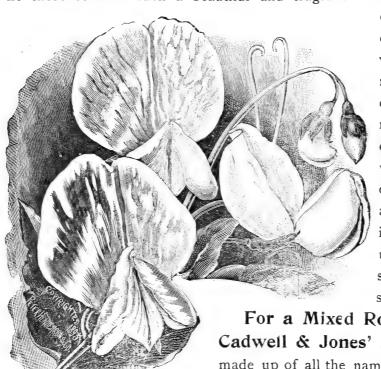
SCABIOSA.

Mourning Bride or Sweet Scabious. The flowers are quite double and globular, varying in all the shades of white, carmine, maroon, lilac. etc. 1 foot. . .

SENSITIVE PLANT. (See Mimosa).

SWEET PEAS.

Without doubt Sweet Peas are more generally grown than any other flower, but no more so than such a beautiful and fragrant flower deserves. Specialists and



enthusiasts in its culture are continually bringing out new varieties which are improvements upon the older sorts in color and form, until the list now runs up among the hundreds. In the following list we have discarded many of the older ones without sacrificing a single variety not reproduced in an improved larger form under another name, thus simplifying the process of selection.

For a Mixed Row we especially recommend Cadwell & Jones' Splendid Mixed, which is made up of all the named sorts listed below, in good proportions, so that the effect while in bloom on the vines or for bunching is handsome.

UNIFORM PRICE: 5 cts. per packet; 10 cts. per ounce.

Assorted Varieties, ten packets, 35 cts. or ten ounces, 65 cts.

	¼ Lb.	Lb.		¼ Lb.	Lb
Aurora. Salmon and white stripe: blossoms large and one of the pret-			Crown Jewel. Primrose ground, veined with violet-rose,	.20	.60
tiest of the stripes	.20	.6 0	Dorothy Tennant. Deep rosy mauve.	.20	.60
Blanche Ferry. Large, pink and white.	.15	.45	Duke of Clarence. Bright rosy claret;		
Blanche Ferry Extra Early. Same as			sort of purple maroon; very large.	.20	.50
preceding, but two weeks earlier	.20	.50	Earliest of All. Blossoms same as		
Brilliant. Bright crimson scarlet	.20	.60	extra early Blanche Ferry, but earlier	.20	.60
Captain Clark. White and lavender, streaked with carmine	.15	.45	Emily Henderson. Pure white, large bold flowers.	.20	.50
Captain of the Blues. Purplish mauve standard and blue wings California. Very light soft pink, a	.20	.60	Fashion. A beautiful shade of cerise-pink,	.20	.60
shade lighter than Blushing Beauty, much the same form of blossom.	.15	.45	Gorgeous. Standard salmon-orange, wings softer and deeper,	.20	.60
Captivation. Purplish magenta; quite unlike any other shade	.20	.55	Gray Friar. Marbled purple on white ground.	.20	.50
Chancellor. Bright shade of orange- pink,	.20	.60	Hon. F. Bouverie. Standard flesh- pink; wings rosy buff,	.20	.60
Countess Cadogan. Reddish-mauve standard; wings violet-blue, Countess of Lathom. Cream Pink,	.25	.75	Katherine Tracy. Soft but brilliant pink,	.20	.50
self colored, large sized flowers borne three on a stem	.25	.75	Lady Grisel Hamilton. Pale lavender- blue,	.25	.75

SWEET PEAS—Continu	ed.	
Lady Mary Currie. Bright orange pink	½ Lb. .20	Lb.
Lottie Eckford. White, suffused with lavender blue,	.20	.60
Lovely. Blush pink and rose	.20	.60
Maid of Honor. Almost white with light bluish lavender edge. Is a distinct improvement on Butterfly.	.20	.60
Modesty. Very soft blush, almost white. The lightest pink Sweet Pea of all.	.20	.60
Mrs. Dugdale. A beautiful deep rose, Mrs. Eckford. Pale primrose yellow.	.20	.60
The best of this shade	.20	.60
Navy Blue. Bluish purple standard, navy blue wings; new and distinct, very blue and the best dark blue yet introduced.	.25	.75
New Countess. A beautiful clear light lavender.	.20	.60
Oriental. Suffused bright orange-	.20	.60
	.25	.75
Othello. Deep glossy maroon,		.10
Prima Donna. Light but bright blush pink. A very attractive pretty shade of pink	.20	.60
Princess of Wales. Purplish mauve and blue striped white	.20	.60
Ramona. White, striped with light pink. Well formed, large blossoms.	.20	.55
Royal Rose. Standard deep rose shading with lighter pink; very light pink wings. Very large blossoms.	.20	.60
Sadie Burpee,—Black-seeded. Newly opened Blossoms, tinted with pink changing to a pure white,	.20	.60
Sadie Burpee, - White-seeded, Large pure white,	.20	.60
Salopian. Pure cardinal, the best type of this shade	.20	. 60
Sensation. White, suffused with faint blush,	.20	.60
Shazada. Deep maroon standard; in-		
digo blue wings. Stella Morse. Primrose yellow, tinged	.20	.60
with blush pink, perhaps more correctly a rich cream color. Venus. Light salmon, suffused with	.20	.50
buff. Turns deeper after opening a	.20	.60
Cadwell & Jones' Splendid Mixed. Our own mixture of the above-named varieties, in good proportions to produce the handsomest effect for bunching or in the row. Pkt 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 2 oz. 15 cts., ½ 1b. 20 cts., ½ 1b. 35 cts., 1b. 60 cts. Choice Mixed. Including all colors		
and many of Eckford's Large Flowering. 2 oz. 10 cts., ½ lb. 15 cts., ½ lb. 25 cts., lb. 40 cts. Good Mixed. A mixture of old sorts. oz. 5 cts., lb. 30 cts.		
Z UZ. O CLS., IU. OU CLS.		



SALVIA

(Flowering Sage).

The Salvia is one of the most beautiful of all flowers. The brilliant spikes of scarlet flowers produce for months a dazzling effect. Half Hardy Perennials.

Salvia.

SALPIGLOSSIS.

Beautiful autumn-blooming plants, with funnel-shaped flowers, curiously veined and marbled. *Half-Hardy Annuals*.

Large Flowered. Finest mixed. 1½ feet. .05

STOCKS (German Ten Weeks) Gilliflower.



All the varieties are desirable as pot plants as well as in the open garden. They are greatly prized for cut flowers, on account of their fragrance and diversity of colors. To have a continuous succession of bloom, sow at intervals, from the beginning of March to the end of May. Half Hardy Annuals.

SWEET WILLIAM



Sweet William.

Dianthus Barbatus.

For display in the garden the Sweet William is unsurpassed. The seed can be planted very early in the spring, in open ground, and will blossom the following summer; or it can be sown in August, and will make fine bloom-

ing plants for spring. Hardy Perennial. 1½ feet.

SNAPDRAGON				Pkt.
(Antirrhinum M	ains).			
An old border glossy leaves, and flowers with finel have been much by careful select first season from Tender Perennial.	plant, value of large out y marked improved ion. The seed so	riously throats. of late y blosse	shaped They e years om the	
Fine Mixed. 2 to 3		,		.05
Dwarf Mixed. 1 fo				.05
THUNBERGIA.				
Extremely orn climbers, of rapid age, and much ad greenhouse cultur out of doors. Ha	growth, I mired flow re or in w	handson vers; ge arm site	ne foli- ood for uations	
Mixed Varieties.				.05
VE	RBENA	١.		
	Verbenare more are more from seed tings and over, a change over the control of th	easily of than fro there is ance of	btained om cut- , more- raising	

Verbena.

Spring, they flower quite early in the season, and a single plant in good rich soil, will cover a space, 4 or 5 feet in diameter, producing, if the flowers are cut as they begin to fade a mass of bloom until killed by frost. Half-Hardy Perennials.

Extra Fine Mixed.

WALLFLOWER. Well known plants, with large spikes of deliciously fragrant flowers, and beautiful deep colors. Half-Hardy Biennial. Double Branching. Finest mixed colors. .10 Earliest Paris. New single strain of fine colors, blooming quite early. Single Branching. Finest colors. . .05

WHITLAVIA.

Pretty and charming plants, with delicate and handsome foliage, producing in constant succession bright, bell-shaped flowers. Hardy Annuals. 1 foot.

Finest Mixed.

ZINNIA ELEGANS.

(Youth and Old Age.)



The Double Zinnia is one of the sterling novelties of recent years. The flowers are large, beautifully formed and exceedingly handsome. Few plants in the flowerborder are more effective, and scarcely any flower when cut is more suitable for table bouquets. Being of rather robust habit, it requires but moderately rich soil. The seed may be sown

. .05

in the open ground or in heat, according to the time it is desired to flower. Half-Hardy-Annuals.

Large Flowered.	D	ouble	mix	ed.		.05
Carmine						.05
Lemon Color.						.05
Black Purple.						.05
Dark Violet.					•	.05
Cream White.						.05
Striped Mixed.						.05

POMPONE.

Flowers about one-half the size of ordinary variety, and very double. Mixed. .05

SELECTED FARM SEEDS.

SEED GRAINS.

Barley is largely grown in New England for a late Fodder Crop. It can be sown from early Spring until September; as it withstands the most severe frosts, it makes the best of green feed long after all other kinds are gone. It is also often mixed with Field Peas, being equally hardy. Sow about two bushels per acre; if with Peas, one bushel each. Market Price.

SPRING RYE. This is especially valuable for a "Catch Crop" to sow where Winter grain has failed. The straw is some shorter and stiffer than the Winter variety and is always easily secured, while the grain, although smaller, is of equal value. Sow about one and one-half bushels per acre. Market Price.

The time for sowing is from the middle of August to the last WINTER WHITE RYE. of September. Prepare the ground as for wheat and sow broadcast, or with a drill at the rate of one and one-half bushels per acre. This has no equal as a crop to be used for late Fall and early Spring pasture, and is one of the best to turn under for green manure.



JAPANESE BUCKWHEAT. The plants are large and vigorous, maturing seed early, and resisting drought and blight remarkably well; the grain is much larger and has a thinner hull than the Common or the Silver Hull. Buckwheat should be sown about the 20th of June, broadcast, at the rate of about three pecks per acre; the average yield being from twenty-five to thirty bushels. It should be threshed as soon as dry, for if allowed to stand in mass, it quickly gathers moisture. Market Price.

SPRING WHEAT, WINTER WHEAT,

Market Price.

Ensilage and Fodder Crops.

PEAS FOR FODDER. For the Northern States there is no crop of greater value than Field Peas and none is more neglected, which can only be attributed to a lack of knowledge as to its merits. Whether for fodder, in mixture with oats or barley, or the Peas sown alone for plowing under, there is no crop that we can so strongly recommend for more extended culture. Like all leguminous crops, Peas have the power of extracting nitrogen from the air, and the soil from which a crop of Peas has been harvested is richer in nitrogen than before the Peas were sown upon it, and there is no kind of live stock on the farm to which Peas and Oats or Barley in mixture cannot be fed with positive advantage.

Canada Field Peas, .						\$1.75
Black-Eyed Marrowfat	Peas	9				2.75
Blount's Prolific Corn,						1.75
Leaming's Dent Corn,						1.75
Evergreen Sweet Corn,						
Veitches,						

LEGUMINOUS CROPS TO PLOW UNDER FOR GREEN MANURING.

COW PEAS. The great soil improvers. Makes poor land rich. Makes good land more productive. There is no surer or cheaper means of improving and increasing the productiveness of soils than by sowing the Cow Pea. It has more than any other leguminous plant the power to extract from the atmosphere nitrogen or ammonia and store this most costly of soil enrichers in its vines and roots, so that even if the crop is cut off for fodder or

enrichers in its vines and roots, so that even if the crop is cut off for fodder or ensilage, the soil is greatly improved. Where it is desired to turn the whole crop under as a soil improver it is better to do so after the vines are partly dead.

COW PEAS and **SOJA BEANS** may be sown in June or early in July after crops of grain, early vegetables, potatoes or strawberries, and make an enormous growth by October, and have the land ready for use for late Fall or early Spring planting, or they may be sown between rows of corn or other green crops at the last cultivation in midsummer.

On account of fluctations in values which we cannot anticipate at the time our catalogue is issued In January the following prices are subject to change.

NEW ERA COW PEA. This extra early Cow Pea is particularly well adapted for planting in the North where the seasons are short. It is quicker in growth than any other Cow Pea, makes a very large growth of vine and very prolific yield of peas which are fully one-third smaller in size than the ordinary Cow Pea, so that it requires only one-half to three-fourths of a bushel per acre. Price, per bushel, \$3.00.

WONDERFUL, OR UNKNOWN. This popular variety in yield and growth of vines, surpasses any of the varieties of Cow Peas. It will also hold its leaves and foliage better than other kinds, which gives it a decided advantage where it is sown for forage. Price, per bushel, \$2.25.

WHIPPOORWILL. A favorite early bunch-growing variety, has brown-speckled seed. This variety is a prime favorite in the North and West on account of its early maturity and habit of growth. Price, per bushel, \$2.25.

MIXED COW PEAS. In the Mixed Cow Peas are the Clay, Southdown, Wonderful, Whippoorwill and other Southern varieties. A great many farmers prefer to sow in mixture, as they grow thicker, producing a better crop of vines and forage than sowing single varieties alone. Price, per bushel. \$2.00.

SOJA BEANS. Unquestionably the richest and most nutritious forage and feed crop grown, making the "Balanced Feed" for hogs. Dairy Cows, and fattening stock. Also, makes a splendid soil improver, and is unequalled as a drought-resisting crop. Price, per bushel, \$2.00.

GRASS SEEDS.

General List.

Prices Subject to Market Changes.

Timothy-Herd's Grass (Phleum Pratense). One-half bushel to the acre (forty-five pounds to a bushel). Market price.

Red Top Grass (Agrostis Vulgaris). Absolutely clean and free from chaff. Fifteen pounds to the acre (thirty-six pounds to a bushel). Market price per pound.

Fancy Clean Blue Grass, Kentucky (Poa Pratensis). Also called June Grass. Fancy recleaned seed. Thirty pounds to the acre (twenty-five pounds to a bushel). Market price.

Creeping Bent (Agrostis Stolonifera). Fifty pounds to the acre (fifteen pounds to the bushel.) Per pound, 25 cents.

Crested Dog's Tail (Cynosurus Cristatus). Twenty-five pounds to the acre (twenty-six pounds to a bushel). Per pound, 45 cents.

Hard Fescue (Festuca Duriuscula). Thirty pounds to the acre (twelve pounds to a bushel). Per pound, 12 cents.

Meadow Fescue (Festuca Pratensis). Forty pounds to the acre (fifteen pounds to the bushel). Per pound, 12 cents.

Meadow Foxtail (Alopecurus Pratensis). Twenty-five pounds to the acre (eight pounds to the bushel). Per pound, 28 cents.

Orchard Grass (Dactylis Glomerata). Three bushels to the acre (fourteen pounds to a bushel). Per pound, 18 cents; bushel, market price.

Red or Creeping Fescue (Festuca Rubra.) Thirty pounds to the acre (fourteen pounds to a bushel.) Per pound, 18 cents.

Rhode Island Bent (Agrostis Canina). Three bushels to the acre (ten pounds to a bushel). Per pound, 25 cents.

Rough-Stalked Meadow Grass (Poa Trivialis). Twenty pounds to the acre (ten pounds to the bushel). Per pound, 42 cents.

Rye Grass, English (Lolium Perenne). Two bushels to the acre (twenty-four pounds to a bushel). Per pound, 10 cents.

Rye Grass, Italian (Lolium Italicum). Two bushels to the acre (eighteen pounds to a bushel). Per pound, 10 cents.

Sweet Vernal Grass (Anthoxantum Odoratum). Thirty-five pounds to the acre (ten pounds to a bushel). Per pound, \$1.00.

Tall Meadow Oat Grass (Avena Elatior). Six bushels to the acre (twelve pounds to a bushel). Per pound, 22 cents.

Sheep Fescue (Festuca Ovina). Thirty pounds to the acre (twelve pounds to a bushel). Per pound, 15 cents.

Wood Meadow Grass (Poa Nemoralis). Twenty-eight pounds to the acre (fourteen pounds to a bushel). Per pound, 45 cents.

Yellow Oat Grass (Avena Flavescens). Thirty-five pounds to the acre (eight pounds to the bushel). Per pound, 65 cents.

CLOVERS.

Large Red Mammoth, or Pea Vine (Trifolium Pratense). If sown alone fifteen to twenty pounds to the acre.

Medium Red Clover (Trifolium Pratense). If sown alone, fifteen to twenty pounds to the acre.

White Clover (Trifolium Repens). If sown alone, eight to ten pounds to the acre; about 25 to 35 cents per pound.

Alsike Clover, Swedish (Tritolium Hybridum). If sown alone, eight to ten pounds to the acre; about 25 cents per pound.

Alfalfa or Lucerne Ciover (Medicago Sativa). Also called California and Chilian Clover. If sown alone, twenty pounds to the acre. Per pound, 15 to 20 cents.

 ${\bf Crimson} \ \ {\bf Clover} \ \ ({\it Trifolium\ Incarnatum}). \ \ {\bf An\ annual\ with\ crimson\ flowers.} \ \ {\bf Twelve\ to\ fifteen\ pounds\ to\ the\ aere.}$

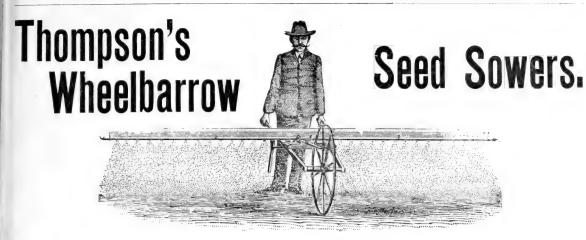
MILLETS.

Sow three-fourths to one bushel to the acre.

Hungarian Grass. (Sectaria Germanica). Forty-eight pounds to the bushel. Market price.

Golden or German Millet. Fifty pounds to the bushel. Market price.

Japanese or Barnyard Millet. Thirty-two pounds to the bushel. Market price.



NO. 5 GRASS SEEDER.

It is adapted to sow Clover, Timothy, Red Top, Hungarian, Millet, Orchard Grass, Fancy Blue Grass and Chaffy Seeds. In this it has no rival. It cannot clog.

PRICE, 14=foot Hopper,

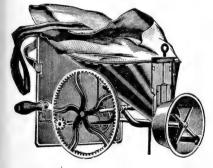
\$8.00

NO. 4 GRAIN SEEDER.

This machine is simply our wheelbarrow gearing furnished with a Hopper 10 feet long, arranged for sowing Wheat, Rye, Oats and Barley broadcast, in any quantity required per acre. The Hopper will do for any of the Wheelbarrow Seeders.

PRICE, of Grain Seeder Complete, = = = \$8.00 PRICE, of Grain Seeder Hopper only, = = = 4.00

Send for Descriptive Catalogue.



PIERCE'S IMPROVED GAHOON'S PATENT

BROADGAST SEED SOWER.

For Sowing Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat, Grass Seed, etc.

This hand machine sows from Four to Eight Acres per hour, at a common walking gait.

A saving of four-fiths of the labor, and one-third of the seed used in hand sowing is effected by using this machine. A person entirely unused to sowing by hand can use it with perfect success. War-

Eclipse Corn Planter and Fertilizer Distributor Combined.

Descriptive Circulars furnished upon application,

For Planting Field or Ensilage Corn, Beans, Peas, or Beet Seed in Hills, Drill or Check.

It is the only Planter that will accurately distribute all Commercial Fertilizers, wet as well as dry, Pulverized Hen Manure, Plaster, Ashes and other Fertilizers of like Consistency, with a CERTAINTY,

C. & J. Net Cash Price,

\$20.00

ranted to give perfect satisfaction.





Automatic Hand Corn Planter.

Plants as fast as a person can walk.

Simple and well made.

Price,

\$2.00

"PLANET JR." TOOLS.

Space will not permit our showing and describing all of the "Planet Jr." tools, but we will send a fully illustrated catalogue FREE FOR THE ASKING to any who desire it. "Planet Jr." goods are standard machines; the best.

You can rely on getting a bottom price from us on any of the "Planet Jr." goods.

. This new tool will be a delightful surprise to every gardener. We all know that a seed sower that does not drop in hills is fast becoming a thing of the past, for there are few now who do not wish to plant beans, spinach, salsify, carrots, turnips, parsnips and beets in hills. This means that nowadays a seed sower should drop in hills, and at various distances. The new No. 5 "Planet Jr." drops at 4, 6, 8, 12 and 24 inches apart, and also in a continuous row, without injury to the seed, and can be changed from hill to drill instantly, or from one distance to another very quickly. Its capacity is four quarts; a model of ingenuity, strength and durability. It has a 16½ inch wheel with broad face, is very light running, is large, yet will sow a single paper of seed perfectly or drop it accurately in hills.

"PLANET JR." No. 5

SEEDER
For Rows and Hills

PRICE, \$12.50



This is exactly the same style of seeder as the No. 5 "Planet Jr." Hill Dropper, smaller in capacity, though still of good size, holding two quarts. The Drill is detached and the tool frame substituted BY MOVING BUT ONE BOLT. It then becomes one of the most admirable Single Wheel Hoes of the "Planet Jr." family.

PRICE, Complete, = \$10.00 PRICE, as a drill only, 8.00

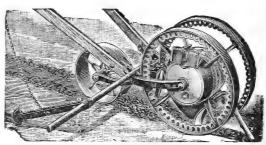
The "Planet Jr." No. 2 Seed Drill.

THIS TOOL IS KNOWN THE WORLD OVER. and with the exception of the "Planet Jr." Hill Dropping Drills is the most perfect drill known. It holds two and one-half quarts.

The drill sows in an even, regular stream, whether there is much or little in the hopper.

PRICE, \$7.00



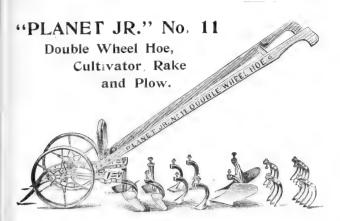


This has long been the most popular combined tool made. As a seed sower it is identical with the No. 2 "Planet Jr." Drill, except in size, and has all its merits, its strength, durability, ease of operation and perfection of work.

From a drill it is changed to its other uses by unscrewing but two bolts, when any of the attachments shown in the cut can be quickly made ready for use.

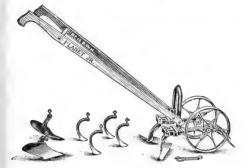
PRICE, = \$9.00

THE "PLANET JR" FARM and GARDEN IMPLEMENTS.



This tool combines in itself the good points of its predecessors with valuable new ideas. It has II inch wheels, which can be set at four different distances apart; the frame is malleable, with ample room for tool adjustment, and can be set at three different heights. The arch is of stiff steel, unusually high. The design of the frame is novel, allowing all changes of tools to be made without removal of the nuts from the standards. A pair of model rakes and a pair of new style hoes are added to the usual equipment—seven pairs of tools in all. The whole set shown in the cut goes with the complete tool.

Price, \$8.50

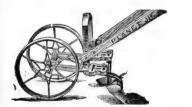


"PLANET JR." No. 12

Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.

This tool is identical with No. 11, except that it has a less complete equipment, as shown in the cut.

Price, \$6.50



THE "PLANET JR." No. 13

Price. - - - \$4.25



"PLANET JR." No. 16

SINCLE WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR, RAKE and PLOW

Price, = = \$5.35

THE "PLANET JR." No. 17 Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.

This also has the same frame, handles, etc., as No. 16, but is supplied only with a pair of 6 inch hoes, a set of cultivator teeth and a plow.

Price, \$4.50



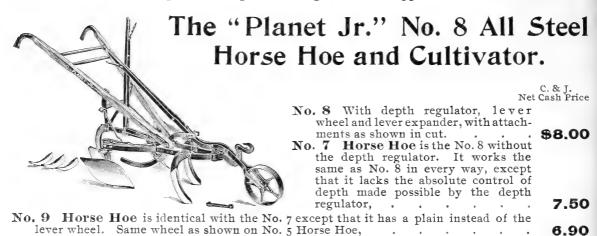
"THE PLANET JR." No. 18 Single Wheel Hoe.

With the same frame and handles as No. 16 it has one pair of 6 inch hoes only.

Price, = = \$3.00

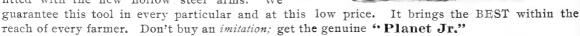
The "Planet Jr." Horse Tools.

Complete Descriptive Catalogue sent on application.



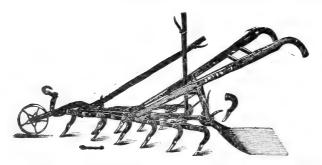
The "Planet Jr." No. 5 All Steel Horse Hoe and Cultivator.

This Horse Hoe is identical, and works in every way the same as the No. 9, except that it has another style of Lever expander, which is simple, effective and strong. The wheel is fitted with the new hollow steel arms. We guarantee this tool in every particular and at the



With Lever Expander and Plain Wheel, - - - PRICE, only, \$6.00

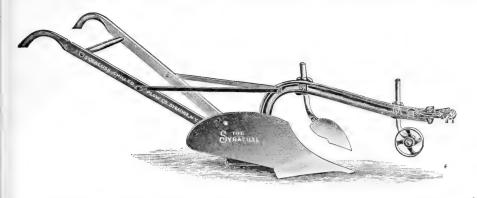
The Twelve Tooth Harrow.



This tool has grown remarkably in favor, owing to its neat and perfect work. The implement is greatly improved; the teeth are much larger and set at a better angle, and the frame is higher from the ground. It is now made with the improved handle braces, which so stiffen the frame and handles as to make it seem twice as strong as ever, while the handles not only change in height to suit everybody, but also sidewise.

The "PLANET JR." Twelve Tooth Harrow, Cultivator and Pulverizer. Price, plain, \$5.30; with wheel, \$6.40; complete, \$8.00.

SYRACUSE STEEL=BEAM PLOWS.

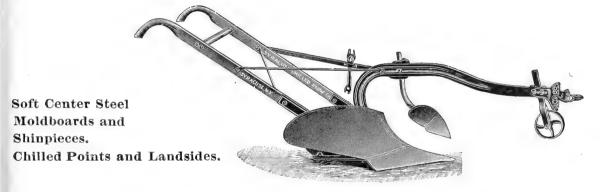


Soft Center Steel Moldboards and Landsides. Chilled Points.

Superior turning qualities. Will turn a furrow smoothly up or down on sloping land. Work-manship and material of the very best grade and quality obtainable.

Manufacturers' C & I's Net

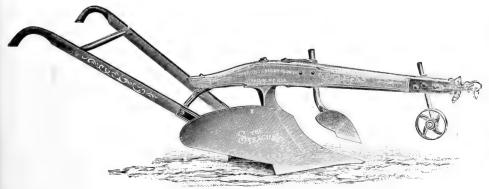
	List Prices	Cash Prices
No. 31. Soft Center Steel, Large, full trim,	\$18.00	\$15.25
No. 32. Soft Center Steel, Medium, Two-horse, full trim,	17.50	14.75
No. 402. Chilled, Medium, Two-horse, full trim,	14.00	11.50
No. 403. Chilled, Light, two-horse, full trim,	13.00	10.75



A new series of General Purpose Steel Plows of excellent turning qualities for all soils. High landsides; shoes and shinpieces separable. Steel jointer and wheel standards.

			List Prices	Cash Prices
No. 442. No. 443.	Soft Center Steel, Large, full trim, Soft Center Steel, Medium, Two-horse, full trim,	,	\$18.00 17.00	$$15.00 \\ 14.00$

SYRACUSE WOOD=BEAM PLOWS.

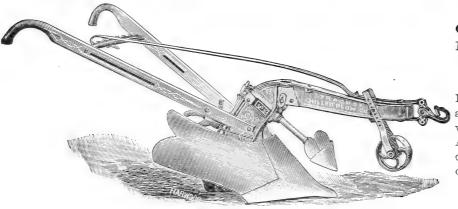


Soft Center Steel Moldboards Chilled Points, Landsides and Shinpieces.

		Manufacturers' List Prices	C & J's Net Cash Prices
No. 682.	Soft Center Steel, Medium, Two-horse, full trim,	\$15.50	\$13.00
No. 51L.	Chilled, Light, One-horse, Plain,	6.50	5.50
No. 52L.	Chilled, Medium, One-horse, Plain,	7.50	6.25
No. 53L.	Chilled, One or Two-horse, Wheel and Jointer,	11.50	9.50
	v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v	inimian on wikeol	

Nos. 51L and 52L are not furnished with a shinpiece, jointer or wheel.

SYRACUSE IRON-BEAM SWIVEL PLOWS.



Cast or Steel Moldboards.

One of the best Hillside Plows made, and will do excellent work on level land. Automatic jointer or coulter. Side-shifting clevis. Spring latch.

Manufacturers'
List Prices.
\$15.00
17.75

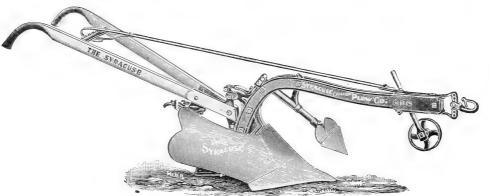
C. & J.'s Net Cash Prices, \$12.25 14.75

The work of the Syracuse Swivel com-

pares well either in sod land or old ground, with that of the best Landside Plow, doing away with all dead furrows or ridges.

No. 60. Chilled, full trim, No. 60. Soft Center Steel, full trim,

SYRACUSE STEEL=BEAM SWIVEL PLOW.



Steel Truss Beam.

Side Shifting Handles.

New Spring Foot Latch.

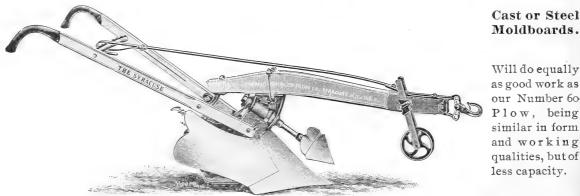
Manufacturers'
List Prices.
\$16.50
16.00

C. & J.'s Net Cash Prices. \$13.50 13.00

No. 811. Chilled, full trim, No. 812. Chilled, full trim,

Solid Steel Moldboards furnished for Nos. 811 and 812 at an advance of \$1.25 each.

SYRACUSE WOOD-BEAM SWIVEL PLOW.



Automatic Jointer.

Adjustable Handles.

Side-shifting Clevis.

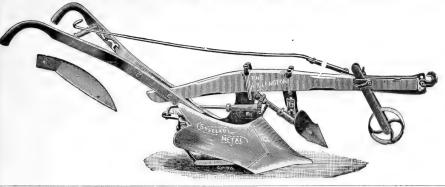
Spring Latch.

Manufacturers'
List Prices.
\$15.00

C. & J.'s Net Cash Prices. \$12.25

No. 912. Chilled, full trim,

THE ARLINGTON SWIVEL PLOW.

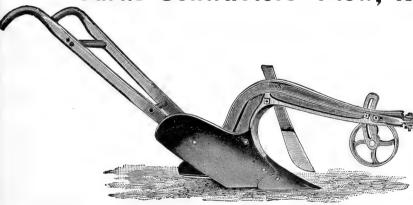


FOR ALL
KINDS OF
WORK ON
FLAT LAND
OR SIDE
HILL.

			Cadwell & Jones' Net Cash Prices.								
Number of Plow.	Description.		Plain.	With Wheel.	Wheel and Coulter.	Wheel and Jointer.					
27 29 30	One-horse, Medium two-horse, Large two-horse, .	•	\$ 6.70 9.60 10.50	\$ 7.50 10.50 11.25	\$ 8.40 11.70 12.50	\$12.20 13.00					

Steel Moldboards furnished for No. 29 at an advance of \$1.25 on the above.

Curtis Contractors' Plow, No. 20.



This Plow is particularly adapted for Contractor's use, Grading, Roadwork and Digging Cellars.

It has a short heavy iron beam reinforced on each side with a heavy rib—it is also heavily trimmed, wheel, cutter, etc.

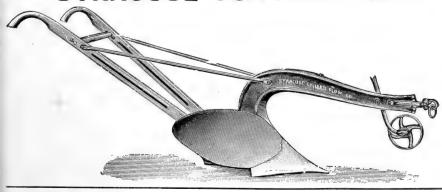
For farm work where the plowing requires a heavy team and strong

plow, it is superior, running steadily and turning a full furrow in the worst possible places.

C. & J.'s Net Prices: Plain, \$0.75; Wheel, \$11:00; Wheel and Cutter, \$12.25.

c. & J. S Net Prices. Plain, \$9.75, Wheel, \$11.00, Wheel and Cutter, \$12.25

SYRACUSE CONTRACTORS' PLOW.



Hard Iron Wearing Parts. Extra Heavy Iron Beam, Point and Strip. Steel Wheel Standard. Will turn a furrow 5 to 9 in. deep, and 12 to 15 inches wide. An Excellent Plow for General Grading Purposes

No. 1. Contractors with Wheel, C. & J.'s Net Cash Price,

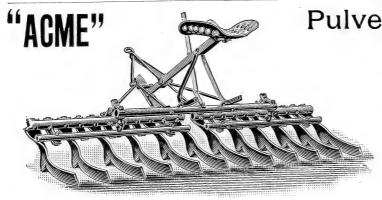
\$13.00.



Adapted for tearing up Cobblestones or Macadam Pavements.

No. 98. C. & J.'s Net Cash Price,

\$24.00.



No. 23 Acme Harrow

Pulverizing Harrow, Clod Crusher and Leveler

Size No. 23, for two horses, has a wrought iron tubular bar, to which is attached two gang bars which can be used either flexible or rigid, each provided with six curved cast steel Coulters supplemented by flat cast steel Crushing Spurs. The forward half of each Coulter is curved to the left, while the rearward half is curved to the right, thus forming a

DOUBLE GANG. By this arrangement of the Coulters, the whole surface of the ground is cut, lifted and turned. Works 6½ feet wide.

C. & J.'s NET CASH PRICE, \$16.00.

The Yankee Pulverizer.

COMBINING LATE IMPROVEMENT IN DISC HARROWS.



PATENT BUFFERS, DIRECT DRAFT, PATENT SHIFTING LEVER, PATENTED RECIPROCATING SCRAPER ATTACHMENT.

Descriptive Circulars furnished upon Application.

Twelve Steel Discs, 16 inches diameter, cuts 6½ feet wide plain. Price, \$18.00. Extra for Scraper Attachment, \$2.50; Extra for Neck York, Whiffletrees and Evener, \$2.50,

Harrows are always shipped knocked down, and unless otherwise ordered, without Scraper Attachment or Whiffletrees, Eveners and Neck Yoke.

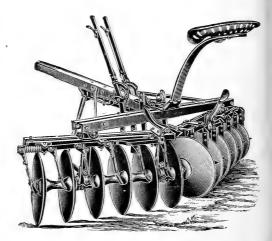
Syracuse Steel Frame Disc Harrow OR CUT OUT.

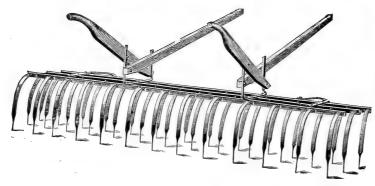
For Crushing Clods, Pulverizing Baked Clay Land, or Cutting up Sod Ground no HARROW Rivals the New SYRACUSE.

12-16 in. ROUND Disc cuts 6 1-2 ft. wide, Price, \$25.00

12-16 in. CUT Discs cuts 6 1-2 ft. wide, Price, \$27.00.

Always furnished complete with Scrapers, Evener, Whiffletrees and Neck Yoke.





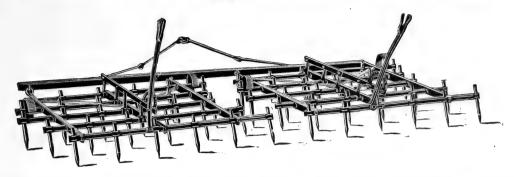
Hallock's Success Weedera Cultivator

Teeth guaranteed for one year, all breaking replaced free of charge.

Price, = \$8.50

Works 71/2 feet wide.

The Steel Age Lever Harrow.

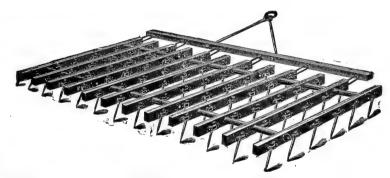


Each section is made with five channel steel bars and three cross bars, making a very strong Harrow that will stand the rough work required of Harrows used in New England. Each section has 30 %-inch Square Steel Teeth, made from extra hard tough stock, which with the levers, may be adjusted to any desired angle.

One Section with Evener for one horse, . . Net Cash Price, \$7.00

Two Sections with Evener for two horses, . . Net Cash Price, 14.00

Clipper Smoothing Harrow.



The teeth are 9-16 round, and are attached to the side of the bars by a malleable clasp, and are so arranged that by hitching to one end of the harrow the teeth pull slanting, as shown in the cut. By hitching to the other end, the teeth pull straight.

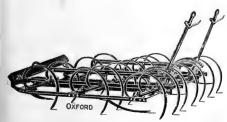
It combines all the principles of two harrows in one.

It is also excellent for cultivating corn, potatoes and other crops when small.

Two Sections Reversible, 48 Round Steel Teeth, . . Net Cash Price, \$9.75

Three Sections Reversible, 72 Round Steel Teeth, . Net Cash Price, 14.00

Oxford Spring Tooth Harrow.



After investigating Spring Tooth Harrows constructed in different forms of frame, and attachments for gauging depth, we have adopted this pattern as the best possible make.

Either gang can be used as a one horse harrow.

Price	with	runner	springs,	for	gauging	depth,	16	tooth.	Net Cash Price,	\$18.25
4.6	4.6	4.6	66	6.6	6.6	44	18	6.6	Net Cash Price,	19.00
One l	Horse	,					8	4.6	Net Cash Price,	9.50
"	4.6		-				9	66	Net Cash Price,	10.00

Lawn Mowers for Season 1904

CYCLE MOWER.

The Perfection of Lawn Mowing Machines.

Equipped with high grade BALL BEARINGS and patent MICRO ADJUSTMENT,

SIMPLE.

LICHT.

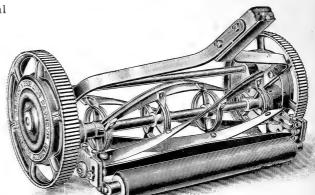
DURABLE and runs almost noiselessly.

No expense spared in quality of material or cost of construction to make it the

BEST to Cut **BEST** to Wear **EASIEST** to Run Easiest to keep in Order.

Guaranteed to give satisfaction to the most critical.

The Driving Wheels are 10 inches in diameter. The Revolving Knives run at very high speed, and are made of the best crucible steel hardened and tempered by an entirely new process. The Pawls are drop forged cast steel, and are warranted to last as long as the pinion and never to slip thereby leaving streaks in the lawn. The Mower runs almost noiselessly.



NET CASH PRICES.

Sizes, Prices.

14 inch. \$7.50 16 inch.

\$8.00

18 inch. \$9.00

20 inch. \$10.00

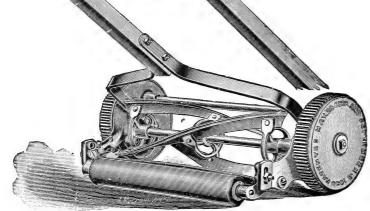
LITTLE GEM AWN MOWER

Cuts high or low grass with the greatest ease and facility. It is easily adjusted and self-sharpening, will not clog, will cut smooth and even. We guarantee every machine, and a single trial will demonstrate that the Little Gem Lawn Mower is better value for the price than any other on the market. Four Sizes.

NET CASH PRICES.

Sizes, 12 in. TA in. 16 in. T8 in. Price. \$4.00 \$4.50 \$5.00 \$5.50 WITH BALL BEARINGS.

Sizes, 12 in. 14 in. 16 in. 18 in. Price. \$5.00 \$6.00



A first-class Lawn Mower at a popular price. Three revolving knives, giving continuous cut. Double-bearing pinion gear and positive ratchet. Flexible lower knife, self sharpening. Made of best materials and fully warranted.

NET CASH PRICES.

12 in. 16 in. \$3.25 \$3.50 \$4.00

High Wheel Universal Lawn Mower. 9 Inch Wheels With Ball Bearings.

Made of best materials and fully warranted. Do not buy a low price Lawn Mower until you have examined the Universal.

NET CASH PRICES.

Sizes.

12 in.

14 in.

τ6 in.

18 in.

Prices,

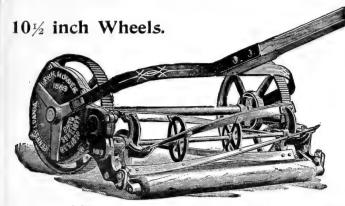
\$5.00

\$5.50

\$6.00

\$6.50

Pennsylvania High Wheel Lawn Mower.



Especially desirable for large grounds with either the finest lawns or with rough and unwieldy grass, wild overgrowth or irregular grounds, cutting the grass when 6 to 10 inches high, and equally good on the most velvety awns with grass from 2 to 4 inches high.

NET CASH PRICES.

Size,	15 inch,		\$11.00
Size,	17 inch,		12.25
Size,	19 inch,		13.75
Size,	21 inch,		15.00

"PENNSYLVANIA JR." with Ball Bearings The Furnished at an advance of 75 cents on the above.

Lawn and Garden Rollers.

Rollers are almost indespensable in the making and maintenance of good lawns and putting greens on golf links, also for rolling seed beds, walks and drives. The sections are perfectly smooth and round, fitted with steel axles and thoroughly braced handles which are so balanced as to always stand erect when not in use.

PRICE LIST. Diameter.

20 inches,

24 inches.

Track.

24 inches,

24 inches,

2 Sections,

2 Sections,

Field o	or	Land	Rol
		The Field Roller or compacting the sog too free circulat	oil around sh
	su hi	irface, thus hasteningh carbon steel, 13/4 the sections. The	ng germinatio inch diamet



lers.

Weight,

340 lbs.,

435 lbs.,

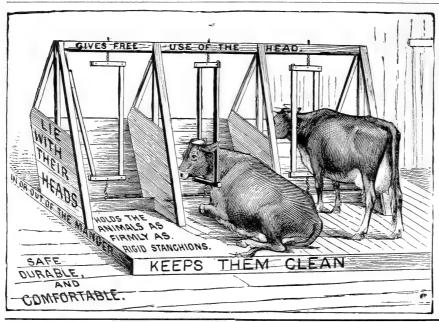
seful for crushing clods, also nallow covered seeds preventoringing the moisture to the ion. The axles are made of ter, fitting closely the holes ugh is' oak attached to the axles with WROUGHT STEEL hangers all nicely finished and painted.

FOR ONE HORSE, WITH SHAFTS.

4 Sections, 48 in. track, 24 in. diam., 830 lbs., \$30.00

FOR TWO HORSES.

6 Sections, 72 in. track, 24 in. diam.. 1270 lbs., \$41.25



The Chain-Hanging

Cattle Stanchion.

The most Practical Cattle Fastener Ever Invented.

Do not fail to examine them. They have no equal, either in ease or convenience.

C. & J. Net Cash Price,

\$1.15 each.



Rice's Calf Weaner and Sucking Cow Muzzle

For Preventing Calves and Cows Sucking Themselves or Each Other.

PRICES-

No. 1. For Calves till one year old, 30 cents; by mail postpaid, 35 cents.

No. 2. From one to two years old, 50 cents; by mail postpaid, 56 cents.

No. 3. For full grown animals and self-suckers, 75 cents; by mail postpaid, 85 cents.



Milk or Cream Bottles

PER DOZ. 50 cents One-half pint, 60 One pint, One quart, With Tin Tops, 10c. per doz. extra.

> Milk Bottle Brushes 15 Cents Each.

Milk Bottle Carriers

4 quarts 60 cents 75 cents

6 quarts Sest Waxed, Number 1 and 2, 25 cents per 1,000. MILK BOTTLE CAPS Patent Health Caps, Number 1 and 2, 35 cents per 1,000.



The BLANCHARD CHURN.

This justly celebrated Churn combines more desirable qualities than any other make or kind. It has never een beaten in any fair competitive trial, either in quantity or quality of butter made.

PRICE LIST OF FAMILY SIZES.

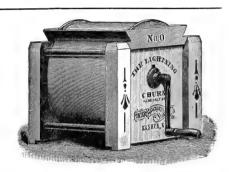
											NEL	Filees
No.	3	will	churn	up	to	2	gallons	of	cream,	-	-	\$4.5 0
No.	4	66	6.6	6.6	•	4	6.6	66	6.6	-	-	5.50
No.	5	6.6	6.6	6.4		8	46	6.6	4.6	-	-	6.50
No.	6	46	6.6	66	1	2	6.6	6.6	6.6	-	-	8.00
No.	7	66	6.6	4.6	1	6	6.6	66	6.6	-	-	9.50

The Lightning Churn.

Owing to the demand for a Churn embodying the same general principles as the "Blanchard," but of cheaper materials and construction, the "LIGHTNING" was placed upon the market.

SIZES AND PRICES.

										Nei	Prices
No.	0 wi	ll churn	2	gallons,	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$2.10
	1		3	66	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,35
No.	2	4.6	4	6.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.80
No.	21/2	6.6	5	66	-	-	-	-	~	_	3.25





Varnished Cylinder Churn.

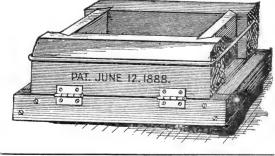
Designed for those having a small dairy.

											TAC	. Files
No. 0,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1.75
No. 1,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.90
No. 2,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	2.25
No. 3,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.85

Ayers' Patent Butter Mould.

Directions For Using,

Press the butter into the mould with the presser. When the mould is full, raise the wire binder and turn down the hinged sides, which leaves the butter between the end pieces. You then raise the end pieces (one with each hand) with the butter between them, and place the butter on a plate with the stamped portion up. The end pieces are then removed and the operation is complete.



Price, - - - \$1,00

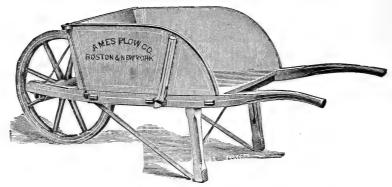
Milking Tubes For Milking Cows with Sore or Obstructed Teats



They are made of the best white metal heavily plated with coin silver, and are in all respects equal to solid silver ones at one-quarter the cost. Prices postpaid by mail.

No. 1, 25 cents. No. 2, 35 cents. No. 3, 45 cents. Per Set (3), one each size, \$1.00

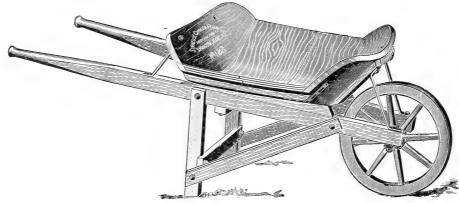
WHEELBARROWS.



"HARTFORD." Best Quality, Painted Light Color Bodies and Red Wheels, Striped and Varnished.

NET CASH PRICES. FULL SIZE—EIGHT SPOKE. \$3.75 No. 3. Small. No. 4. No. 5. Medium, 4.254.75Medium, "CHARTER OAK." Painted Green with Scroll on Sideboards. 5.25No. 6. The Nos. 4, 5 and 6 has Eight Spoke Iron Hub Wheels on Steel Axles. NET CASH PRICES. \$3.75 No. 4.7.7.8 Medium, No. 5. Medium, 4.25No. 6. Large, 4.75

RAILROAD OR CANAL BARROWS.



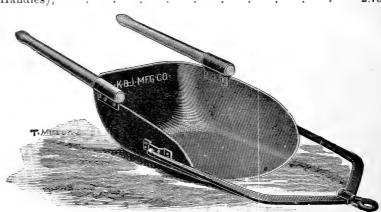
Common Bolted,				,	,		\$1.75
Full Bolted, Wood Wheel, with Iron Hub, .							2.00
Steel Tray and Wheel (with wood Handles).							2.75

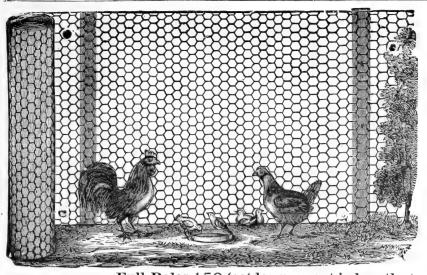
SOLID STEEL
DRAG SCRAPERS
WITH STEEL RUNNERS.

The best and most durable Scraper for contractors and road work.

				Ne	t Prices
No. 0.	Capacity	10	cubic	ft.	\$13.00
No. 1.	- 44	7	6.6		7.50
No. 2.	6.6	5	66		7.25
No. 3.	6.6	3	6.6		7.00

Wheel Scrapers. Prices and Catalogue upon application.





GALVANIZED POULTRY NETTING.

Made with three strand rope selvages and galvanized after being twisted.

Full Bales 150 feet long, or cut in lengths to suit.

2	inch	Mesh,	in	Widths,	12-18-24-30-36-4	8-60	and	72 in	ich,	-	-	-	_	Lowest	Market	t Price.
					12-18-24-30-36,											
1	66	6.6		6.6	12-18-24-30,	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	6.6	6.6	6.6
3/4	inch	Galva	niz	ed Netti	ng Staples, abou	it 50	0 to 1	the II	b.,	-	-	-	-	6.6	6.6	6.6

CALVANIZED STEEL FENCING WIRE.



NEVERSLIP WIRE FENCE STRETCHER.



PRICE, 75 cents.



MOUNTED GRINDSTONES.

NOVA SCOTIA GRIT.

										PRICE.
No. 1, a	bout	30 in. di	ameter,	~	~	-	-	-	-	\$4.50
No. 2,	6.6	24 in.	5.6	~	-	-	-	-	-	4.00
No. 3,	6.6	20 in.	6.6	-	-	-	-	~	~	3.75

FRENCH, WATSON & CO.'S Superior Cast Steel Manure Forks



E. H. & F. CO.'S SOLID SOCKET HOES.



	2	HOES	NIV	LIA	2 6	01.1	0	10	00	_	2,	1.4	C	
.40		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ide,	Sunnysi
.40		-	-	-	6.6	66			66	66	66	x 3½	9	6 (
.40		-	-	-	6.6	6.6	6.6		6.6	"	66	x 3	9	"
.40		-	-	-	andles,	spruce	blade,	C. S.	ished, (full pol	inch,	$_{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$	v, 8½	Meadow
0.40	ach,	- Ea	-	-	-	-	-	ndles,	ash har	. blade,	C. S	olished,	ull p	Field, fu
	ach,	- E	-							-				

E. H. & F. CO.'S SOLID SHANK HOES.

Field, full polished	, C.	S. bla	ade, as	sh hand	lle,	-		_	-	-	•	w	Each,	\$0.35
Street, or Mortar,	10 x	6 inc	h, full	polishe	ed¶ C.	S.	blade,	6-foot	tash	handles,	-	•		.60
"	9 x	5 "		64		"	6.6	5 "		6.6		-		.55
Ladies' Hoes,	-		-	-	-	_			-	-	-	-		.25
Boys' Hoes, 6-inch	bla	de,	_	-	-	_		-	-	••	-	-		.30

Shovels, Spades and Scoops.



Square Point Shovels.

O. Ames	DI	T andle	paten	t plair	n baek	, soli	d steel,		\$1.00
Hawley's	66	6.6		6.6		66	66		.75
Capital City	66	6.6	6.6	66	44	46	6 6		.60
Long Handle o	f abo	ve, san	ae pric	e as I). H.				.00

Round Point.



O. Ames	D	Handle,	patent	plain	back,	solid	steel,	No. 2			\$1.10
O. Ames	66	44	6.6		66		,	No. 3		·	1.20
Hawleys	6.6	66	66	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6		•	*	.75
Capital City	4.6	6.6	6.6	66	6.6	6.6	66	•	•	•	
Long Handle as	abo	ove, sam	e price	as D	Н			•	•	•	.60

Spades.

O. Ames	D	Handle	, plain	back,	solid	steel,					\$1.00
Hawleys	66	6.	6.6	4.6	66	66					.75
Capital City	6.6	6.6	66	4.6	6.6	66.					.60
Long Handle a	s abo	we san	e nric	o as D	П		•	-	•	•	.00

PICKS AND MATTOCKS.

Railroad Picks.





Adze Eye Mattocks.'

Collins	Co's	Lo	ng C	utte	r,	\$1.10
66	66	Sho	ort	6.6		1.10
Penn'a	Cuti	ter,				.65

Pick Mattocks.

0-111 0 1 1 1 7		_	 						
Collins Co's. Adze Eye,						•			\$1.10
Penn'a Adze Eye,	•	•		1	•		•		.65

GRUB	HOES.
------	-------

Collins Co's,					\$0.90
Penn'a .					.65
Collins' Bog	Hoes,	Special	pattern,	•	1.25



FRENCH, WATSON & CO'S

Superior CAST STEEL GARDEN RAKES.

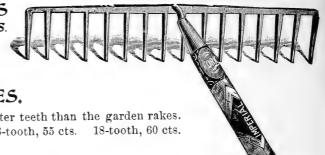
10-tooth, 40 cts.

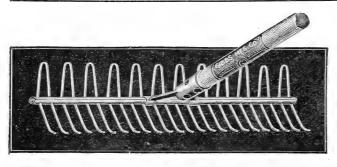
12-tooth, 45 cts.

14-tooth, 50 cts. 16-tooth, 55 cts.

CAST STEEL LAWN RAKES.

This Lawn Rake is finer and has shorter teeth than the garden rakes. 12-tooth, 45 cts. 14-tooth, 50 cts. 16-tooth, 55 cts. 18-tooth, 60 cts.





GIBBS LAWN RAKE.

The TEETH being slightly bent at the ends makes the Rake run smooth, and prevents the points tearing the sod. By reversing the double teeth are used for leaves and rubbish. The handle socket is strong, well braced, and firmly secured to the head.

Handles are selected of ash.

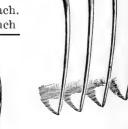
Price, 45 cents.

MANURE HOOKS.

Four-prong, 6 ft. handles, Five-prong,

MPERIAL

55 cents each. 60 cents each



POTATO HOOKS.

Potato Scoops or Seive Shovel.

Price, \$1.50





BUSH HOOKS.

Hart's Pattern, - - - \$0.85 Collins Co's, - - - - 1.00 Bradley, - - - 1.25

Cant Dogs or Hooks.

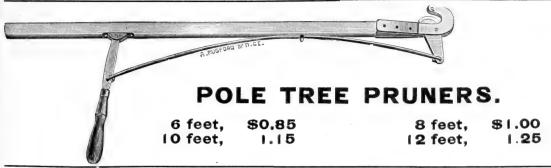


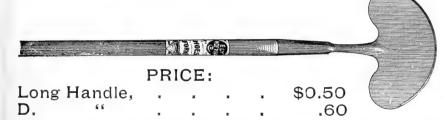
The Lightning Hay Knife

cents.

Solid Steel. Price, 75 cents.

PRUNING SHEARS from 35 cts. to \$2.00 per pair.





SOCKET TURF EDCERS.

SOLID STEEL BLADE AND SHANK.

TROWBRIDGE'S GRAFTING WAX.

1-4 Pound Package, 10 cents.

1-2 Pound Package, 15 cents.

I Pound Package,

30 cents.

Ironclad Water Pots.

Made body and spout in one piece and galvanized after being made.

Price, 4 quarts, 45 cts. 6 quarts, 50 cts. 8 quarts, 60 cts. 10 quarts, 65 cts.

12 quarts, 75 cents. 16 quarts, 90 cents, 20 quarts, \$1.20

FRENCH PATTERN, 6 quarts, \$1.50. 8 quarts, \$1.65.

POT LABELS.

Painted.

Price, per 1000.

4 in. 70 cts. 4 1-2 in. 80 cts. 5 in. 95 cts. 6 in. \$1.20

12 in. 75 cts. per 100, \$6.00 per 1000.

RAFFIA for tying. lb. 20 cts. 5 lbs. 90 cts. 10 lbs. \$1.50 COLORED RAFFIA for Basketry. oz. 5 cts. lb. 60 cts.

Garden Lines.

Garden Reels.

Pruning Saws. Grafting Tools. Pruning Knives.
Grass Hooks.

Grass Shears.

Border Shears,

Scythe Stones.

OLMSTEAD'S MOLE TRAP, \$1.50



Farm, Garden and Lawn Requisites



1/4 lb., 1/2 lb. I lb. and 2 lb. boxes, lowest market prices.



One pound box, 20c.



One pound box, 17c.



Hammond's Slug Shot.

AN INFALLIBLE INSECTICIDE. Destroys insects injurious to House and Garden Plants, Shrubs, Trees, Vines, Vegetables and Fruits of all kinds. This preparation, though poisonous to insects, does not injure the foliage in the least, and acts in some measure as a fertilizer to the plants. It is used in two ways, either dry in powder duster or bellows or mixed with water and thus sprayed or sprinkled over plants or trees.

5 lb. Package, 25 cts. 10 lb. Package, 50 cts. 100 lbs., \$4.50.

HELLEBORE, POWDERED WHITE.

For all insects. Less poisonous then Paris Green, and safer to use when fruits or vegetables are nearly ripe.

¼ lb. Package, 10 cents. ½ lb. Package, 15 cents. 1 lb. Package, 25 cents.

BUG DEATH.

Is a non-poisonous Powder that effectually takes the place of Paris Green and other dangerous insects powders.

It is sure death to the Potato, Squash and Cucumber Bugs, Currant and Tomato Worms; also other plant-eating pests.

1 lb. Package. - 15c.

5 lb. Package, - - 50c.

3 lb. Package, - 35c.

12½ lb. Package, \$1.00.

100 lb. Keg, - \$7.00.

TOBACCO DUST.

Dark Tobacco is strong in nicotine; nicotine kills. If dusted on while the foliage is moist it destroys rose lice, cabbage and turnip fleas, etc.

1 lb. 10c., 5 lbs., 30c., 10 lbs., 50c. 50 lb. bag, \$1.75.



LIQUID BORDEAUX MIXTURE.

Directions: To One Gallon Mixture add. 20 Gallons Water.

Price, 1 Quart Can, 30c, 1 Gallon Can, 85c. 5 Gallon Can, \$3.00.

Whale=Oil Soap.

For washing trees and destroying all insects on the bark, Mixed at the rate of I lb. to 4 gallons of water, it will rid cabbage, rose bushes, peach trees, etc., of the aphides that so often infest them.

Per 1 1b. box, 15c. 5 1bs., 60c. 10 1bs., \$1.00.





Farm, Garden and Lawn Requisities.

DISTRIBUTES Paris Green, London Purple, Hellebore, Sulphur, Lime, Dry Bordeau Mixture, Dry Bordeaux Mixture and Paris Green Compound, etc.

Dusts Potato Vines as fast as you walk, two rows at a time.

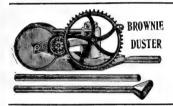
Price, - \$5.50

PERFECTION SHAKER.



Especially adapted for applying Bug Death, Slug Shot, Paris Green, and other powders.

Price, - 65c.



THE BROWNIE DUSTER.

This duster does the same work as the Improved Little Giant illustrated above—but of much less capacity.

Two 16-inch tubes and one spread nozzle furnished with each Duster. Machine weighs complete 3½ lbs. One packed in a case.

Reservoir holds 1/2 lb. Paris Green.

Price, \$3.50

Powder Bellows.

For distributing all insecticides in their dry state, -Pure Paris Green, Hellebore, Bug Death, etc. It is very effective in



is very effective in the destruction of Potato Bugs, Current Worms and all like pests.

Price, \$1.00

CYCLONE SPRAYER.

This Sprayer is particularly adapted for indoor use, for house plants, in conservatories, etc., as well as outside. It is largely used by tobacco growers for dampening tobacco while sorting, also for spraying disinfectants in poultry houses, stables, etc.

Price, Tin. 50c.

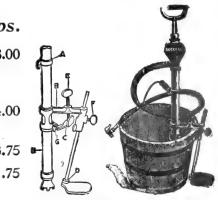
Brass, \$1.00.





Prize.

Brass Spray Bucket Pumps.



Success.



The EMPIRE KING Spraying Pump.

Will Spray 200 Trees per Hour.

Has Automatic Mechanical Agitator, which ensures the perfect mixing of the Poison and water, and an Automatic Brush for keeping Strainer clean.

You Cannot Scorch the Foliage with this Pump. Has a Seamless Brass Cylinder 2½ inches inside diameter, 8 inches long, with Solid Brass Plunger and Rod, Brass Valves without Leather or Rubber, and Brass Screw Spout with Stop Cock. Send for descriptive Catalogue.

Price with One 10 ft. lead of Hose, One Niagara or Vermorel Nozzle and 50 Gallon Barrel, \$13.00.

Without Barrel, \$11.00.

Fitted with Double Spout, Two 10 ft. Leads of Hose and Two Niagara or Vermorel Nozzles, \$2.50 extra.

"AUTO-SPRAY."

A Self-Operating or Automatic Sprayer.

Nothing but Galvanized Steel and Solid Brass or Copper used with 4-ply Rubber Hose—nothing to rust or corrode.

Eight to ten strokes of Plunger in air chamber will compress enough air to discharge the entire contents and make a continuous spray for ten minutes. This means that the Sprayer can be charged in fifteen seconds, when it will work uninterruptedly long enough to spray a quarter-acre of potatoes.

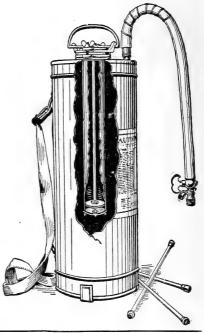
long enough to spray a quarter-acre of potatoes.

For spraying tall trees, we furnish Brass extension piping in

24-inch lengths, each fitted with coupling.

PRICES.

No. 1, Brass Tank, (this is recommended)	\$6.00
No. 1, Galvanized Steel Tank,	4.50
With the "Auto-Pop" and "Anti-Choke"	
Nozzle add	1.00
Extension Pipes, 2 foot lengths, solid brass,	.35





PRICE, TIN, 35 Cts.

The LITTLE WONDER SPRAYER.

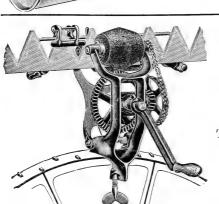


BEVEL STONE.

The Best Grinder on the Market for sharpening mower knives.

Grinds from heel to point of section.

Price, \$4.50



Cyphers' Incubators.

Positively Self-Regulating, Self-Ventilating and Requires No Supplied Moisture.

"THE STANDARD HATCHER OF THE WORLD."

With an array of competitors whose name is legion, in the short space of a few year the Cyphers. Incubators have taken the front rank as practical hatchers. The Cyphers is the original and only genuine Non-Moisture and Self-Ventilating Incubator.



The diffusive principle in successful artificial incubation was discovered by Mr. Chas. A. Cyphers, and to-day these are the only machines that are or can be lawfully equipped with Cyphers' Patent Felt Diaphragms, which does away entirely with supplied moisture, preserving the natural moisture in the egg, thus preventing the great mortality of chicks in the shell so common to other machines.

The Cyphers' Double Action Regulator used in these incubators is the most substantial, sensitive and positive in action of any in existence and will regulate the temperature to a fraction of a degree. The thermostat is composed of Aluminum and Steel and more money is expended on it than any otner practical device on the market, though not a cent wasted.

Materials used in Construction of the Cyphers Incubator are thoroughly kiln dried pine, mortised, subtenoned, glued and screwed together, packed with ten alternate layers of cotton batting and strawboard, thus no air can possibly pass through and carry off the heat by diffusion.

It is covered with an Asbestos jacket the walls of which are two inches thick with dead air spaces between, which preserves the heat and at the same time keeps the outside of the heater so cool that the wood at that end of the machine is barely warm.

The trays and method of turning the eggs are the most improved. The Cyphers is guaranteed to produce larger, stronger and more chicks from a like number of fertile eggs, during three trials, than any other incubator on the market.

If you are in search of the latest patented, most durably built and best practical incubator manufactured to date, the one that will hatch "the largest number of the strongest and healthiest chicks or ducklings," the Cyphers is that machine.

Illustrated descriptive circulars mailed free, or call and examine the machines personally.

Price List. Cyphers' Incubators.

No. 0. Incubator, 60 Egg Capacity, \$14.00 | No. 2. Incubator, 220-Egg Capacity, \$29.00 No. 1. "120 " 20.00 No. 3. " 360 " " 37.00

CYPHERS' THREE-COMPARTMENT BROODER, (Style A.)

Next to its incubator, the Cyphers Company prides itself on the three-compartment outdoor brooder it manufactures. We unhesitatingly pronounce this to be the best brooding device on the market for either indoor or outdoor use, regardless of price.



It is the largest single-flock brooder ever placed on the market.

It is rain-proof and storm-proof, having heavy tin-covered roofs which are hinged lids, through which both chick chambers may be reached.

It is fire-proof, a Cyphers Safety Brooder Stove being used instead of a lamp, and the entire lower floor of the chick chamber being protected underneath by a solid sheet of galvanized iron, with an air space between it and the wooden floor.

The fumes from the brooder stove cannot pass into the chick chamber (into either apartment), but are carried out at the sides of the brooder. The surplus brooder stove heat, by warming and drying the soil underneath the brooder, makes the brooder safe and comfortable for the chicks.

The Indoor Brooder, Style B, has the same heating system as the Outdoor, but has no covered run.

Price List of Cyphers' Brooders.

The Improved Cyphers' Sectional Brooders.

The Sectional Brooders are made in three sizes, two, three and four-section. They are all 38 inches wide and 11 inches high.

Each section is three feet long.
There are six heating pipes, substantial and lasting boilers and lamps, The stock is of the best a safety expansion tank, adjustable floors, and heavy felt hover curtains.

They are the most practical and inexpensive hot-water brooders ever designed for indoor use in moderate temperatures.

Prices, Complete and Ready for Service.

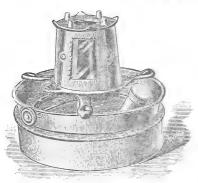
2-Section, \$18.00

3-Section, \$23.00

4-Section, \$28.00

Send for Circulars giving full information about Cyphers' Incubators and Brooders.

The Cyphers' Safety Brooder Stove.



The Cyphers Safety Brooder Stove positively has no The water jacket holds fully a quart of water and extends out over the entire surface of the oil bowl, thus placing a sheet of cold water an inch to an inch and a half in thickness between the oil bowl and the flame jets. By this arrangement all danger of the generation of explosive gases, arising from the top of the lamp or the burner becoming heated is removed, and we have a brooder stove that can be relied on It furnishes twice the heat of an ordinary brooder lamp, and lamps are far from being safe. Cheap lamps are equipped with cheap burners, which will gum up, smoke and thus endanger the chicks. In constructing a home made brooder of any pottern make sure that the fumes and gases arising from the lamp or stove cannot possibly enter the brooding chamber.

Price List.

Each,			\$1.25	Six, .		4		\$7.00
Three,		•	3.60	Twelve,	٠		. •	13.50



SPECIAL RECLINING THERMOMETER.

High Grade Incubator Brooder Thermometers.

The best incubator and brooders manufactured are worthless unless the thermometers therein are correct. Hatches fail in incubators because of inferior thermome-

ters, and large numbers of chickens are lost in brooders owing to defective or worthless thermometers The operators must know accurately the temperature in the egg chamber, and be sure that the chicks in a brooder have the proper amount of heat. The thermometers here listed are guaranteed by the manufacturers to be thoroughly and expertly tested before they are offered to the public.

PRICES:

Cyphers Incubator Thermometers, each, 60 cts. Two, \$1.10 Cyphers Brooder Thermometers, each, 45 cts. Two. .80

"Philadelphia" Galvanized Iron Drinking Fountains.



The cut illustrates our "Philadelphia" Fountains. They are made in two parts, the pan and the cone. They are thus easily pan and the cone. cleaned and filled. All thoroughly galvanized.

Two-quart, each, 35c.; three, \$1.00; six, \$1.75

Four-quart, each, 50c.; three, 1.40; six, \$2.50

Eight-quart, each, 75c.; three, \$2.00; six, \$3.50



MANN'S GREEN BONE CUTTERS.

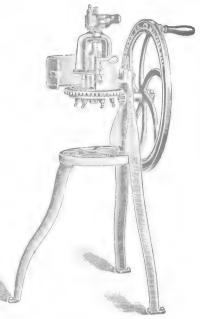
New 1902 Models.



Surpass all others in easy and rapid cutting. They feed automatically and leave both hands free to operate. The feed regulates the power required, so that it cannot run hard. The feed screw is large, and has a coarse thread that will not wear out or crush down or break. The gears are guarded, so that they cannot clog. The cylinder has been enlarged, and takes in a good-size bone. They have specially improved corrugated and adjustable steel knives. They are stron by built, and will not break or wear out.

Price L'st.

No. 5C, (With Crank Handle,) \$6.00
No. 5B, (With Balance Wheel,) 8.00
No. 5BM, (With Balance Wheel
and Iron Stand,) . 10.40
No. 7, (With Balance Wheel,) 12.00
No. 9, (Standard Bone cutter,) 18.40
No. 11, (Combination Power
Cutter,) . . . 26.00



No. 7. \$12.00_

WILSON'S PATENT GRINDING MILLS.

The No. 1 Hand Bune, Shell, and Corn Mill for the Poultryman.

This Mill will grind dry bones, shells all kinds of grain, gravel, stones, old crockery, etc., etc. It is also a splendid machine for the house-keeper for grinding stale bread, cracker dust, root, barks, spices, etc.



CHAMPION BALL BEARING CORN SHELLER.

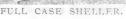
A Cheap Good Sheller that Shells.

It can be set to shell any corn that grows. Set it for pop corn and it will shell pop corn; set it for field corn and it will shell field corn; set it for the largest corn that grows and it will shell the largest corn that grows.

PRICES:

With Full Case, \$2.50

With Half Case, \$2.00



THOMPSON'S JUNIOR BANNER ROOT CUTTER.

Places the breeder in the way of supplying green food for the poultry all the year round. Beets, Turnips, Carrots, Onions, Potatoes, Cabbage, Mangles, and all roots and vegetables reduced and used with profit by the aid of this machine. Price, \$5.00.

Hallock Food and Water Holders

are recommended both as food and water dishes. The tops and bottoms are separable by placing the palm of the hand on top of the upright post, then pressing downward, causing the wires to spread and thus easily releasing the pan. The wires prevent the chicks or fowls from getting into the food or water and soiling it. A saving of 15 to 25 per cent. may be counted on in the soft food with these holders. Upwards of 5,000 of them have been sold.

PRICES.

1-gallon size. \$0.75

2-gallon size. \$1.00

3-gallon size.

\$1.25

CYPHERS X-RAY EGG TESTER.

This is the best cheap, small-sized egg tester on the market. It will fit any ordinary house lamp, and will show you just how the eggs are progressing. For the ordinary user this egg tester meets all requirements.

Price.

25 cents; postpaid, 35 cents.



NEST EGGS. Knox Lice Expelling Nest Eggs.

A Lice Killer and Nest Egg Combined in one. They are Effective. lasting and not expensive. Just the thing for laying hens. Price, 6 cents each, 50 cents per doz.

Porcelain Nest Eggs.

Price, 3 cents cach, 25 cents per doz.

IDEAL ALUMINUM LEG BANDS.

Ideal Aluminum Leg Bands meet with a large sale and give universal satisfaction. They are light, neat, strong and durable, easily and quickly put on, and guaranteed to stay.

No. 2. bands are for Pigeons; No. 4 for Bantams, except Cochin Bantams; No. 6 for Hamburgs, Polish Cochin Bantams and for all birds in the Mediterranean class, except Minorcas. No. 8 for Minorcas, Cornish Indians and Ducks, and all birds in the American class;

No. 10 for birds in the Asiatic class, also Turkeys and Geese.

Prices, by Mail, Postpaid.

12-15 cts.

25-30 cts. 50-50 cts.

100-75 cts.

SHORT CUT CLOVER HAY

Clover Hay is today an absolute necessity with poultry keepers, especially during the long winter months, when the birds are unable to obtain a substitute for the season in the shape of grass and green clover. Our clover is cut to the proper lengths; it is also perfectly sweet and as near pure clover as any brand on the market.

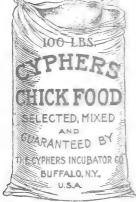
Prices.

50 lb. Bag.

\$1.00.

100 1b. Bag, . . \$1.75.





Cyphers Chick Food is a mixture of many different grains and seeds, so proportioned to the needs of the growing chick that it will be fully nourished. By the term 'fully nourished" we mean a great deal. Most feeding stuffs contain too much fat-forming and not enough bone-forming elements; in consequence, the chick develops indigestion, and diarrhea, which ultimately means no digestion at all, and the chick soon starves to death. Or, if partially nourished, leg weakness develops, and the chick drags out a miserable existence. Price, 50-lb. bag......\$1.50 100-lb. bag.... \$2.50

Cyphers Forcing Food

The Mash Food Specially Designed to Promote Rapid Growth

Where rapid growth is required, as in growing broilers or roasters, a highly concentrated food can be fed and for this work we use and recommend the typhers Forcing Food. This should be fed according to the results desired. That is, if a broiler is to be produced, the chick should be fed up to the limit, so as to make the growth in the shortest possible time. If a roaster is wanted, it should not be forced so rapidly. A roaster has longer to live, its digestive organs have more work to do, and therefore they should not be taxed to the limit of endurance at the earlier stages. Directions for feeding in every bag.

50 lb. bag, \$1.25 Price.

100 lb. bag, \$2.25.



CYPHERS SCRATCHING FOOD.

An Ideal Dry-Grain Mixture-Affords Variety, Promotes Exercise.

If we were to feed laying stock entirely on mash or grain food in bulk, without the use of litter, this practice would cause inactivity and soon result in over-fat fowls that would not lay. Exercise is necessary to produce good digestion, maintain health and insure a heavy egg yield. Remember, too, that breeding fowls cannot be kept vigorous and strong by any method that does not require exercise, and plenty of it. Directions for feeding in every bag.

Prices -50 lb. bag \$1.25, 100 lb. bag \$2.25.

DARLING'S GROUND BEEF SCRAPS.

This particular brand of Beef scrap is prepared with great care. No pork or fat is worked into them to increase the weight Moreover, they are not greasy, but clean and sweet. No brand contains a higher percentage of protein.

Prices - 50 lb. bag \$1.50, 100 lb. bag \$2.75.

CRUSHED OYSTER SHELLS.

As every poultryman recognizes the importance of oyster shells as a shell maker and promoter of good health, it is needless to enlarge upon their value.

Price — Per lb. 2 cts., 10 lbs. 16 cts., 25 lbs. 30 cts., 50 lbs. 50 cts., 100 lbs. 75c.

MANN'S GRANITE CRYSTAL GRIT.

This grit is light in color, entirely free from dust, of a friable nature, which enables it to keep continually sharp under the action of the gizzard. It is made in three sizes: Size X, for brooder chicks and pigeons; XX, for chickens; XXX, for hens, ducks and turkeys.

Price — Per lb. 2 cts., 10 lbs. 16 cts., 25 lbs. 30 cts., 50 lbs. 50 cts., 100 lbs. 75 cts.

LIQUID LICE KILLER.

Paint, Sprinkle, or Spray on Roosts and about the Poultry-House.

On evaporating, the Lice Killer gives off a vapor of the same weight as atmospheric air. This vapor hovers about the body of the fowl, penetrates the feathers, and kills the lice.

The vapor arising is not harmful to fowls, but is really beneficial from its effects in purifying the air in the poultry-house and destroying any germs of disease.

PRICE LIST.

Lee's Liquid Lice Killer — 1 quart 35 cts., 2 quarts 60 cts., 4 quarts \$1.00. Rust's Liquid Lice Killer — 1 quart 35 cts., 2 quarts 60 cts., 4 quarts \$1.00.



RUST'S LICE KILLING POWDER.

Lice on fowls are much more prevalent than is generally supposed and is the most frequent cause of failure in poultry-keeping. The most common and active sort attacks fowls at night and hide in cracks and crevices by day. Fowls and premises should be lice-proof. To accomplish this, dust fowls and nests with Rust's Lice-Killing Powder and paint cracks, crevices, roosts, roost-supports, dropping boards, etc., with our Lice-Killing Paint.

Price - Rust's Lice Killing Powder, per pkg., 25 cents.

For ROUP use Rust's Havens' Roup Pills as directed on each box. Price: Box of 50 Pills, 25c.; Box of 250 Pills, \$1.00 by mail or otherwise.

Conkey's Roup Cure will positively cure roup in all its forms. It is simply put in drinking water and the chicken takes its own medicine. It prevents colds and is unequaled for canker, especially in pigeons.

One 50c. package makes 25 gallons of medicine; \$1.00 package makes 75 gallons of medicine.

RUST'S EGG PRODUCER

Makes Hens Lay when Eggs are High Priced.



A scientific combination of substances which, when assimilated by fowls, produce eggs, plumage, growth and development, exactly as certain foods produce milk in cows, or fertilizers increase crops.

It contains, in addition, valuable tonic and remedial agents, which insure perfect assimilation and robust health, without which the best results cannot be obtained. It makes hens lay in summer and winter.

PRICE: 1 lb. package, 25c.; 2½ lb. box, 50c.; 6 lb. box, \$1.00; 10 lb.

box, \$1.50; 25 lb. box, \$3.50.



CHOLERA, GAPES, Etc.

entire season.

PRICE:-Per lb. 5cts.

Rust's Havens' Climax Condition Powder. Cures Poultry Cholera.

It is a positive preventive and cure for Gapes and Poultry (holera, and a most excellent medicine for young turkeys that have been exposed to weather; also a most excellent medicine for horses, cattle, sheep and hogs. It is not a food, but an honest medicine at an honest price.

PRICE:

Per package, 25c.; large size, 50c.; 51b. box, \$1.00; 8 lb, box, \$1.50; 20 lb. box, \$3.50.



IT MAKES POULTRY RAISING PROTITABLE.

FERTILIZERS

For Lawns, Grass Plots, Kitchen Gardens and Flower Beds.

ESSEX ODORLESS LAWN DRESSING.

This superior dressing is made from chemicals, and is so prepared that it acts gradually throughout the season, producing a luxuriant growth of grass of a rich green color. It is far superior to lumpy, strawy manure, which disrigures the lawn and gives off an offensive odor. It is less expensive than manure, is nearly odorless, and is easily applied. It may be applied at any time during the spring, summer, or autumn, or as often as the grass seems to need nourishment. It is also an excellent fertilizer for the Kitchen Garden, and may be used on all garden crops, vegetables, fruits, flowers, etc., in place of stable manure.

PRICE:—5 lb. boxes, \$0.30 10 lb. boxes, \$0.50. 25 lb. bags, \$1.00. 50 lb. bags, \$1.75. 100 lb bags, \$3.00

SHEEP MANURE.

This is a pure natural manure, and the most nutritious food for plants. Its effect is immediate much more lasting and healthy than guano or any other manure. It is the best of all manures for mixing with the soil for greenhouse plants. It makes the richest, safest, and quickest liquid manure, rivalling guano, without any deleterious effects. For flower or vegetable gardens, and as top dressing for lawns, it is unequalled.

DIRECTIONS.—For mixing with soil, take one part manure to six parts soil. For making a liquid, take one pound manure to five gallous of water, which can be used with safety, daily if necessary. PRICE:—Per lb. 5c. 25 lbs. 75c. 50 lbs. \$1.25. 100 lb. bag, \$2.00.

FINE GROUND KNUCKLE BONE.

We handle a high grade of this valuable Fertilizer, ground from knuckle bone. It is useful for all crops, but especially for lawns and grass lands.

PRICE:—Per lb. 5cts. 25 lbs. 75cts. 50 lbs. \$1.30. 100 lbs. \$2.25. Per ton, \$38.00.

ESSEX COMPLETE MANURE.

For Vegetables. Particularly adapted for the requirement of the kitchen garden, to furnish plant food during the

100 lb. bag, \$2.50.

50 lbs. \$1.35.

25 lbs. 75cts.

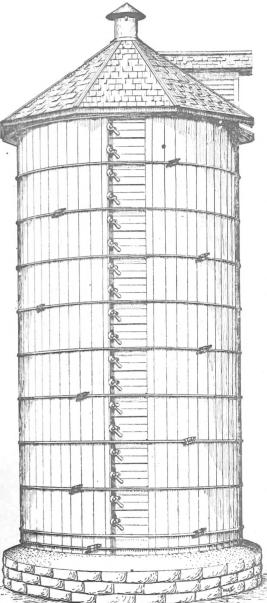
For Corn, Grain and Grass.

PRICE:-Per lb. 5cts. 25 lbs. 75 cts. 50 lbs. \$1.35. 100 lb, bag, \$2.50.

The Weedsport Silos

Manufactured by

The Abram Walrath Co., Weedsport, N. Y.



Up-to-date for 1904

Points of Excellence:

Continuous opening door-fronts. Interchangeable, removable or sliding doors.

Octagon Shingle Roof.

Ouality of Material used in construction.

Good workmanship throughout.

A high-grade Silo at a reasonable price.

We want your order.

We want your neighbor's order.

If we get your order, we are sure to get his.

because we are confident we can please you.

We do as we agree by a customer.

> Examine our Silo before you buy. We do not expect you will buy ours unless you believe it is as good as there is made. Every order is protected by a guarantee.

SPECIAL Catalogue for 1904, fully illustrated with careful descriptions sent on application by

Abram Walrath Co., Cadwell & Jones, Mfgrs. Agts. Weedsport, N. Y.,

Hartford, Conn.



Aermotor Windmills

For Pumping or Power

Hand Force Pumps For Deep or Shallow Wells

Gasolene and GasEngines



Galvanized Steel and Cypress Ganks—
Pipe and Fittings

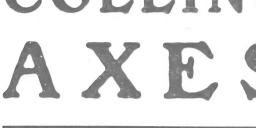
The Denney Improved Hot Air Pumping
Engine

Circular Wood Saws with Steel Frame
Buckley Patent Stock Watering System
Special Oil FOR WINDMILLS and Farm
Machines that will not thicken
in cold weather

Illustrated Catalogue FREE

E. R. CLARK. 49 Oak St., Hartford, Conn.

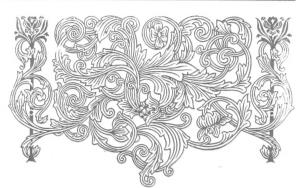
COLLINS AXES





Are made the frombest very materials and with the greatest skill # #







The steel inserted so that all of it is avail= able for cutting pur= poses

Cheap Axes Are made with a thin laver of steel on the outside covering the axe like a piece of folded They are beautiful in appearance but soon wear to soft iron or soft steel. They are often made in fancy shapes that are said to cut so easily that it is only necessary to let them fall on the wood edge down.

ALL SUCH GOODS ARE LOW IN PRICE AND DEAR IN USE.

* THE BEST EVIDENCE AS TO THE VALUE OF *

Collins Axes and Edge Tools

THE FACT THAT MORE OF THESE ARE SOLD THAN ANY OTHER BRAND-

For Sale at Wholesale and Cadwell & Jones

HARTFORD. CONN.

Hartford Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store

GROWERS, IMPORTERS
AND DEALERS



Farm Machines, Farm Implements, Farm Supplies, Dairy Supplies, Poultry Supplies

Hardware, Tools, Woodenware and Cordage.

Fertilizers, Garden and Lawn Requisites.

SEEDS:

Vegelable, Flower, Grass, Clover and Grain



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